

# The Punjab Separation of Judicial and Executive Functions Act, 1964

Act 25 of 1964

Keyword(s): Central Act Amendment, Code of Criminal Procedure, The Police Act

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# 1964 : Pb. Act 25 ] SEPARATION OF JUDICIAL AND EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS

THE PUNJAB SEPARATION OF JUDICIAL AND EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS ACT, 1964.

(PUNJAB ACT NO. 25 OF 1964)

### ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

#### Sections

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- 1. Short title, extent and commencement.
- 2. Amendments to enactments.
- 3. Amendments not to render invalid notifications, orders, etc., issued before commencement of Act.

4. Saving.

- 5. Power to remove difficulties.
- 6. Repcal.

THE SCHEDULE.

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# THE PUNJAB SEPARATION OF JUDICIAL AND EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS ACT, 1964.

(PUNJAB ACT NO. 25 OF 1964)

[Received the assent of the President of India on the 29th September, 1964, and first published for general information Punjab Government Gazette (Extraordinary), Legislative Supplement, of September 30, 1964.]

1	2	3.,	4
Year	No.	Short title	Whether repealed or otherwise affected by Legislation
1964	25	The Punjab Separation of Judicial and Executive Functions Act, 1964	Arnended by the Haryana Adaptation of Laws (State and Concurrent Subjects) Order, 1968 <sup>2</sup> Arnended by Haryana Act 25 of 1972 <sup>3</sup>

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#### Аст

# to provide for the separation of judicial and executive functions in the State of [Haryana]<sup>2</sup>

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Punjab in the Fifteenth year of the Republic of India as follows:----

1. (1) This Act may be called the Punjab Separation of Judicial and Short title, Executive Functions Act, 1964.

extent and commencement.

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(2) It extends to the whole of the State of  $[Haryana]^2$ .

- 1. For Statement of Objects and Reasons, see Punjab Government Gazette (Extruordinary), 1964, pages 935-937.
- 2. See Haryana Government Gazette (Extraordinary), dated the 29th October, 1968, pages 531-567.
- 3. For Statement of Objects and Reasons. see Haryana Government Gazette (Extraordinary), 1972, page 882.

(3) It shall come into force on such \*date as the State Government may by notification specify in this behalf; and different dates may be specified for different areas.

Amendments to enactments.

2. The Central Acts specified in Parts I and II of the Schedule appended to this Act (hereinafter called the Schedule) in their application to the State of 1[Haryana] and the Punjab Acts specified in Part III of the Schedule are hereby amended to the extent mentioned in the fourth column of the Schedule.

Amendments not to render invalid notifications, orders, etc., issued before of Act.

Saving.

3. The provisions of this Act which amend any Act specified in the Schedule so as to alter the manner in which, the authority by which, or the law under or in accordance with which, any powers are exercisable, shall, not render invalid any notification, order, commitment, attachment, by-law, rule or regulation, duly made or issued or anything duly done before the commencement commencement of this Act; and any such notification, order commitment, attachment, by-law, rule or regulation or thing may be revoked, varied or undone in the like manner, to the like extent and in the like circumstances, as if it had been done after the commencement of this Act by the competent authority and in accordance with the provisions then applicable to such a case.

4. (1) Save as provided in this section, nothing in this Act shall be deemed to affeci-

- (a) the validity, invalidity, effect or consequence of anything done or suffered to be done before the date on which the provisions of this Act come into force ;
- (b) any right, privilege, obligation or liability already acquired, accrued or incurred before such date ;
- (c) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred or inflicted in respect of any act before such date;
- (d) any investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment;

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<sup>1.</sup> Substituted for line word "Punjab" by the Haryana Adaptation of Laws Order, 1968.

<sup>\*</sup> The Act shall come into force with effect from 2nd October, 1964 vide Home (Judicial) Department No. G.S.R. 213/P.A. 25/64/S. 1/64, dated Ist October, 1964.

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and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued, or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed in accordance with the provisions of the relevant enactments as amended by this Act.

(2) All legal proceedings pending before a Magistrate or Court on the date on which this Act comes into force shall, if such Magistrate or Court ceases to have jurisdiction in respect of such proceedings under the provisions of the relevant enactments as amended by this Act, stand transferred to the Magistrate or Court having jurisdiction under the provisions of the relevant enactments as amended by this Act and shall be heard and disposed of by such Magistrate or Court and such Magistrate and Court shall have all the powers and jurisdiction thereof as if they had been originally instituted before such Magistrate or in such Court, including the power of the succeeding Magistrate under section 350 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

5. If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, Power to the State Government, in consultation with the High Court, may by order do anything, not inconsistent with such provisions and for the furtherance of the purposes of this Act which appear to it to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of removing the difficulty.

remove difficulties.

6. The provisions of the Patiala and East Punjab States Union Repeat. Judicature Ordinance, 2005 BK (Pepsu Ordinance 10 of 2005 BK), relating to the classes, constitution, powers, practice and procedure of criminal courts are hereby repealed :

Provided that the repeal shall not affect----

- (a) the previous operation of any provision so repealed or anything duly done or suffered thereunder; or
- (b) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under any provision so repealed : or

- (c) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any provision so repealed; or
- (d) any investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid;

and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as if this Act had not been passed :

Provided further that anything done or any action taken under any provision so repealed shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provision of the Code of Crinimal Procedure, 1898, as amended by this Act, and shall continue to be in force accordingly unless and until superseded by anything done or any action taken under the said Code, as amended by this Act. т¢,

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# 1964 : Pb. Act 25 ] SEPARATION OF JUDICIAL AND EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS

## THE SCHEDULE

(See Section 2)

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# PART I --- THE CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE, 1898.

Year	No.	Short title	Extent of Amendment
1	2	. 3	4
1898	V	Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.	1. For section 6, the following shall be substituted namely:
			"6. Besides the Iligh Court and the Court Classes of constituted under any law other than th Criminal courts. Code for the time being in force, there sha be two classes of Criminal Courts in the State of Punjal namely:
			ICourts of Session,
			IICourts of Magistrates.".
			2. After section 6, the following shall be inserted
			namely:
			"A-I. Classes of Magistrates.
<i>/~</i>			6-A. There shall be the following classes of Magistrates, namely:
			i. Judicial magistrates
			(1) Chief Judicial Magistrates.
			(2) Judicial Magistrates of the first class.
		•	(3) Judicial Magistrates of the second class.
		•	(4) Special Judicial Magistrates.
			II. Executive Magistrates
			(1) District Magistrates.
			(2) Sub-divisional Magistrates.
		· ·	<ul><li>(3) Executive Magistrates of the first class.</li><li>(4) Executive Magistrates of the second class."</li></ul>
			3. For section 7, the following shall be substitute namely:
			<ul> <li>"7.(1) The State of Punjab shall consist of session divisions; and every sessions division sha divisions and for the purposes of this Code, be a district or part of a district or consist of districts.</li> <li>(2) The State Government, in consultation with the purpose of the consultation with the purpose of the consultation with the purpose.</li> </ul>
			the High Court, may alter the limits or the number such divisions and districts.
			(3) The sessions divisions and districts existing when the Punjab Separation of Judicial and Executi Functions Act. 1964, comes into force shall be session divisions and division respectively.
			divisions and districts respectively, unless and un they are so altered."

