

The Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000 Act 12 of 2000

Keyword(s): Business, Dealer, Local Area, Value of Goods, Value of Goods

Amendments appended: 13 of 2001, 26 of 2001, 5 of 2003, 15 of 2004, 22 of 2004, 10 of 2005

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No. 918 (2)/XVII-V-1-1 (KA)-39-1999

Dated Lucknew April 10, 2000

1312001. In pursuance of the provisions of clause (3) of Article 348 of the Constitution of India, the Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following English translation of the Mal Ke Pravesh Par Kar Adhiniyam, 2000 (Untar Pradesh Adhiniyam Sankhya 12 of 2000) as passed by the Uttar Pradesh Legislature /and assented to by the

2003 THE UTTAR PRADESH TAX ON ENTRY OF GOODS ACT, 2000

15/2004 (U. P. ACT No. 12 OF 2000) 22/2004 [As passed by the Uttar Pradesh Legislature] 10/2005

Amendedby

An

ACT

to provide for the levy and collection of tax on entry of goods into a local area for consumption, use or sale therein and matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

IT IS BEREBY enacted in the Fifty-first Year of the Republic of India as follows :--

1. (1) This Act may be called the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000.

(2) It extends to the whole of Uttar Pradesh.

(3) It shall be deemed to have come into force on November 1, 1999.

Definitions

Short title

extent and

commencement

2. (1) In this Act,

(a) "business" includes,-

(i) any trade, commerce or manufacture or any adventure or concern in the nature of trade, commerce or manufacture, whether or not such trade, commerce, manufacture, adventure or concern is carried on with a motive to make profit and whether or not any profit accrues from such trade, commerce, manufacture, adventure or concern;

(ii) the execution of any works contract or the transfer of the right to use any goods for any purpose whether or not for a specified period; and

(iii) any transaction in connection with or incidental or anciliary to or resulting from such trade, commerce, manufacture, adventute or concern or works contract or lease ;

(b) "dealer" means any person, who in the course of business whether on his own account or on account of a principal or any other person, brings or causes to be brought into a local area any goods or takes delivery or is entitled to take delivery of goods on its entry into a local area and includes,....

(i) a local authority, body corporate, company, any co-operative society or other society, club, firm, Hindu undivided family or other association of person which carries on such business;

(ii) a factor, broker, arhati, commission agent, delcreders agent or any other mercantile agent, by whatever name called and whether of the same description as herein before mentioned or not, who carries on the business of buying, selling, supplying or distributing goods belonging to any principal, whether disclosed or not;

(iti) an auctioner who carries on the business of selling or auctioning goods belonging to any principal, whether disclosed or not, and whether the offer of the intending purchaser is accepted by him or by the principal or nominee of the principal;

(iv) a Government which, whether in the course of business or otherwise, buys, sells, supplies or distributes goods, directly or otherwise for case or for deferred payment or for commission remuneration or other valuable consideration;

(v) every person who acts within the State as an agent of a dealer residing outside the State, and bays, solls, supplies or distributes goods in the State or acts on behalf of such dealer as,—

(a) a mercantile agent as defined in he Sale of Goods Act, 1930; or

(b) an agent for handling of goods or documents of title relating to goods; or

(c) an agent for the collection or the payment of the sale price of goods or as a guaranter for such collection or such payment;

(vi) a firm or a company or other body corporate, the principal office or headquarters whereof is outside the State, having a branch or office in the State, in respect of purchases or sales, supplies or distribution of goods through such branch or office;

(vii) every person who carries on the business of transfer of property in goods (whether as goods or in some other form) involved in the execution of a works contract;

(viii) every person who cauries on business of transfer of the right to use any goods for any purpose (whether or not for a specified period) for cash, deferred payment or other valuable consideration;

(ix) any person who, in the course of occasional transactions of business nature, whether on his own account or on account of principal or any other person brings or causes to be brought into a local area any goods or takes delivery or is entitled to take delivery of goods on its entry into local area;

