

The Arunachal Pradesh Fire Service Force Act, 1991 Act 1 of 1992

Keyword(s):

Fire Fighting Property, Fire Station, Wire-house, Workshop.

Amendment appended: 1 of 1994

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THE ARUNACHAL PRADESH FIRE SERVICE FORCE ACT, 1991 (Act No. 1 of 1992) *

*(Received the assent of the Governor on 13th January, 1992)

' AN ACT

to provide for the maintenance of a Fire Service Force in the State of Arunachal Pradesh.

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Arunachal Pradesh in the Forty-second Year of the Republic of India as follows:

- 1. (1) This Act may be called the Arunachal Pradesh Fire Service Force Act, 1991.

 Short title, extent and comm-
- (2) It extends to whole of the State of Arunachal encement. Pradesh.
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Government may by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint and different dates may be appointed for different areas and for different provisions of this Act.
 - 2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,— Definitions.
 - (a) "Director" means the Director of the Fire Force appointed under Section 4 of the Act;
 - (b) "Fire fighting property" includes,-
 - (i) Lands and buildings used as fire stations;
 - (ii) Fire Engines, equipments, tools, implements and things whatsoever used for fire fighting;
 - (iii) Motor vehicles and other means of transport used in connection with fire fighting;
 - (iv) Uniforms and badges of rank.
 - (c) "Fire Station" means any post or place declared, generally or specially by the Government to be a Fire Station;
 - (d) "Force" means Arunachal Pracesh Fire Service Force maintained under this Act;
 - (e) "Government" means the Covernment of Arunachal Pradesh;

- (f) "Member" means a member of the force who performs operational, supervisory, directional, and executive duties in such ranks as may be prescribed by the Government;
- (g) "Officer-in-charge of a Fire Station" includes the Fire officer next in rank to the officer-incharge of Fire Station or any other officer holding charge of the Fire Station for the time being;
- (h) "Prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;
- (i) "Place" means either enclosed, or covered or open land having buildings or premises within 75 ft, on any side of its surroundings;
- (j) "Premises" means any land or any buildings or part of a building appartenant thereto which is used for storing explosives, explosive substances and dangerously inflan mable substances;
- (k) "Wire-house" means any building or place used whether temporarily or permanently for storing, keeping, or otherwise dealing in any manner or such articles which in the opinion of the Government are considered as inflammable;
- (i) "Work shop" means any building or place where the processing of any article is carried on for purposes of trade or business, if such processing of such articles which in the opinion of the Government are considered as inflammable and are prescribed in this respect.

Maintenance of to be called the Arurachal Pradesh Fire Service Force
Fire Force. for the purpose of this Act.

Appointment of Director of Fire Force,

4. The Government may appoint a person to be the Director of the Arunachal Pradesh Fire Service Force who shall be an officer of the rank of Deputy Inspector General of Police of Arunachal Pradesh.

Superintendence and control of Force. 5. (1) The general Superintendence and control of the Force shall vest in the Director.

- (2) The Government may create such posts and appoint such officers as it may deem fit to assist the Director in the discharge of his duties.
- (3) The Director may with the approval of the Government delegate any of his powers, functions and duties under this Act to such subordinate efficers as he may deem fit.
- 6. The Director or such other officer of the Force as the Government may authorise in this behalf shall appoint members of the Force in accordance with the rules made under this Act.
- 7. (1) Every person shall, on appointment to the force, receive a certificate in the prescribed form under the seal of the Director or an officer authorised in this behalf by the Government and thereupon such a member person shall have the powers, functions and privileges of of the Force under this Act.

Appointment of members of the force.

Issue of certificate to member of Force.

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- (2) The certificate referred to in sub-section (1) shall cease to have effect when the person named therein ceases to be a member of the force, and on his so ceasing, he shall forthwith surrender the certificate to any officer empowered to receive the same'.
- (3) During the period of suspension, the powers, functions and privileges vested in such member of the force shall be closed till revocation of suspension but such member shall centime to be the member of the Force.
- 8. Whenever it appears to the Government that it is Arxiliary necessary to augment the force, it may raise an auxiliary Fire force by enrelment of velunteers for such areas and Ferce. no such terms and conditions as it may determine.
- The Government may from time to time make Power of such general or special orders as it think fit :
 - for providing the force with such appliances mert to and equipments as it may deems proper;
 - orders. for providing adequate supply of water as
 - (c) for constructing or providing station or hiring places for accommodating the members of the force and its fire fighting appliances:

may be required for use at any time;

- (d) for giving rewards to persons who have given notice of fires out of sense of civic responsibility and to those who have rendered effective service to the force on the occasion of fires;
 - (e) for the training, discipline and good conduct of the members of the Force;
- (f) for deciding or determining the cadre or terms and conditions of service of the members of the Force including other staffs;
- (g) for the speedy attendance of members of the Force with necessary appliances an equipments on the occasion of any alarm of fire;
- (h) for sending members of the Force with appliances and equipment beyond the local limits of any area in which this Act is in force for the purpose of fire fighting in the neighbourhood of such limits on such terms and conditions and under such exigencies of situation as it deems proper;
- (i) for the employment of the members of the Force in any rescue, salvage or other similar jobs;
- (j) for regulating and controlling the powers, duties and functions of the Director, and of other members of the forces; and
- (k) generally for the maintenance of the force under this Act.