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			4. In section 9.—
	l l		<ul> <li>(i) in sub-section (1), after the words "sessions divisions, and", the words "in consultation with the High Court" shall be inserted;</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>(ii) in sub-section (2), after the words "State Government", the words "in consultation with the High Court" shall be inserted;</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>(iii) in sub-section (3), after the words "may also", the words "in consultation with the High Court" shall be inserted; and</li> </ul>
			(iv) in sub-section (4), after the words "State Government", occurring twice, the words "in consultation with the High court" shall be inserted.
			5. In section 10,—
			(i) in sub-section (1), for the words "a Magistrate", the words "an Executive Magistrate" shall be substituted; and after that sub-section as so amended, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:
			"(1A) In every district the High Court shall invest a Judicial Magistrate of the first class with the powers of a Chief Judicial Magistrate under this Code or any other law for the time being in force.";
			<ul> <li>(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words "any Magistrate of the first class to be an Additional District Magistrate", the words "any Executive Magistrate of the first class to be an Additional District Magistrate" shall be substituted ; and</li> </ul>
			(iii) the marginal heading shall be substituted by the following, namely :
			"District Magistrate and Chief Judicial Magitrate".
			6. For section 12, the following shall be substituted, nemely:
			"12. (1) The State Government may appoint as many
			Executive and Judician Magistrates. Magistrates. Magistrate of the first or second class in any district, and the State Government of the District Magistrate, subject to the control of the State Government, may, from time to time, define local areas within which such persons may exercise all or any of the powers with which they may respectively be invested under this Code.

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	- - -		The High Court may confer on any person who a member of the Punjab Civil Service (Judici Branch) the powers of any class of a Judici Magistrate in any district; and the High Court the Chief Judicial Magistrate, subject to the contr of the High Court, may, from time to time, defi- local areas within which he may exercise all any of the powers with which he may be investor
	10 - 11 - 11 - 10 - 11		under this Code. The State Government, in consultation with the Hig
	بر میں ۱		Court, may, for such period not exceeding six mont from the commencement of the Punjab Separation Judicial and Executive Functions Act, 1964, as it m think fit, appoint as many persons, who are membe
	n in in National A		of the Punjab Civil Servcie (Executive Branch), may be considered necessary to be Judici Magistrates in a: district ; and the State Government, in consultati with the High Court, may define local areas with
	•		which such persons may exercise all or any of a powers with which they may, respectively invested under this Code.
n e popo wy zasuk afairt.	Se tur		Except as otherwise provided by such definition the jurisdiction and powers of such persons sh extend throughout such district.
(A) Construction of the second sec	CLA <u>COR</u> KI NUMBER (M M M MS (MK)		The power of appointment of Judicial Magistra under sub-sections $(2)$ and $(3)$ shall, on the iss of a public notification under Article 237 of t constitution of India, be exercised subject to t terms of the said notification."
Bar the Case of the Area		Magi	7. in sub-section (1) of section-13, for the wo istrate", the words "Executive Magistrate" sh pstituted.
•			<b>8.<sup>7</sup></b> For section 14, the following shall tuted, namely:—
<ul> <li>A second s</li></ul>	2000 - 30 	n son a rodo 1. m so 1	"

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-	:	by the State Government by notification in the Official Gazette, all or any of the powers conferred or conferable by or under this Code on a Judicial Magistrate in respect to
-	: , .	particular cases or to a particular class of cases, or in regard to cases generally in any local area. Such Magistrates shall be called Special Judicial Magistrates and shall be
•	. · · . . ·	appointed for such term as the State Government may, in consultation with the High Court, by general or special order direct."
		For sub-section (1) of section 15, the following substituted, namely:—
		<ol> <li>The High Court may direct any two or more Judicial Magistrates in any place in the State of Punjab to sit together as a Bench, and may</li> </ol>
		by order invest such Bench with any of the powers conferred or conferable by or under this Code on a Judicial Magistrate of the firs or second class, and direct it to exercise such
 5- i) t - i,	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	powers in such cases, or, such classes o cases only, and within such local limits, a the High Court thinks fit."
· · · ·		In section 16,—
n 1997 - Santa Martin, 1997 1997 - Santa Martin, 1997 1997 - Santa Martin, 1997 1997 - Santa Martin, 1997	en a company Solation de la caracteria 1970 - Company	(i) for the words "The State Government may or, subject to the control of the State Government, the District Magistrate", the words "The High Court, subject to the approval of the State Government", shall be substituted; and
an Berling and State State State State State State State	a15 0 0	<ul> <li>(ii) for the words "Magistrates' Benches", the words "Judicial Magistrates' Benches" shall be substituted.</li> </ul>
		. For section 17, the following sections shall be
and the second		ited, namely:
legitur anta Tront di Anta Anta di Anta di Anta	Subord Assista Augusta Magist	17. (1) All Judicial Magistrates appointed unde fination of sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 12 mt Sessions and section 14 and all Benches Judicial constituted under section 15, shall rates and
		subject to the control of the Sessions as Judge Judge be subordinate to the Chief inf Judicial Judicial Magistrate, and he may, from

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the distribution of business among such Magistrates and Benches.

(2) All Chief Judicial Magistrates shall be subordinate to the Sessions Judge.

(3) All Assistant Sessions Judges shall be subordinate to the Sessions Judge in whose Court they exercise jurisdiction, and he may, from time to time, make rules consistent with this Code as to the distribution of business among such Assistant Sessions Judges.

(4) The Sessions Judge may also, when he himself is unavoidably absent or incapable of acting, make provision for the disposal of any urgent application by an Additional or Assistant Sessions Judge or, if there be no Additional or Assistant Sessions Judge, by the Chief Judicial Magistrate, and such Judge or Magistrate shall have jurisdiction to deal with any such application.

17-A. (1) All Executive Magistrates Subordination of appointed under sub-section (1) of section 12 and section 13 Executive Magistrates. shall be subordinate to the District Magistrate and every

divisional Magistrate) exercising powers in a Sub-division shall also be subordinate to the Sub-divisional Magistrate, subject,

Ji. Itime to time, make rules or give special orders consistent with this Code as to the the many and a ditribution of business among the Executive and a subordinate to him and as to allocation of business to an Additional

		ssions and Courts of Judicial and
	Courts inferior to the High Court and Court	Executive Magistrates shall be Criminal courts inferior to
<u> </u>	of Session	the High Court and Courts of

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All and the second second En an autorité de l'autorité de la construction (2) The District Magistrate may, from Ł war uad in an

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2.10  Judicial and Executive Magistrates shall be Criminal Courts inferior to the Court of Session."

12. In section 29-B, for the words "a District Magistrate or a Chief Presidency Magistrate, or by any Magistrate specially empowered by the State Government", the words "a Chief Judicial Magistrate or any other Judicial Magistrate specially empowered by the High Court" shall be substituted.

13. For section 30, the following shall be sub-. . . stituted, namely :---

"30. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 28

Offences punishable with imprisonment not \_ exceeding seven ycars.

or section 29, the High Court may invest any Chief Judicial Magistrate or any other Judicial Magistrate of the first class with power to try as a Judical Magistrate all offences not punishable

with death or with imprisonment for life or with imprisonment for a term exceeding seven years :

Provided that no Chief Judicial Magistrate or Judical Magistrate of the first class shall be invested with groups and such powers unless he has, for not less than ten years, s exercised as a Magistrate powers not inferior to those ""of a Magistrate of the first class."

14. In the marginal heading of section 34, for the provide the substituted. - duz

Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate shall be inserted ; and for the words "Magistrates of the first, second and third classes" the words "Judicial and Executive Magistrates other than Special Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.

e contenen de contene de la Calder with the state of states of the states 16. For section 37 and 38 the following shall be en and the state of the substituted, namely :---

37.4 In addition to his ordinary powers,—

(i) the High Court may invest any Judicial 60000 (1000 - 1000 - 10000) - 836 (1000) - 937) Additional powers Magistrate with any of the powers as and many spaces of the second ad the conferable on specified in Part I of the Fourth u se en transa taleta (4.1070 ° c Magistrates. Schedule : 1111

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Ę	÷., ,	. • •		- - , ,	(ii	any ot his lo	Judicial Magistrate may invest her Judicial Magistrate within relal jurisdiction with the specified in Part I of the Fourth ile ;
			÷.		(iii	Execut powers	te Government may invest any ive Magistrate with any of the s as specified in Part II of the Schedule : and
				• • • . .•	(iv	Execut jurisdic	ict Magistrate may invest any ive Magistrate within his local tion with the powers specified II of the Fourth Schedule.
(					38. The F Exercise of powe section 37 by Ch Judicial Magistr Ustrict Magistr subject to contro Court or State Go	ers under nief ate or nte to be il of High	ferred by clause (ii) of section 37 shall be exercised subject to the control of the High Court and the power under clause (iv) of that section shall be exercised subject to the control of the State Government."
					be inserted, nam "38A. Whenever Powers on Judical O Magistrates to by re- conferred in in consultation with the to High Court	nely : er, under f any lav elating to n lists II a o the Con	88, the following section shall any provisions of this Code or w for the time being in force o any of the matters specified and III of the Seventh Schedule institution, any Judicial powers conferred on a Sessions Judge,
			·		or an Additional Judicial Magistr any Magistrate i such powers, t empowering the	l, or Assi- rate or an s to be sy he order exercise ourt notwi	stant Sessions Judge or a Chief ny other Judicial Magistrate or pecially empowered to exercise s conferring such powers or of such powers shall be made ithstanding that such provision
				-	Explanati the question wh	on.— Fo	r the purposes of this section, y powers are judicial shall be urt and such decision shall be
							(1) of section 39, for the words

18. In sub-section (1) of section 39, for the words "the State Government", the words "the State Government or the High Court, as the case may be", shall be substituted.