(c) "local area" means the territorial area of,-

(1) a Municipal Corporation under the Uttar Pradesh Munisipal Corporations Act, 1959;

(ii) a Municipality under the Uttar Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1916;

(iii) a Zila Panchayat or a Ksheitra Panchayat under the Uttar Pradesh Ksheitra Panchayats and Zila Panchayats Adhiniyam, 1961;

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(iv) a Gram Panchayat under the United I Raj Act, 1947;	Provi aces Panchayat
(v) a Cantonment under the Canton	•
(17) any Industrial Development Area under th	ne Uttar Pradesh 3
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price or transport charges and other charges, is not worthy of credence;	1mp-
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(iv) acquired or obtained otherwise than by way of purchase,	rent
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the 'value of goods' shall mean the value or the price at which the goods of the like kind or like quality is sold or in an other state.	the
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in the open market in the local area in which goods are being brought or received for consumption use or rate	nded
received for consumption, use or sale.	
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Explanation: For the purpose of ascertaining whole-sale price of any goods under this clause the whole sale	pods, t ake s
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goods under this clause the whole sale price shall include any amount paid or payable by the purchaser as avoirs due	14
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goods into a local area from any allocations of the entry of such	unt of egory.
goods into a local area from any place outside that local area as are used and consumed by the said	itry of
are used and consumed by the said unit subject to such conditions as may be specified in the notification is the said unit subject to such conditions	a, for
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respective rates applicable as on the date of commencement of sta	ie Hnerou
Policy subject to the conditions as may be notified in such notification	ons."

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(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) or sub-section (2), no tax shall be levied on and collected from a dealer who brings or causes to be brought into a local area any goods in respect of which tax has been paid in any other local area under the said subsections.

(5) No benefit under sub-section (4) shall be given to a dealer unless he furnishes, to the satisfaction of the assessing authority, such declaration or certificate obtained from the selling dealer in such form and manner and within such period as may be prescribed.

(6) Every notification made under this section shall, as soon as may be after it is made, be laid before each House of the State Legislature, while it is in session, for a total period of not less than fourteen days, extending in its one session or more than one successive sessions and shall unless some later date is appointed take effect from the date of its publication in Gazette subject to such modifications or annulments as the two Houses of the Legislature may during the said period agree to make, so however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done thereunder except that any imposition, assessment, levy or collection of

UND by 4-A. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provisions of this Act, any person who intends Realisation of tax to bring into a local area from any manufacturer within the State, such goods specified 13/2001 manuin the Schedule as may be notified by the through State Government, shall, at the time of taking delivery of the goods 26/207

from the manufacturer, pay to the manufacturer the tax payable on entry of such goods into the local area and the manufacturer shall receive the tax so paid.

(2) The manufacturer receiving the tax under sub-section (1) shall submit to the assessing authority a return in respect of the goods supplied, and the tax received, by him under sub-section (1) and deposit the tax so received, in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed.

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(3) Where any manufacturer refuses to receive, or fails to deposit, the tax under this section he shall be liable to pay the tax alongwith

the interest and penalty, if any, payable thereon which shall be recoverable as arrears of land revenue.

(4) Where the assessing authority is satisfied that any goods referred to in sub-section (1) is lost or destroyed after its delivery by the manufacturer and before its entry into the local area, it shall direct that the tax paid in respect of such goods shall be refunded to the person who had paid the tax under sub-section (1) :

Provided that no claim for such refund shall be entertained after the expiry of six months from the date of the loss or

destruction of the goods. (5) The provisions of section 5 shall not apply to a person making payment of the tax under sub-section (1) and such person shall not be assessed, or required to submit a return, under this Act."

"4-B. Where the State Government is satisfied that it is expedient in the public interest so to do, it may, by notification subject to such conditions and restrictions as may 26/2000 specified in the notification exempt, any goods or class of goods from

levy, or class of dealers from the payment of the tax."

onacted in this Act and any such order may be made so as to be retrospective to any date not earlier than the date of commencement of this Act.