Power of 10. On the occasion of fire in any area, any members of the force who is in charge of fire of the fighting operations on the spot may:—

Force on occasion (a) remove, or order any other member of of fire.

(b) remove, or order any other member of the force to remove any person who by his

- (a) remove, or order any other member of the force to remove any person who by his presence interferes with or impedes the operation for extinguishing the fire or for saving life or property;
- (b) close any street or passage in or near which a fire is burning;
- (c) for the purpose of extinguishing fire, break into or through or pull down, any premises for the passage those engaged in fire fighting

of appliances or cause them to be broken -: into or through or pulls down, to the extent of minimum damage as far as possible;

- (d) require the authority in charge of water supply, in the area to regulate the water machine so as to provide water at a specified pressure at the place where fire has broken out and utilise the water of any steam, eistern, well or tank or of any available source of water, public or private for the purpose of extinguishing or limiting the spread of such fire;
- (e) exercise the same powers for dispersing any assembly of persons likely to obstruct the fire fighting operations as if he were an officerin-charge of a police station and as if such an assembly were an unlawful assembly and shall be entitled to the same immunities and protection as such an officer, in respect of the exercise of such powers;
- (f) generally take such measures as may appear to him to be necessary for extinguishing the fire or for the protection of life or property, and for this no member of the force working under his order or instructions will be civilly or criminally liable in any Court of law.

11. (1) The Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, requires owners or occupiers of premises in any area or of any class of premises used for purposes which in its opinion are likely to cause a risk of fire, to take such precautions including those related to the plan of the building or use of the building as may be specified in such notification.

Prerentive measures.

(2) Where a notification has been issued under sub-section (1) it shall be lawful for the Director or any officer of the force authorised in this behalf to direct the removal of subjects or goods likely to cause a risk of fire, to a place of safety and on failure of the owner or occupier to do so, the Director, or such officer may, after giving the owner or occupier a reasonable opportunity of making representation, sieze, detain ocemove such objects or goods.

Expendi12. The entire expenditure in connection ture on with the Force shall be met out of the conthe force, solidated. Fund of the State provided that the Government may recover from any local authority of any area as ch contribution towards the cost of the portion of the force maintained in that area as the Government may direct from time to time.

Penalty for violation of du'y etc.

- 13. Any member of the force who,—:
 - (a) is fund to be guilty of any viola-tion of duty or wilful breach of any provision of this Act or any rule or order made thereunder; or
- (b) is found to be guilty of cowardice; or
 - (c) withdraws from the dities of his office without permission or without having given previous netice of at least two months; or
 - (d) fails without reasonable cause to report himself for duty on the expiration of such leave; or
 - (e) accept any other employment or office in contravention of the pro-visions of this Act shall be punisable .. with imprisonment which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to an emount not exceeding three months pay of such mem ber or with both.

Failure to give information.

14. Any person having any information regarding outbreak of fire shall communicate the same without d lay to the nearest Fire Station and if such person fails to communicate without just cause shall be deemed to have committed an offence p ni hable under the first part of section 176 of the Indian Penal C. de.

Pena'ties for violation of

15. Wheever wilfully vicines, the provi ion of section 11 of this Act or falls without reasonable cau e to comply with the same prevertive or any person who wilf lly obstructs or inter-measures, feres with any mentiler of the force who is engaged in fire fighting operation shall be punishable on conviction before a Magistrate

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with imprisonment which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both.

16. Any person who knowingly gives or False cause to be given a false report of the out-report. break of fire to any person authorised to receive such report by means of a statement, message or otherwise shall be punishable on conviction before a Magistrate with imprisonment for three months or with fine not exceeding five hundred rupees or with both.

17. The Government may establish and Training maintain one or more training centres in the centres. State for providing necessary training to the members of the Force.

18. No member of the force shall engage Bar to in any employment or office whatsoever other other than his duties under this Act unless express-ly permitted to do so by the Government.

19. The Director or any officer autho- Transfer rised by the Government in this behalf may, to other rised by the Government in this behalf may, on the occasion of a fire or other emergency in any neighbouring area in which this Act is not in force, order the despatch of the members of the force with necessary appliances and equipments to carry on fire fighting operations in such neighbouring area and thereupon all the provisons of this Act and the rules made thereunder shall apply to such area during the period of fire or emergency or during such period as the Director may specify. may specify.

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20. It shall be lawful for the Government or any officer authorised by it of this behalf to emplay the force in any rescue, salvage or other work for which it is suitable by reason of its training, appliances and equipment.

ment on other duties.

21. (1) Any person whose property catches fire on Liability account of any action of his own or of his of proagent done deliberately or negligently shall be perty owner liable to pay compensation to any other person to pay suffering damage to his property on account of compen-any action taken under section 10 by any officer sation. mentioned therein or any person acting under the authority of such officer.