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# 334 . SEPARATION OF JUDICIAL AND EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS

1	2	3	4
			19. In section 40, for the words "the State Government", occurring for the second time, the word "the State Government or the High Court, as the case may be," shall be substituted.
			20. In section 41,
ین میں میں	an An Ann An		<ul> <li>(i) in sub-section (1), after the words "the State Government", the words "or the High Court, as the case may be," shall be inserted; and</li> </ul>
		1999 - 1999 1999	<ul><li>(ii) for sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :</li></ul>
	. <b>1</b> 7	••• • •	"(2) Any powers conferred by the Chief Judicial Magistrate or the District Magistrate may be withdrawn by him."
			21. In sub-section (2) of section 57, for the words "a Magistrate", the words "a Judicial Magistrate having jurisdiction" shall be substituted.
·			22. In section 63, for the word "Magistrate" the words "Magistrate having jurisdiction" shall be substituted.
		· . ;;;··.	<sup>22</sup> 23. For sub-section (1) of section 78, the following shall be substituted, namely :
	- 14 -		"(1) A District Magistrate or a Chief Judicial Magistrate or a Sub-divisional Magistrate or any other Judicial Magistrate of the first class may direct a warrant to any land-holder, farmer or manager of land within the area of his jurisdiction for the arrest of any escaped convict, proclaimed offender or person who has been accused of a non-bailable offence, and who has eluded pursuit."
		• •	24. In section 88.—
			(a) in sub-section (2), after the words "District Magistrate", the words "or Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be inserted;
			<ul> <li>(b) in sub-section (6B), after the words "District Magistrate", the words "or Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be inserted;</li> </ul>
			(c) for the proviso to sub-section (6C), the following proviso shall be substituted

#### 1964 : Pb: Act 25

### SEPARATION OF JUDICIAL AND EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS

1	2	3	4
	,	- - -	namely :
		, 1941 - P	"Provided that if it is preferred or made in th
			Court of a District Magistrate, or nay other
			Executive Magistrate, such Magistrate sha
	•	100 - 104 C 202	refer it to the Chiel Judicial Magistrate who sha
			make it over for disposal to any Judicia Magistrate of the first class subordinate to him
		r I	and such Judical Magistrate shall have all th
			powers and jurisdiction in respect of such claim
		·	or objection as if the order of attachment ha
		<i>.</i>	been issued by such Judicial Magistrate an
		·	the claim or objection had been original preferred or made before him".
			25. In section 95, after the words "Distric
			Magistrate", wherever occurring, the words "Chief Judici
•			Magistrate" shall be inserted.
		•	26. In sub-section (2) of section 96, after the word
		•	"District Magistrate", the words "or Chief Judicia
			Magistrate" shall be inserted.
			27. In section 98, after the words "Distric
			Magistrate", wherever occurring, the words "Chief Judici
			Magistrate" shall be inserted.
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	28 In sub-proting (1) of section 106 for the super-
			<ol> <li>In sub-section (1) of section 106, for the word "Court of a Presidency Magistrate, a District Magistrate,</li> </ol>
			come of a r festucity magistrate, a mistilet magistrie,

"Court of a Presidency Magistrate, a District Magistrate, a Sub-Divisional Magistrate or a Magistrate", the words "Court of a Chief Judicial Magistrate or any other Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.

29. In sections 107, 108, 109 and 110, for the words "Magistrate of the first class", the words "Executive Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.

30. In section 124,---

- (i) for the words "Chief Presidency Magistrate", wherever occurring, the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted; and
- (ii) in sub-section (2) for the words "Chief Presidency", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.

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		31. In section 125, for the words "Chief Pre- sidency" the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
		32. In section 126,
		<ul> <li>(i) in sub-section (1), for the words "to a Presidency Magistrate, District Magistrate, Sub-divisional Magaistrate or Magistrate of the first class", the words "to the Court by which an order was made to give security" shall be substituted ; and</li> </ul>
	•	(ii) for sub-section (2), the following shall be substituted, namely :
	A	"(2) On such application being made, the Court shall issue summons or warrant, as it may think fit, requiring the person for whom such surety is bound to appear or to be brought before it."
		33. In sections 127, 128,129, 130, 131 and 132, for the word "Magistrate", wherever occurring, the words "Executive Magistrate" shall be substituted.
• .	** .	34. In section 133.—
-		<ul> <li>(i) in the opening paragraph of sub-section (1)</li> <li>and in sub-section (2), for the word</li> <li>"Magistrate", the words "an Executive Magistrate" shall be substituted ; and</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(ii) in the closing paragraph of sub-section (1), for the words "Magistrate of the first or second class", the words "Executive Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ul>
· .	. t	35. In section 143, for the words "any other Magistrate", the words "any other Executive Magistrate" shall be substituted.
		36. In sub-section (1) of section 144, for the words and brackets "any other Magistrate (not being a Magistrate of the third class)", the words "any other Executive Magistrate" shall be substituted.
, <b>*</b> * •		37. In sub-section $(1)$ of section 145 and sub- section $(1)$ of section 147, for the words "Magistrate of the first class" the words "Executive Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.

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-	<b>_</b>	38. In sub-section (1) of section 155, the words "having power to try such case or commit the same for trial" shall be added at the end.
		<b>39.</b> In sub-section (1) of section 164, for the words "Presidency Magistrate, any Magistrate of the first class and any Magistrate of the second class specially empowered in this behalf by the State Government", the words "Judicial Magistrate of the first class or any Judicial Magistrate of the second class specially empowered in this behalf by the High Court" shall be substituted.
		40. dn section 167,
,		<ul><li>(i) for the proviso to sub-section (2), the following shall be substituted, namely :</li></ul>
		Provided that no Executive or Judicial Magistrate of the second class not specially empowered in this behalf by the State Government or the High Court, as the case may be, shall authorise detention in the custody of the police"; and
		(ii) for sub-section (4), the following shall be substituted, namely :
		"(4) If such order is given by an Executive Magistrate other than the District Magistrate or Sub-divisonal Magistrate, he shall forward a copy of his order, with his reasons for making it, to the Magistrate to whom he is immediately subordinate and if such order is given by a Judicial Magistrate, he shall forward a copy of his order, with his reasons for meking it, to the Chief Judicial Magistrate."
		<ul> <li>41. In sub-section (3) of section 170, for the words</li> <li>"District Magistrate or Sub-divisional Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> <li>42. In sub-section (5) of section 174, for the words</li> </ul>
		"Magistrate of the first class and any Magistrate", the words "Executive Magistrate of the first class and any other Executive Magistrate" shall be substituted.
		43. In sub-section (1) of section 186, for the words "a Presidency Magistrate, a District Magistrate, a Sub-divisional Magistrate or, if he is specially empowered in this behalf by the State Government, a Magistrate of the first class", the words "a District