(4) Every order made under sub-section (1) shall be laid, as soon as may be, before both the Houses of State Legislature and the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 23-A of the Uttar Pradesh General Clauses Act, 1904 shall apply as they apply in respect of rules made by the State Government under any Uttar Pradesh Act.

8. The State Government may make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

Power to remaye diffculties

> Powerto make rules

Repeal and Savings

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9. (1) The Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry on Goods Ordinance, 2000 is hereby repealed.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the Ordinance referred to in sub-section (1), or under the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Ordinance, 1999 shall be deemed to have been done or taken under this Ordinance as if the provisions of this Ordinance were in force at all material times.

SCHEDULE

(See section 4)

1. Aluminium ore, metal and scrap and aluminium rolled products and extrusion products.

2. Chemicals of all kinds.

3. Coffee.

4. Crude Oil as defined in section 14 of the Contral Sales Tax Act, 1956.

5. Machinery and spare parts of machinery valuing Rupees Ten lacs or more.

6. Motor Vehicles of all kinds including its chassis but excluding tractors.

7. Natural Gas.

8. Nylon yarn, polyster yarn and polyster staple fibre.

9. Refigerator, air conditioner, oven, washing machine and television.

10. Indian made foreign liquor.

11. Sugar.

12. Textiles of all kinds valuing more than rupees Fifty per-

13. Tobacco in all its form and all products of tobacco.

By order, Y. R. TRIPATHI, Pramukh Sachir. Ordi

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No. 982 (2)/XVII-V-1-1(KA)-10-2001

Dated Lucknow, April 30, 2001

In pursuance of the provisions of clause (3) of Article 348 of the Constitution of India, the Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following English translation of the Uttar Pradesh Mal Ke Pravesh Per Kar (Sanshoihan) Adhiniyam, 2001 (Uttar Pradesh Adhiniyam Sankhya 13 of 2001) as passed by the Uttar Pradesh Legislature and assented to by the Governor on April 30, 2001 along with the Statement of Objects and Reasons thereto.

THE UTTAR PRADESH TAX ON ENTRY OF GOODS] (AMENDMENT) AGT, 2001

(U. P. ACT NO. 13 OF 2001)

[As passed by the Uttar Pradesh Legislature]

AN

ACT

to emend the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000.

IT IS HEREBY enacted in the Fifty-second Year of the Republic of India as follows :--

1. (1) This Act may be called the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods (Amendment) Act, 2001.

Short title and commencement

(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on February 25, 2001.

2. After section 4 of the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000, hereinafter referred to as the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :--

facturer

"4-A. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provisions of this Act, any person who intends Realisation of tax to bring into a local area from any manuthrough manu-

facturer within the State, such goods specified in the Schedule as may be notified by the

State Government, shall, at the time of taking delivery of the goods from the manufacturer, pay to the manufacturer the tax payable on entry of such goods into the local area and the manufacturer shall receive the tax so paid.

(2) The manufacturer receiving the tax under sub-section (1) shall submit to the assessing authority a return in respect of the goods supplied, and the tax received, by him under sub-section (1) and deposit the tax so received, in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed. Insertion of a new section 4.A in U. P. Act no. 12 of 2000

उत्तर प्रदेश सताधारण गजट, 30 मप्रेल, 2001

(3) Where any manufacturer refuses to receive, or fails to deposit, the tax under this section he shall be liable to pay the tax alongwith the interest and penalty, if any, payable thereon which shall be recoverable as arrears of land revenue.

(4) Where the assessing authority is satisfied that any goods referred to in sub-section (1) is lost or destroyed after its delivery by the manufacturer and before its entry into the local area, it shall direct that the tax paid in respect of such goods shall be refunded to the person who had paid the tax under sub-section (1):

Provided that no claim for such refund shall be entertained after the expiry of six months from the date of the loss or destruction of the goods.