- (2) All claims under sub-section (1) shall be prepared to the District Magistrate within 30 days from the date when the damage was caused.
- (3) The District Magistrate shall after, giving the parties an opportunity of being heard, determine the amount of compensation due and pass an order stating such amount and the person liable for the same, and the order so passed shall have the force of a decree of a Civil Court.

Inquiry into in origin of fire and report to Magistrate.

22. Where any fre has occurred within any area in which this Act is in force, the senior most officer in rank among the members of the force in that area shall apprenin the ficts as to the origin and cause of such fire and shall make a report thereon to the Magistrate having jurisdiction in the place in which such fit occurs; and the said Magistrate shall in any case where he may deem fit summon witnesses and take evidence in order to further ascertain such facts.

Power to obtain information. 23. Any officer of the force not below the rank of officer-in-charge of a Fire Station may for the purpose of discharging his dities under the Act require the owner or occupier of any building or other property to supply information with respect to the character of such building or other property, the available water supplies an means of access thereto or any other material particulars, and such owner or occupier shall furnish all the information in his possession.

Power of entry.

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24. (1) D'rector or any member of the force authorised by him in this behalf may enter any of the places specified in any notification issued under section 11 for the purpose of determining whether precautions against fire required to be taken on such place have been so taken.

(2) Save as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, no claim shall lie against any person for compensation for any damage caused by any entry made under sub-section (1).

Compentation of for water consumed in fire fighting operations by water.

25. No charge shall be made by any local authority to for water consumed in fire fighting operations by 26. No authority in charge of water supply man area shall be liable to any claim for compensation for damage by reason of any interuption of supply of water occasioned only by compliance of such authority with the requirement specified in clause (d) of water section 10.

No compensation for interuption of supply.

27. It shall be the cuty of police officers of all ranks Police to aid the members of the force in the execution of their duties under the Act.

cfficers to aid.

28. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings Sanction shall lie against any person for anything which is in of pregood faith done or intended to be done in pursuance vention. of this Act or any rule or order made thereunder.

- 29. (1) The Government may, by notification in the Power to Official Gizette make rules for carrying out the purpose of make this Act.
 - (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers, such rule may provided for —
 - (a) the number and grades of officers and member of the force;
 - (b) the manner of appointment of members of the force;
 - (c) the form of the certificate to be issued to the members of the force;
 - (d) the conditions of the service of the members of force including their ranks, pay and allowance, hours of duty and leave, maintenance of discipline and removal from service;
 - (e) the circumstances in which and the conditions (including the levy of fee) subject to which members of the force may be despatched. to carry on fire fighting operations in neighbouring areas;
 - (f) the condition subject to which members of the force may be employed on rescue, salvage or other work;
 - (g) the manner of service of notice under this Act;
 - (h) the payment of rewards to person, not being members of the force, who render services for the fire fighting purposes;

- (i) the compensation payable to members of the force in case of accidents or to their dependents in case of death while engaged on duty;
 - (j) for the employment of member of the force or use of any equipment outside the area or on special services and the fee payable therefore; and
 - (k) any other matter which is to be or may be prescribed.

General 30. Whoever contravenes any provision of this penalty. Act and where no separate penalty is provided shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees or with both.

THE ARUNACHAL PRADESH FIRE SERVICE FORCE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1993 (Act No. 1 of 1994)

Received the assent of the Governor on 3rd January 1994.

AN ACT

further to amend the Arunachal Pradesh Fire Service Force Act, 1991 (Act No. 1 of 1992)

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Arunachal Pradesh in the Forty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

 (1) This Act may be called the Arunachal Pradesh Fire Service Force (Amendment) Act, 1993. (2).

Short title and commencement.

- (2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may by notification in the Official Gazette appoint.
- 2. In Section 5 of the Arunachal Pradesh Fire Service Force Act. 1991 (Hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), for sub-section (1) the following subsection shall be substituted:—

Amendment of Section 5.

- "(1) The Superintendence and control of the Force shall vest in the Director, who shall function under the control and supervision of the Inspector General of Police, Arunachal Pradesh, and shall be carried on by him in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder".
- In Section 6 of the principal Act, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

Amendment of Section 6.

"subject to the provisions of Article 311 of the Constitution of India and the rules prescribed by the State Government, the Director or any officer of appropriate rank as specified by the Inspector General of Police, Arunachal Pradesh may at any time dismiss, suspend or reduce in rank or award any of the

punishment to any member of the subordinate ranks whom he shall think responsible for remiss or negligence in the discharge of his duty or considered unfit for the same. The Director or any other officer of appropriate rank as specified by the Inspector General of Police, Arunachal Pradesh may also award any one more punishments as provided in the Central Civil Service (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1965 as adapted by the State of Arunachal Pradesh Adaptation of Laws Order, (No. 2) 1989. The provisions of the said Rules shall apply, mutatis mutandis, with regard to procedure of awarding punishment and other disciplinary action. Provided that the Inspector General of Police, Arunachal Pradesh reserves the right of revision of hearing of appeal in case of any alleged violations of principles, of natural justice or established procedure practices".