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		_	Magistrate, a Chief Judicial Magistrate, a Sub-divisiona Magistrate, or, if he is specially empowered in this behalf by the State Government or the High court, as the case may be an Executive or a Judicial Magistrate of the first class" shal be substituted.
·			44. In sub-section (1) of section 187, for the word "a Presidency Magistrate or District Magistrate, such Magistrate shall send the person arrested to the District of Sub-divisional Magistrate", the words "a District Magistrate or Chief Judicial Magistrate, such Magistrate shall send the person arrested to the District or Sub-divisional Magistrate or, as the case may be, to the Chief Judicial Magistrate shall be substituted.
			45. In section 190,
			<ul> <li>(i) in sub-section (1), for the words "any Presidency Magistrate, District Magistrate o Sub-divisional Magistrate, and any othe Magistrate", the words "any Chief Judicia Magistrate and any other Judicia Magistrate" shall be substituted;</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words "State Government, or the District Magistrate subject to the general or special orders of the State Government, may empower any Magistrate", the words "High Court, or the Chief Judicial Magistrate subject to the general or special orders of the High Court may empower any other Judicial Magistrate shall be substituted; and</li> </ul>
			(iii) in sub-section (3), for the words "State Government may empower any Magistrate the words "High Court may empower any Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
	•		46. In section 192,—
			<ul> <li>(i) in sub-section (1), for the words "Any Chie Presidency Magistrate, District Magistrate o Sub-divisional Magistrate", the words "Any Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted; and</li> </ul>
		·	(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words "Distric Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicia Magistrate" shall be subtituted.

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		- n	47. In sub-section (2) of section 193, for the words "the State Government", the words "the High Court" shall be substituted.
			48. In sub-section (1) of section 206, for the words and brackets "Any Presidency Magistrate, District Magistrate, Sub-divisional Magistrate or Magistrate of the first class, or any Magistrate (not being a Magistrate of the third class) empowered in this behalf by the State Government", the words "Any Chief Judicial Magistrate or a Judicial Magistrate of the first class or any Judicial Magistrate of the second class empowered in this behalf by the High Court" shall be substituted.
			49. In section 249, for the words "a Presidency Magistrate, a Magistrate of the first clas, or, with the previous sanction of the District Magistrate, any other Magistrate", the words "a Judicial Magistrate of the first class, or, with the previous sanction of the Chief Judicial Magistrate, any Judicial Magistrate of the second class" shall be substituted.
			50. In the opening paragraph of sub-section $(1)$ of section 260, for clauses $(a)$ , $(b)$ and $(c)$ , the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:—
		-	"(a) the Chief Judicial Magistrate,
			<ul> <li>(h) any Judicial Magistrate of the first class specially empowered in this behalf by the High Court, and</li> </ul>
			(c) any Bench of Judicial Magistrates invested

(c) any Bench of Judicial Magistrates invested with the powers of a Judicial Magistrate of the first class and especially empowered in this behalf by the High Court".

51. In section 261, for the words "State Government may confer on any Bench of Magistrates invested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second or third class", the words "High Court may confer on any Bench of Judicial Magistrates invested with the powers of a Judicial Magistrate of the second class" shall be substituted.

52. In section 263, for the words "the State Government", the words "the High Court" shall be substituted.

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		-	53. In sub-section (2) of section 265, for the words "The State Government may authorise any Bench of Magistrates", the words "The High Court may authorise any Bench of Judicial Magistrates" shall be substituted.
			54. In sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 269, after the words "State Government", the words. "in consultation with the High Court"shall be inserted.
			55. In section 337,
	, *	; · · · ·	<ul> <li>(i) in sub-section (1), for the words "a Presidency Magistrate, a Sub-divisional Magistrate or any Magistrate of the first class", the words "a Chief Judicial Magistrate, a Sub-divisional Magistrate or any Judicial Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted; and</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>(ii) in the proviso to sub-section (1), for the words "District Magistrate", occuring twice, the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ul>
			56. In sub-section (1) of section 346, after the words "District Magistrate", the words "or the Chief Judicial Magistrate, as the case may be" shall be inserted.
			57. In section 349,—
			(i) In sub-section (1),—
			<ul> <li>(a) for the words "a Magistrate of the second or third class", the words "a Judicial Magistrate of the second class" shall be substituted; and</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>(b) for the words "District Magistrate or Sub- Divisional Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrat" shall be substituted; and</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>(ii) in sub-section (1-A), for the words "District Magistrate or Sub-divisional Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ul>
			58. In section 380, for the words "Magistrate of the first class or a Sub-divisional Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.

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			59. For section 406A, the following shall be substituted, namely:—
			"406-A. Any person aggrieved by an order refusing Appeal from order to accept or rejecting a surety under refusing to accept section 122 may appeal against such or rejecting a surety. order to the Court of Session".
			60. In section 408, for the words "a District Magistrate or any other Magistrate, or any person sentenced under section 349 or in respect of whom an order has been made or a sentence has been passed under section 380 by any Magistrate", the words "or a Judicial Magistrate or any person sentenced under section 349 or in respect of whom an order has been made or a sentence has been passed under section 380 by a Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
			61. In section 409,
			(i) in the proviso to sub-section (1), the words "or third" shall be omitted; and
			<ul><li>(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words "State Government", the words "High Court" shall be substituted.</li></ul>
			62. In section 413, for the words "or District Magistrate or other Magistrate", the words "or Chief Judicial Magistrate or other Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
			63. In sub-section (1) of section 428. for the word "Magistrate", occurring twice, the word: "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
			64. In section 435,
			(i) in sub-section (1), for the words "or District Magistrate, or any Sub-divisional Magistrate empowered by the State Government in this behalf", the words "or Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted; and
			(ii) for sub-sections (2) and (4), the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely:—

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			"(2) The District Magistrate or any Sub- divisional Magistrate empowered by the State Government in this behalf, may call for and examine the record of any proceeding before any subordinate Executive Magistrate for the purpose of satisfying himself as to the correctness, legality or propriety of any order recorded or passed and as to the regularity of any proceedings of such subordinate Magistrate and may, when calling for such record, direct that the execution of any order be suspended and if the person is in confinement that he be released on bail on his own bond pending the examination of the record.
			(3) If any Sub-divisional Magistrate acting under sub-section (2) considers that any such proceeding or order is illegal or improper he shall forward the record with such remarks thereon as he thinks fit to the District Magistrate.
			(4) The High Court may call for and examine the record of any proceeding under sections 118, 122, 143, 144 or 145, notwithstanding the fact that such proceeding was before an Executive Magistrate.
			(5) If an application under sub-section (1) has been made either to the Sessions Judge or the Chief Judicial Magistrate no further application shall be entertained by the other of them".
			65. For section 436, the following shall be substituted, namely:—
			"436.(1) On examining any record under section 435 Power to order Inquiry. or otherwise, the High Court or the Sessions Judge may direct the Chief Judicial Magistrate by himslef or by any of the Magistrates subordinate to him to make, and the Chief Judicial Magistrate may himself make, or direct any subordinate Magistrate to make, further inquiry into any complaint which

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			has been dismissed under section 203 or sub- section (3) of section 204, or into the case of any person accused of an offence who has been discharged:
			Provided that no Court shall make any direction under this sub-section for inquiry into the case of any person who has been discharged unless such person has had an opportunity of showing cause why such direction should not be made.
		-	(2) On examining any record under section 435 or otherwise, the District Magistrate may direct any Sub-divisional Magistrate or any other Magistrate subordinate to him to make, and the Sub-divisional Maigstrate may himself make or direct any subordinate Magistrate to make, further inquiry into any proceeding in which an order of release or discharge has been made under section 119:
			Provided that no District Magistrate shall make any direction under this sub-section for further inquiry into the case of any person unless such person has had an opportunity of showing cause why such direction should not be made".
			<b>66.</b> In section 437, for the words "or District Magistrate", occurring thrice, the words "or Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
			67. In section 438.—
			<ul> <li>(i) for the words "or District Magintrate", the words "or Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted; and</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>(ii) after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be added. namely:—</li> </ul>
			"(3) On examining under section 435 or othewise the record of any proceeding.—
-			<ul> <li>(1) if such proceeding is in respect of an order made under section 118, section 122, section 143, section 144 or section 145 and the District Magistrate thinks that the order made in such proceeding should be</li> </ul>