(5) The provisions of section 5 shall not apply to a person making payment of the tax under sub-section (1) and such person shall not be assessed, or required to submit a return, under this Act."

3. (1) Where any person has paid to the manufacturer before the commencement of this Act the tax payable under the principal Act, the manufacturer shall within one month from such commencement, deposit the tax so paid in the manner prescribed under the principal Act and shall also submit to the assessing authority a return in respect of the tax and the goods for which the tax has been realised by him.

(2) Where any manufacturer fails to deposit the tax in accordance with sub-setion (1) he shall be liable to pay the tax along with interest and penalty, if any, payable thereon which shall be recoverable as arrears of land revenue.

4. (1) The Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods (Amendment) Ordinance, 2001 is hereby repealed.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the provisions of the principal Act as amended by the Ordinance referred to in sub-section (1), shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of the principal Act as amended by this Act as if this Act were in force at all material times.

> By ordor, Y. R. TRIPATHI, Pramukh Sachiy.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The Uttar pradesh Tax on Entry of goods Act, 2000 is enacted to provide for the levy and collection of tax on entry of certain goods into a local area for consumption, use or sale therein. With a view to ensuring the collection of tax under the said Act, it was decided to amend the said Act to provide mainly for payment of entry tax, payable on such of the goods specified in the schedule as may be notified by the state Government, to the manufacturer if the delivery of the goods is taken from the manufacturer within the State and such manufacturer shall receive the tax and deposit it in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed.

AND AND THE REAL AND

Since the State Legislature was not in session and immediate legislative action was necessary, the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods (Amendment) Ordinance, 2001 (U. P. Ordinance no. 6 of 2001) was promulgated by the Governor on February 26, 2001.

This Bill is introduced to replace the aforesaid Ordinance.

Special provision with respect to the tax paid to the manufacturer before the commencement and this Act

Repeal (and Savings

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No. 2454(2)/XVII-V-1-1(KA)40-2001

Dated Lucknow, October 6, 2001

IN pursuance of the provisions of clause (3) of Article 348 of the Constitution, of India, the Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following English translation of the Uttar Pradesh Mal Ke Pravesh Par Kar (Dwitiya Sanshodhan) Adhiniyam, 2001 (Uttar Pradesh Adhiniyam Sankhya 26 of 2001) as passed by the Uttar Pradesh Legislature and assented to by the Governor on October 5, 2001:—

THE UTTAR PRADESH TAX ON ENTRY OF GOODS

(SECOND AMENDMENT) ACT, 2001

(U. P. Act No. 26 of 2001)

(As passed by the Uttar Pradesh Legislature)

AN

ACT

further to amend the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000.

IT IS HEREBY enacted in the Fifty-second Year of the Republic of India as follows:---

Short title

 This Act may be called the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods (Second Amendment) Act, 2001. उत्तर प्रदेश असाधारण गजट, 6 अक्टूबर, 2001

2. After section 4-A of the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000, the following section shall be *inserted*, namely :---

Insertion of a new section 4-B in U. P. Act no. 12 of 2000 3

"4-B. Where the State Government is satisfied that it is expedient in the Power to exempt subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be specified in the notification exempt, any goods or class of goods from levy, or class of dealers from the payment of the tax."

By order.

Y. R. TRIPATHI, Pramukh Sachiv.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000 has been enacted to provide for the levy and collection of tax on entry of goods into a local area for consumption, use or sale therein. It has been decided to amend the said Act to empower the State Government to exempt, in public interest, any goods or class of goods from levy, or class of dealers from the payment, of the tax.

The Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods (Second Amendment) Bill, 2001 is introduced accordingly.