2 3 4 1 reversed or altered, he shall report for the order of the High Court the result of such examination; (2) if such proceeding is in respect of an order made under any other section, then in the case of such proceedings the District Magistrate may, subject to the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 436, exercise any of the powers conferred on a Court of Appeal by sections 423, 426, 427 and 428," 68. In section 479, for the words "Presidency Magistrate, District Magistrate or other Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate or any other Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted. 69. In sub-section (1) of section 488, for the words "District Magistrate, a Presidency Magistrate, a Sub-divisional Magistrate or a Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate or any other Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted. 70. For section 515, the following shall be substituted, namely:---"S15. All orders passed under section 514 by any Appeal from, and Magistrate shall be appealable to the revision of, orders Sessions Judge, or, if not so appealed, under section 514. may be revised by him". 71. In section 524,-(i) in sub-section (1), for the words "Magistrate of the first class", the words "Executive Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted; and (ii) in sub-section (2), for the words "to the Court to which appeals against sentences of the Court passing such order would lie", the words "to the Sessions Judge" shall be substituted. 72. In section 528,-(i) in sub-section (2), -(a) for the words "Any Chief Presidency Magistrate, District Magistrate or Subdivisional Magistrate", the words "The Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be

substituted ; and

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			(b) for the marginal heading, the following shall be substituted, namely:
			"Chief Judicial Magistrate may withdraw or refer cases"; and
	,		(ii) after sub-section (3), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—
	-	-	"(3-A) Where the District Magistrate authorised under sub-section (3) withdraws any case from any Magistrate subordinate to him, he may inquire into or try such case himself or refer it for inquiry or trial to any other Magistrate subordinate to him and competent to inquire into or try the same".
	-		73. In section 552, after the words "District Magistrate", the words "or Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be inserted.
			74. In sub-section (2) of section 559, for the words "the Chief Presidency Magistrate in a Presidency-town, and the District Magistrate outside such towns", the words "the Chief Judicial Magistrate in the case of Judicial Magistrates and the District Magistrate in the case of Executive Magistrates" shall be substituted.
			75. In section 561, for the words "a Chief Presidency Magistrate or a District Magistrate", wherever occurring the words "a Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
			76. In the proviso to sub-section (1) of section, 562,—
			<ul> <li>(i) for the words "Magistrate of the third class, or a Magistrate of the second class not specially empowered by the State Government", the words "Judicial Magistrate of the second class not specially empowered by the High Court" shall be substituted ; and</li> </ul>

 (ii) for the words "Magistrate of the first class or Sub-divisional Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.

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			77. In section 565,—
		••••	<ul> <li>(i) in sub-section (1), for the words "Presidency Magistrate, District Magistrate, Sub-divisiona Magistrate or Magistrate", the words "Chie Judicial Magistrate or any other Judicia Magistrate" shall be substituted;</li> </ul>
		-	<ul> <li>(ii) in sub-section (3), after the words "State Government", the words "in consultation with the High Court" shall be inserted; and</li> </ul>
			(iii) in sub-section (5), for the word "Magistrate" the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be - substituted.
			78. In Schedule II, in column 8,
	.*	·	<ul> <li>(i) for the word "Magistrate", wherever occurring except in the expression "presidency Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" and for the words "Any Magistrate", wherever occurring, the words "Any Judicial Magistrate shall be substituted;</li> </ul>
			(ii) for the entry relating to section 124A the following entry shall be substituted namely:
			"Court of Session, Chief Judicial Magistrate c any other Judicial Magistrate of the first clas specially empowered by the High Court in the behalf"; and
		·	(iii) in the entry relating to section 376, for the word "Chief Presidency Magistrate or Distric Magistrate", the words "or Chief Judicia Magistrate" shall be substituted.

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## SEPARATION OF JUDICIAL AND EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS

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		79. For Schedules III and IV, the following Schedules shall be substituted, namely:
		SCHEDULE III
		(See section 36)
		ORDINARY POWERS OF STATE
		MAGISTRATES
		I.—Ordinary Powers of a Judicial Magistrate of the second class
		(1) Power to arrest or direct the arrest of, and to commit to custody, a person committing an offence in his presence, section 64.
		(2) Power to arrest, or direct the arrest in his presence of, an offender, section 65.
		(3) Power to endorse a warrant, or to order the removal of an accused person arrested under a warrant, sections 83, 84 and 86.
		<ul><li>(4) Power to issue proclamations in cases judicially before him, section 87.</li></ul>
		(5) Power to attach and sell property and to dispose of claims or objections to attached property, section 88.
		(6) Power to restore attached property, section 89.
		(7) Power to require search to be made for letters and telegrams, section 95.
		(8) Power to issue search warrant, section 96.
		(9) Power to endorse a search warrant and order delivery of thing found, section 99.
		<ul> <li>(10) Power to order the police to investigate an</li> <li>offence in cases in which the Magishate has jurisdiction to try or commit for trial, section 155.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(11) Power to authorise detention, not being detention in the custody of the police, of a person during a police investigation, section 167.</li> </ul>

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			(12) Power to postpone issue of process and to inquire into a case or direct investigation, section 202.
		•	(13) Power to detain an offender found in Court, section 351.
			(14) Power to take evidence on commission, section 503.
			(15) Power to recover forfeited bond for appearance before Magistrate's Court, section 514 and to require fresh security, section 514A.
			(16) Power to make order as to custody and disposal of property pending inquiry or trial, section 516A.
			(17) Power to make order as to disposal of property, section 517.
			(18) Power to sell property of a suspected character, section 525.
			(19) Power to require affidavit in support of application, section 539A.
			(20) Power to make local inspection, section 539B.
·			11.—Ordinary Powers of a Judicial Magistrate of the first class.
			(1) The ordinary powers of a Judicial Magistrate of the second class.
			(2) Power to direct warrant to land-holders. section 78.
			(3) Power to issue search warrant otherwise that in due course of an inquiry, section 98.
			(4) Power to issue search warrant for discovery of persons wrongfully confined, section 100
			<ul><li>(5) Power to require execution of a bond, section 106.</li></ul>
			(6) Power to discharge sureties, sections 126 and 126A.
			(7) Power to record statements and confessions during a police-investigation, section 164.

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(8) Power to authorise detention of a person in the custody of the police during a police-investigation, section 167.		
(9) Power to commit for trial, section 206.		
(10) Power to stop proceedings when no complainant, section 249.		
(11) Power to tender pardon to accomplice during inquiry into case by himself, section 337.		
(12) Power to make orders of maintenance, sections 488 and 489.		
(13) Power to recover penalty on forfeited bond, section 514.	• • • •	•
(14) Power to require fresh security, section 514A.		
(15) Power to recall case made over by him to another Magistrate, section 528(4).		
(16) Power to make order as to first offenders. section 562.	· .	
(17) Power to order released convicts to notify residence, section 565.		
III.—Ordinary Powers of a Chief Judicial Magistrate.		
(1) The ordinary powers of a Judicial Magistrate of the first class.		
(2) Power to try juvenile offenders, section 29B.		
(3) Power to require delivery of letters, telegrams, etc., section 95.		
(4) Power to issue search warrants for documents in custody of postal or telegraph authorities, section 96.		
(5) Power to release persons imprisoned for failing to give security under section 106, section 124.		
(6) power to cancel any bond for keeping the peace under section 106, section 125.		
(7) Power to order police investigation into a cognizable case, section 156.	-	

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	-	*	(8) Power to issue process for a person within local jurisdiction who has committed an offence outside the local jurisdiction, section 186.
			(9) Power to entertain complaints, section 190.
		·	(10) Power to receive police reports, section 190.
			<ul> <li>(11) Power to entertain cases without complaint, section 190.</li> </ul>
			(12) Power to transfer cases to a Subordinate Magistrate, section 192.
			(13) Power to order preliminary investigation by a police officer not below the rank of an Inspector in certain cases, section 196B.
			(14) Power to try summarily, section 260.
		• •	(15) Power to tender pardon to accomplice at any stage of a case, section 337.
			(16) Power to pass sentence on proceedings recorded by a Subordinate Magistrate, section 349.
			(17) Power to call for records, section 435.
			(18) Power to order inquiry, section 436.
		•	(19) Power to order commitment, section 437.
	·		(20) Power to report a case to High Court, section 438.
		-	(21) Power to withdraw cases and to try or refer them for trial, section 528.
			(22) Power to compel restoration of abducted female, section 552.
			IV.—Ordinary Powers of an Executive Magistrate of the second class.
			(1) Power to arrest or direct the arrest of, and to commit to custody, a person committing ar offence in his presence, section 64.
			(2) Power to arrest, or direct the arrest in his presence of, an offender, section 65.

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			<ul> <li>(3) Power to endorse a warrant, or to order the removal of an accused person arrested under a warrant, sections 83, 84 and 86.</li> </ul>
			(4) Power to issue proclamations, section 87.
		+ <i>1</i>	(5) Power to attach and sell property, section 88.
			(6) Power to require search to be made for letters and telegrams, section 95.
			(7) Power to issue search warrant, section 96.
	. •	-	(8) Power to endorse a search warrant, and order delivery of thing found, section 99.
			(9) Power to command unlawful assembly to disperse, section 127.
			(10) Power to use civil force to disperse unlawful assembly, section 128.
			(11) Power to require military force to be used to disperse unlawful assmebly, section 130.
			(12) Power to authorise detention not being detention in the custody of the police of a person during a police investigation, section 167.
			(13) Power to take evidence on Commission, section 503.
			(14) Power to recover forfeited bond for appearance before Magistrate's Court, section 514 and to require fresh scurity, section 514A.
			(15) Power to make order as to disposal of property, section 517.
			(16) Power to sell property of a suspected character, section 525.
			V.— Ordinary Powers of an Executive Magistrate of the first class.
			(1) The ordinary powers of an Executive Magistrate of the second class.
			(2) Power to issue search warrant otherwise than in course of an inquiry, section 98.

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#### SEPARATION OF JUDICIAL AND EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS

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		-	(3) Power to issue search warrant for discovery of persons wrongfully confined, section 100.
			(4) Power to require security to keep the peace, section 107.
	,	1:11	(5) Power to require security for good behaviour. section 109.
			(6) Power to discharge sureties, sections 126 and 126A.
			(7) Power to make orders as to local nuisances section 133.
			(8) Power to make orders, etc., in possession cases sections 145; 146 and 147.
			(9) Power to authorise detention of a person in the custody of the police during a police investigation, section 167.
	-		(10) Power to hold inquests, section 174.
			(11) Power to recover penalty on forfeited bond section 514.
		· · ·	(12) Power to require fresh security, section 514A.
			VI.—Ordinary powers of a Sub-divisional Magistrate.
			(1) The ordinary powers of an Exective Magistrate of the first class.
			(2) Power to direct warrants to land-holders section 78.
			(3) Power to require security for good behaviour section 110.
			(4) Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances section 143.
			(5) Power to make orders under section 144.
			<ul><li>(6) Power to depute Subordinate Executive Magistrate to make local inquiry, section 148</li></ul>
			(7) Power to issue process for person within local jurisdiction who has committed an offence outside the local jurisdiction, section 186.

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		(8) Power to sell property alleged or suspected to have been stolen, etc., section 524.
		VII.— Ordinary powers of a District Magistrate.
		(1) The ordinary powers of a Sub-divisional Magistrate.
		(2) Power to require delivery of letters, telegrams, etc., section 95.
		(3) Power to issue search warrants for documents in custody of postal or telegraph authorities, section 96.
		<ul><li>(4) Power to require security for good behaviour, section 108.</li></ul>
		(5) Power to discharge persons bound to keep the peace or to be of good behaviour, section 124.
		(6) Power to cancel bond for keeping the peace, section 125.
		(7) Power to order preliminary investigation by police officer not below the rank of Inspector in certain cases, section 196B.
		(8) Power to tender pardon to acomplice at any stage of a case, section $337$ .
		(9) Power to call for and examine records, section 435 (2).
		<ul> <li>(10) Power to direct Executive Magistrate to make further inquiry into proceedings, etc., section 436 (2).</li> </ul>
		(11) Power to report to High Court, section 438 (3).
		(12) Power to appoint person to be Public Prosecutor in particular case, section 492 (2).
		(13) Power to compel restoration of abducted female, section 552.

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# 1 2 3 4 SCHEDULE IV

(See section 37)

### ADDITIONAL POWERS WITH WHICH STATE MAGISTRATES MAY BE INVESTED

#### PART I

#### (A) By High Court

Powers with which a Judicial Magistrate of the first class may be invested.

- (1) Power to try juvenile offenders, section 29B.
- (2) Power to issue process for person within local jurisdiction who has committed an offence outside the local jurisdiction, section 186.
- (3) Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint, section 190.
- (4) Power to take cognizance of offences upon police reports, section 190.
- (5) Power to take cognizance of offences without complaint, section 190.
- (6) Power to try summarily, section 260.
- (7) Power to try cases under section 124A of the Indian Penal Code.

Powers with which a Judicial Magistrate of the second class may be invested.

- (1) Power to try juvenile offenders, section 29B.
- (2) Power to record statements and confessions during a police investigation, section 164.
- (3) Power to authorise detention of a person in the custody of the police during a police investigation, section 167.
- (4) Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint, section 190.
- (5) Power to take cognizance of offences upon police reports, section 190.
- (6) Power to take cognizance of offences without complaint, section 190.

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			(7) Power to commit for trial, section 206.
			(8) Power to make orders as to first offender section 562.
			(B) By the Chief Judicial Magistrate-
			Powers with which any Judicial Magistrate of the fir class may be invested.
		-	(1) Power to take cognizance of offences upo complaint, section 190.
			<ul> <li>(2) Power to take cognizance of offences up police reports, section 190.</li> </ul>
		_	(3) Power to transfer cases, section 192.
			Powers with which any Judicial Magistrate of the second class may be invested.
			(1) Power to take cognizance of offences up complaint, section 190.
			(2) Power to take cognizance of offences up police reports, section 190.
			(3) Power to stop proceedings institute otherwise than upon complaint, section 24
			PART 11
			(A) By State Government—
			Powers with which an Executive Magistrate of t first class may be invested.
			<ol> <li>Power to make orders prohibiting repetition of nuisances, section 143.</li> </ol>
			(2) Power to make orders under section 144.
			(3) Power to issue process for person with local jurisdiction who has committed offence outside the local jurisdiction, secti 186.
			(4) Power to sell property alleged or suspect to have been stolen, etc., section 524.
			Powers with which an Executive Magistrate of t second class may be invested.
			(1) Power to make orders prohibiting repetition of nuisances, section 143.

(2) Power to make orders under section 144.

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		-	(3) Power to authorise detention of a person in the custody of the police during a police investigation, section 67.
			(4) Power to hold inquests, section 174.
			Powers with which a District Magistrate may be invested.
			Power to withdraw cases and to try or refer them for trial, sub-sections $(3)$ and $(3A)$ of section 528.
			Powers with which a Sub-Divisional Magistrate may be invested.
			Power to call for records of inferior Couπ and to forward them to District Magistrate, sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 435.
			(B) By the District Magistrate—
			Powers with which any Executive Magistrate of the first class may be invested.
			(1) Power to make orders prohibiting repetition of nuisances, section 143.
			(2) Power to make orders under section 144.
			Powers with which any Executive Magistrate of the second class may be invested.
			<ol> <li>Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances, section 143.</li> </ol>
			(2) Power to make orders under section 144.
			(3) Power to hold inquests, section 174."
		PART	II-OTHER CENTRAL ACTS
1860	21	The Societies Re- gisuanon Act, 1860.	In section 21, for the words "a Magistrate", the words "a Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1861	Ĵ	The Police Act, 1861	<ol> <li>In section 29, the words "before a Magistrate" shall be omitted.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>In section 32, the words "before a Magistrate" shall be omitted.</li> </ol>
			2. In the opening caregraph of cention 34, the words "before

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3. In the opening paragraph of section 34, the words "before Magistrate" shall be omitted.