पी०एस०यू०पी० ए०पी०—432 राजपत्र (हिन्दी)—(1155)—2001—597—कम्प्यूटर/आफसेट। पी८एस०यू०पी० ए०पी०—170 सा० विधा०—(1156)—2001—850—कम्प्यूटर/आफसेट। No. 367 (2)/VII-V-1-1(KA) 4-2003 Dated Lucknow, March 19, 2003

IN pursuance of the provisions of clause (3) of Article 348 of the Constitution of India, the Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following English translation of the Uttar Pradesh Mal Ke Pravesh Par Kar (Sanshodhan) Adhiniyam, 2003 (Uttar Pradesh Adhiniyam Sankhya 5 of 2003) as passed by the Uttar Pradesh Legislature and assented to by the Governor on March 12, 2003.

THE UTTAR PRADESH TAX ON ENTRY OF GOODS (AMENDMENT)

ACT, 2003

(U.P. ACT NO. 5 OF 2003)

[As passed by the Uttar Pradesh Legislature]

AN ACT

further to amend the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000.

IT IS HEREBY enacted in the Fifty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. (1) This Act may be called the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods (Amendment) Act, 2003.

(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on February 10, 2003.

2. In section 2 of the Uttar Pradesh Tax a Entry of Goods Act, 2000, hereinafter referred to as the principal Act, in sub-section (1), in clause (c) after sub-clause (v) the following sub-clause shall be *inserted* and be deemed to have been *inserted* on March 27, 2001, namely:-

"(vi) any Industrial Development Area under the Uttar Pradesh Industrial Area Development Act, 1976."

3. (1) The Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods (Amendment) Ordinance, 2003 is hereby repealed.

U.P.

Ordinance

no. 2 of 2003

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the provisions of the principal Act as amended by the Ordinance referred to in sub-section (1), shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of the principal Act as amended by this Act as if this Act were in force at all material times. Short title and commencement

3

Amendment of section 2 of U.P. Act. no. 12 of 2000

Repeal and Savings

उत्तर प्रदेश असाधारण गजट, 19 मार्च, 2003

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

Sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000 (U.P. Act no. 12 of 2000) provides that there shall be levied and collected a tax on entry of any goods specified in the Schedule into a local area from any place outside that local area including a place outside the Uttar Pradesh for consumption, use or sale therein, at such rates not exceeding five per cent of the value of the goods as may be specified by the State Government by notification. In clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the said Act the expression "local area" has been defined. On account of the exclusion of industrial development area from Panchayat area by amending the Uttar Pradesh Industrial Area Development Act, 1976 by the Uttar Pradesh Industrial Area Development (Amendment) Act, 2001 (U.P. Act no. 4 of 2001) the industrial development area has been excluded from the ambit of the definition of the "local area". It was, therefore, decided to amend section 2 of the said Act of 1976 in the definition of the "local area".

Since the State Legislature was not in session and immediate legislative action was necessary to implement the aforesaid decision, the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods (Amendment) Ordinance, 2003 (U.P. Ordinance no. 2 of 2003) was promulgated by the Governor on February 10, 2003.

This Bill is introduced to replace the aforesaid Ordinance.

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By order, R.B. RAO, Sachiv.

पी०एस०यू०पी०--ए० पी० 1084 राजपत्र (हि0)-2003-(2531)-597-(कम्प्यूटर/आफसेट)। पी०एस०यू०पी०--ए० पी० 265 सा० विधायी--19.3.2003--(2535)--850--(कम्प्यूटर/आफसेट)।

THE UTTAR PRADESH TAX ON ENTRY OF GOODS (AMENDMENT)

ACT, 2004

(U.P. ACT NO. 15 OF 2004)

(As passed by the Uttar Pradesh Legislature)

AN

ACT

further to amend the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000.

IT IS HEREBY enacted in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. (1) This Act may be called the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods (Amendment) Act, 2004.

(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on June 11, 2004.