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1867	3	The Public Gambling Act, 1867.	In section 7, for the words "before the same or any other Magistrate", the words "before any Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1867	25	The Press and Registration of	In sections 12, 13, 14, 15 and 15A, the words "before a Magistrate" shall be omitted.
1871	1	<sup>•</sup> The Cattle Trespass Act, 1871.	<ol> <li>In section 20, for the words "a Magistrate of the District or any Magistrate authorised to receive and try charges without reference by the Magistrate of the District", by the words "the Chief Judicial Magistrate or any other Judicial Magistrate a authorised to receive and try charges without reference by the Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>In sections 24, 26 and 27, the words "before a Magistrate" shall be omitted.</li> </ol>
1889	1	The Metal Tokens Act, 1889.	In section 5, in sub-section (2), the words "beyond the limits of a Presidency Town", and the words "except a District Magistrate or Sub-divisional Magistrate", shall be omitted.
1894	9	The Prisons Act,	In section 52,
		1 <b>894</b> .	(a) for the words "District Magistrate or of any Magistrate of the first class or Presidency Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate or any other Judicial Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted; and
			(b) for the first proviso, the following shall be substituted, namely:
			"Provided that any such case may be transferred for inquiry and a trial by the Chief Judicial Magistrate to any other Judicial Magistrate of the first class".
1897	8	The Reformatory Schools Act, 1897	<ol> <li>In sub-section (2) of section 8, for the words brackets and letter "a District Magistrate and (b) any Magistrate specially empowered by the State Government", the words, brackets and letter "a Chief Judicial Magistrate and (b) any other Judicial Magistrate specially empowered by the High Court" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
		J	<ol> <li>In sub-section (1) of section 9, for the words "District Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>In section 10, for the words "District Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>

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		-	<ol> <li>In sub-section (2) section 11, for the words "Distric Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
			5. In section 31, in sub-sections (4) and (5), for the words "District Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicia" Magistrate" shall be substituted.
<b>1911</b>	10	The Prevention of Soditious Meetings Act,	<ol> <li>In sub-section (2) of section 4, for the words "Magistrate of the first class", the words "Executive Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
		1911.	<ol> <li>In section 8, for the words "Presidency Magistrate or of a Magistrate of the first class or Sub-divisional Magistrate" the words "Judicial Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
1916	7	The Indian Medical Degrees Aci, 1916.	In section 8, for the words "a Magistrate" the words "a Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1917	I	The Inland Steam- vessels Act, 1917.	<ol> <li>In clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 33, for the words "District Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicia Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>In sub-section (1) of section 35, for the words "Distric Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shal be substituted.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>In clause (b) of section 38, for the words "Distric Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
'[192	0 33	of Prisoners Act, 1920.	In section 5,
			<ul> <li>(a) for the words "a Magistrate", the words "an Executive Magistrate" shall be substituted; and</li> </ul>
			(b) in the first proviso, for the words "A Magistrate of the firt class", the words "an Executive Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.]
1922	22	The Police (Incitement to Disaffection) Act, 1922.	In sub-section (1) of section 6, for the words "Magistrate of the First Class", the words "Judicial Magistrate of the First Class" shall be substituted.
1923	19	The Indian Official	In sub-section (1) of section 13,
_		Secrets Act, 1923.	<ul> <li>(a) for the words "a Magistrate", the words "Judicia Magistrate" shall be substituted ; and</li> </ul>

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_		(t	) for the words "which is inferior to that of a District or Presidency Magistrate", the words "or that of the Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1927	16	The Indian Forests Act, 1927.	In section 67, for the words "The District Magistrate or any Magistrate of the first class specially empowered in this behalf by the State Government", the words "The Chief Judicial Magistrate or any other Judicial Magistrate of the first class specially empowered in this behalf by the High Court" shall be substituted.
1929	19	The Child Marriage Restraint Act, 1929.	In section 8, for the words "a Magistrate", the words "a Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1932	23	The Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1932	In clause (i) of section 9, for the words "a Magistrate of the first class", the words "Judicial Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.
1940	23	The Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940.	In sub-section (2) of section 32, for the words "a Magistrate", the words "a Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1955	32	The Prisoners (Attendance in Courts) Act, 1955.	In sub-section (3) of section 3, for the words "Magistrate of the first class", the words "Judicial Magistrate of the first class" and for the words "District Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted
1955	47	The Prize Compe- utions Act, 1955.	In section 18, for the words "a Magistrate", the words "a Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1956	104	The Suppression of Immoral Traffic in Women and Girls Act. 1956.	In section 22, for the words "a Magistrate as defined in clause (c) of section 2", the words "a Chief Judicial Magistrate or any other Judicial Magistrate of the first class specially empowered by the High Court" shall be substituted.
			PART III
			PUNIAB ACTS
1 <b>9</b> 05	3	The Punjab Minor Canals Act, 1905.	In section 71, for the words "Magistrate of such class as the State Government", the words "Judicial Magistrate of such class as the High Court" shall be substituted.
1911	3	The Punjab Municipal J Act, 1911.	. In sub-section (1) of section 165 and subsection (1) of section 166, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
		. 2	. In section 192-A, the words "by a Magistrate" shall be omitted.

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1912	5	The Colonization of Government Lands (Punjab) Act, 1912.	In section 33, the words "by any Magistrate" shall be omitted.
1914	1,	The Punjab Excise	I. In section 3, clause (15) shall be omitted.
		Acı, 1914.	<ol> <li>In clause (2) of the proviso to section 50, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
			3. In section 54,—
	۰.		<ul> <li>(a) in sub-section (2), for the words "a Magistrate", the words "an Executive Magistrate" shall be substituted; and</li> </ul>
			(b) in sub-section (3), for the words "any Magistrate", the words "any Executive Magistrate" shall be substituted.
			<ol> <li>In section 75, for the word "Magistrate", occurring twice, the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
1916	2	The Punjab Medical Registration Act, 1916	In section 23, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1918	5	The Restriction of Habitual Offenders (Punjab) Act, 1918.	<ol> <li>For section 13, the following shall be substituted, namely:</li> </ol>
			"13. Any person against whom an order of restriction Appeal. has been passed under this Act may prefer an appeal.—
	-		<ul> <li>(a) to the District Magistrate, if such order has been made by an Executive Magistrate subordinate to him;</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>(b) to the Chief Judicial Magistrate, if such order has been made by a Judicial Magistrate subordinate to him;</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>(c) to the court of Session, if such order has been made by the District Magistrate or the Chief Judicial Magistrate;</li> </ul>
			(d) to the High Court, in any other case."
			<ol> <li>In sub-section (1) of section 17, for the words "a Magistrate", the words "a Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
1918	6	The Punjab Courts Act, 1918.	After sub-section (1) of section 22, the following sub-section shall be added, namely :
			"(2) The High Court may confer on any Judicial Magistrate the powers of such class of Subordinate Judges as it may deem fit to be

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010			exercised by the Judicial Magistrate within such local area as the High Court may define."
1918	7	The Punjab Javenile Smoking Act, 1918.	<ol> <li>In section 3, the words "by a Magistrate" shall be omitted.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>For section 5, the following shall be substituted, namely :</li> </ol>
			"5. The High Court may confer on any Bench of Summary Judicial Magistrates, invested with the Jurisdiction, powers of a Judicial Magistrate of the second class, powers to try summarily any offence under this Act."
1918	8	The Punjab Village and Small Towns Patrol Act, 1918.	In section 8, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Executive Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1922	4	The Punjab Town	I. In section 80. the words "by a Magistrate" shall be omitted.
		Improvement Act, 1922.	<ol> <li>In sub-section (1) of section 84, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
1924	4	The Punjab Motor Vehicles Taxation Act, 1924.	In sub-section (2) of section 16, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1926	10	The Good Conduct Prisoners Probational Re Jease Act, 1926	In sub-section (1) of section 7, the words "by a Magistrate" shall be omitted.
1926	11	The Punjab Borstal	I. In section 5.—
		Act, 1926.	<ul> <li>(a) in sub-section (1). for the words "Magistrate of the first class", occurring twice, the words "Judicial Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted;</li> </ul>
			(b) in sub-section (2), for the words "any Magistrate", the words "any Judicial Magistrate " and for the words "District Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted; and
			(c) in sub-section (3), for the words "District Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.