2. In section 4 of the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000, hereinafter referred to as the principal Act, in sub-section (2), the following proviso shall be inserted in the end before the explanation, namely:-

> "Provided that the State Government, may by notification, permit any Power Project Industrial Unit engaged in generation, transmission and distribution, having aggregate capital investment of Rupees One thousand crore or more to own the liability of payment of tax of other dealers on the entry of such goods into a local area from any place outside that local area as are used and consumed by the said unit subject to such conditions as may be specified in the notification."

U.P. Ordinance no. 8 of 2003 3. (1) The Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods (Amendment) Ordinance, 2004 is hereby repealed.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the provisions of the principal Act as amended by the Ordinance referred to in sub-section (1) shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of the principal Act as amended by this Act as if the provisions of this Act were in force at all meterial times.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

With a view to implementing the State Energy Policy-2003 approved by the State Government it was decided to amend the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000 to provide for empowering the State Government to permit a Power Project Industrial Unit engaged in generation, transmission and distribution having aggregate capital investment of Rupees One thousand crore or more to own the liablility of payment of tax of any dealer on the entry of such goods into a local area from any place outside that local area as are used or consumed by such unit.

Since the State Legislature was not in session and immediate legislative action was necessary to implement the aforesaid decision, the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods (Amendment) Ordinance, 2004 (U.P. Ordinance no. 8 of 2004) was promulgated by the Governor on June 11, 2004.

This Bill is introduced to replace the aforesaid Ordinance.

By order, D.V. SHARMA, Pramukh Sachiv.

पी०एस०यू०पी०–ए०पी० 295 राजपत्र (हि०)–2004–(779)–597–कम्प्यूटर/आफसेट।

पी०एस०यू०पी०-ए०पी० 148 सा० विधा०-2004-(780)-850-कम्प्यूटर/आफसेट।

Short title and commencement

Amendment of section 4 of U.P. Act no. 12 of 2000

Repeal and saving

No. 1226(2)/VII-V-1-1 (Ka) 29-2004 Dated Lucknow, August 13, 2004

IN pursuance of the provisions of clause (3) of Article 348 of the Constitution of India, the Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following English translation of the Uttar Pradesh Mal Ke Pravesh Par Kar (Dwitiya Sanshodhan) Adhiniyam, 2004 (Uttar Pradesh Adhiniyam Sankhya 22 of 2004) as passed by the Uttar Pradesh Legislature and assented to by the Governor on August 12, 2004.

THE UTTAR PRADESH TAX ON ENTRY OF GOODS (SECOND AMENDMENT) ACT, 2004

(U.P. ACT NO. 22 OF 2004)

[As passed by the Uttar Pradesh Legislature]

AN

Аст

further to amend the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000

IT IS HEREBY enacted in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. This Act may be called the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods (Second Amendment) Act, 2004.

Short title

2. In section 4 of the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000, after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be *inserted*, namely:-

Amendment of section 4 of U. P. Act no. 12 of 2000

"(2-A) The State Government may, by notification, remit the amount of tax to the extent necessary to ensure that effective rates of tax on entry of goods into a local area from any place outside that local area, for consumption or use in a Power Project Industrial Unit, do not exceed the respective rates applicable as on the date of commencement of State Energy Policy subject to the conditions as may be notified in such notifications."

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

With a view to implementing the State Energy Policy, 2003 approved by the State Government it has been decided to amend the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000 (U. P. Act no. 12 of 2000) to provide for empowering the State Government to remit the amount of tax to the extent necessary to ensure that the effective rates of tax on entry of goods into a local area from any place outside that local area for consumption or use in a Power Project Industrial Unit shall not exceed the respective rates applicable on the date of commencement of the said Policy.

The Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods (Second Amendment) Bill, 2004 is introduced accordingly.

By order, D. V. SHARMA, Pramukh Sachiv.

पी०एस०यू०पी०--ए० पी० ३४९ राजपत्र (हि0)--(936)--2004--597 प्रतियाँ (कम्प्यूटर/आफसेट)। पी०एस०यू०पी०--ए० पी० १५६ सा० विधायी--(937)--2004--850 प्रतियाँ (कम्प्यूटर/आफसेट)।

No. 478(2)/VII-V-1-1(Ka)13-2005

Dated Lucknow March 24, 2005.

IN pursuance of the provisions of clause (3) of article 348 of the Constitution of India, the Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following English translation of the Uttar Pradesh Mal Ke Pravesh Par Kar (Sanshodhan) Adhiniyam, 2005 (Uttar Pradesh Adhiniyam Sankhya 10 of 2005) as passed by the Uttar Pradesh Legislature and assented to by the Governor on. March 23, 2005 :

THE UTTAR PRADESH TAX ON ENTRY OF GOODS (AMENDMENT) Act, 2005

(U.P. Act no. 10 of 2005)

(As passed by the Uttar Pradesh Legislature)

AN

ACT

further to amend the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000

IT IS HEREBY enacted in the Fifty-sixth Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. This Act may be called the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Short title (Amendment) Act, 2005.

2. In section 2 of the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000, hereinafter referred to as the principal Act, in sub-section (1),-

Amendment of section 2 of U.P. Act no. 12 of 2000

ingeles person Met Con, encor

(a) in clause (c), after sub-clause (vi) the following sub-clause shall be inserted, namely:-

"(vii) any other local authority by whatsoever name called under an Act of the Parliament or the State Legislature;";

(b) for the existing clause (e) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-

"(e) 'Value of goods' means the value of any goods as ascertained from original purchase invoice or bill and includes value of packing material, packing and forwarding charges, insurance charges, amounts representing excise duty, countervailing duty, customs duty and other like duties, amount of any fee or tax charged, transport charges. freight charges and any other charges relating to purchase and transportation of such goods into the local area in which goods are being brought or received for consumption, use or sale therein : Provided that where any goods have been,-

(i) purchased and the value thereof is not ascertainable on account of non availability or non production of any document; or

(ii) purchased and the value declared by the dealer or the person incharge is not verifiable on account of non-availability or nonproduction of any document; or

(iii) purchased and a document produced in support of purchase price or transport charges and other charges, is not worthy of credence; or

(iv) acquired or obtained otherwise than by way of purchase,

the 'value of goods' shall mean the value or the price at which the goods of the like kind or like quality is sold or is capable of being sold at whole-sale price in the open market in the local area in which goods are being brought or received for consumption, use or sale.

Explanation: For the purpose of ascertaining whole-sale price of any goods under this clause the whole sale price shall include any amount paid or payable by the purchaser as excise duty or any other duty but shall not include any amount charged for anything done to the goods after entry of goods into the local area or any amount of fee or tax including tax under this Act payable in respect of sale of the goods of the like kind or like quality."

3. In section 4 of the principal Act, the following explanation shall be *inserted* at the end namely:-

"*Explanation*-For the removal of doubt it is hereby clarified that in relation to a local area or place the expression 'outside Uttar Pradesh' shall mean a place situate outside the State of Uttar Pradesh whether it is within the territory of India or outside thereof."

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

It has been decided to amend the Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000 to include the territorial area of the other local authorities created under the Acts of the Parliament or the State Legislature in the definition of local area to avoid dispute in the levy and collection of tax in future and also to clarify the "Value of goods" and the expression "outside Uttar Pradesh" for the easy determination of the amount of tax.

The Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods (Amendment) Bill 2005 is introduced accordingly.

By order. D.V. SHARMA,

्रत्रावयूव्योव एवटेच 978 - जन्म के विकास न्देश्वान् न्यान वसियांन राज्यान राज्यास्त्र

अर्सक्यूक्तींव संदर्भीव 30 में में मिलन्द्र सन्द्र- २_१- २० - कीर्यान्स के सुरू ∕ालयेकी

Amendment of section 4.

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