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		-	2. In section 23, the words "before a Magistrate" shall be omitted.
1929	8	The Punjab Purc Food Act, 1929.	In sub-section (2) of section 8, the words "by a Magistrate" shall be omitted.
1932	1	The Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932.	In section 17, section 23 and section 24, for the words "by a Magistrate of the first class", wherever occurring, the words "by a Judicial Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.
1 <del>94</del> 1	7	The Punjab Suppression of Indecent Advertise- ments Act, 1941.	In section 5, for the words "Magistrate of the first class", the words "Executive Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.
1942	7	The Music in Muslim Shrincs Act, 1942.	In section 5, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1948	8	The East Punjab Refugees (Registration of Claims) Act, 1948.	In section 8, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1948	12	The East Punjab Refugees (Registration of Land Claims) Act, 1948.	In sub-section (1) of section 9, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1948	13	The East Punjab (Exchange of Prisoners)Acı, 1948.	In section (1) of section 8, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1948	47	The Punjab Livestock and Birds Diseases Act. 1948.	In section 36, for the words "Magistrate of the first class, or a Magistrate of the second class sepecially empowered in this behalf by the State Government", the words "Judicial Magistrate of the first class, or a Judicial Magistrate of the second class specially empowered in this behalf by the High Court" shall be substituted.
1949	4	The East Punjab Agricultural Pests, Diseases and Noxious Weeds Act, 1949.	In sub-section (3) of section 4 and section 9, the words "by a Magistrate", wherever occrring shall be omitted.
1949	39	The East Punjab Children Act, 1949.	<ol> <li>In section 6,—         <ul> <li>(a) in clause (c), for the words "a District Magistrate", the words "a Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted ;</li> <li></li></ul></li></ol>

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#### SEPARATION OF JUDICIAL AND EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS

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		·	(b) clause (d) shall be omitted ;
			(c) in clause (f), for the words "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted ; and
			(d) in clause (g), the words "in consultation with the High Court" shall be added at the end.
			<ol> <li>In section 7, for the words "District Magistrate or Sub- Divisional Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" and for the word "Magistrate", wherever occurring, the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>In the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 8, for the word "Magistrate", wherever occrring, the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>In section 22, for the word "Magistrate", wherever occurring, the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>
		`	5. In sub-section (3) of section 59, for the words "Magistrate of the first class", and the words "such Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate of the first class", and the words "such Judicial Magistrate" respectively, shall be substituted.
			6. In sub-section (1) of section 60,—
			(a) after the words "State Government", the words "in consultation with the High Court" shall be inserted; and
			(b) for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
		,	7. In sub-section (1) of section 72,
			<ul> <li>(a) in clause (a), for the words "Magistrate of the second or third class", the words "Judicial Magistrate of the second class" shall be substituted; and for the words "District Magistrate" the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted; and</li> </ul>
			(b) in clause (b), for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1951	10	The Punjab Development of Damaged Areas Act. 1951.	<ol> <li>In section 7, for the word " Magistrate", wherever occurring, the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.</li> </ol>

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 In section 32, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.

 The Punjab Habitual Offenders (Control and Reform) Act, 1952.
 1. In the proviso to sub-section (2) of section 7, for the proviso to sub-section (2) of section 7, for the proviso to sub-section (2) of section 7, for the proviso to sub-section (3) of section 7, for the proviso to sub-section (3) of section 7.

2. In the proviso to sub-section (2) of section 7, for the words "a Second Class Magistrate", the words "an Executive Magistrate of the second class" shall be substituted.

### 3. In sub-section (1) of section19, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Executive Magistrate" shall be substituted.

In sub-section (2) of section  $17_7$  for the words "a Magistrate", the words "a Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.

In section 13, for the word "Magistrate" the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.

#### 1. In section 15,-

- (a) in sub-section (2), for the words "a Magistrate", the words "an Executive Magistrate" shall be substituted; and
- (b) in sub-sections (4) and (5), for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
- In the proviso to section 41 and section 45, for the words "District Magistrate" the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
- In sub-section (3) of section 48, for the word "Magistrate", occurring twice, the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
- 4. In the marginal heading of section 51, and in sub-section (1) thereof, for the words "District Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
- In sub-section (2) of section 67, for the words "District Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
- 6. In sub-section (4) of section 73, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.

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The Punjab Passengers and Goods Taxation

Act, 1952.

The Puniab New

The Punjab Gram Panchayat

Act. 1952.

Capital (Periphery)

Control Act, 1952.

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		7.	In sub-section (1) of section 74 and section 75, for the words "District Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
		8.	In sub-section (2) of section 79, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
		9.	In section 95, for sub-section (3), the following shall be substituted, namely:
			"(3) The Chief Judicial Magistrate may delegate any of his powers to a Judicial Magistrate of the first class."
		10.	In clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 103, for the words "District Magistrate", the words "Chief Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1953	40	The Punjab Sugarcane (Regulation of Purchase and Supply) Act, 1953.	In sub-section (3) of section 18, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1953	49	The Punjab Vaccination Act, 1953.	In section 14,—
			(a) for the words "Magistrate authorised by him", the words "Executive Magistrate authorised by him" shall be substituted ; and
			(b) for the words "the Magistrate shall deal with the disobedience", the words "the Magistrate shall forward the case to a Judicial Magistrate for dealing with the disobedience" shall be substituted.
1955 2	2	The Punjab Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1953.	In section 17,—
			<ul> <li>(a) in sub-section (1), for the words "Magistrate of the first class", the words "Executive Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted; and</li> </ul>
			(b) in sub-section (2), for the words "Magistrate of the first class", the words "Judicial Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.
1955	15	The Punjab Enter- tainments Duty Act, 1955.	In sub-section (2) of section 15, for the words "Magistrate of the first class", the words "Judicial Magistrate of the first class" shall be substituted.
1958	10	The Punjab Electricity (Duty) Act, 1958.	In clause (c) of section 11, the words "before a Magistrate" shall be omitted.

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1958	15	The Punjab Shops and Commercial Establishments Act, 1958.	In sub-section (1) of section 18 and sub-section (2) of section 22, for the word "Magistrate", wherever occurring, the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1958	20	The Nangal Township (Periphery) Control Act, 1958.	In section 13, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1958	22	The Punjab Weights and Measures (Enfor- cement) Act, 1958.	In sub-section (2) of section 38, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1961	5	The Punjab Compulsory Service Act, 1961.	In sub-section (1) of section 6, the words "by a Magistrate" shall be omitted.
1961	13	The Punjab Fruit Nurseries Act, 1961	In sub-section (2) of section 14, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1961	24	The Punjab Slum Areas (Improvement and Clearance) Act, 1961.	In section 34, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1961	25	The Punjab Co- operative Societies Act. 1961.	In sub-section (1) of section 72, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1961	34	The Talwara Township (Periphery) Control Act, 1961.	In section 13, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1963	24	The Punjab Gift Goods (Unlawful Possession) Act, 1963.	In sub-section (2) of section 4, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1963	41	The Punjab Scheduled Roads and Controlled Areas Restriction of Unregulated Develop- ment Act, 1963.	In section 15, for the word "Magistrate", occurring twice, the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1963	42	The Punjab Ayurvedic and Unani-Practitioners Act, 1963.	In sub-section (1) of section 33, for the word "Magistrate", the words "Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.
1964	20	The Punjab Ancient and Historical Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains Act, 1964	In sections 31 and 33, for the word "Magistrate", the words"Judicial Magistrate" shall be substituted.

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