

## The Andhra Pradesh Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1987

Act 34 of 1987

Keyword(s): Employee, Employer, Establishment, Independent Inspector, Unpaid Accumulations, Wages, Welfare Commissioner

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## ACT NO. 34 OF 19870

[19th August] 1987]

An Act to provide for the Constitution of a Fund for the financing of activities to promote welfare of labour in the state of Andhra Pradesh and for the establishment of board for conducting such activities and for matters connected therewith.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assorbly of the State of Andhva Pradesh in the Thirtyeighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. (1) This Act may be called the Andhra Short title, Pradesh Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1987, and comm-

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\*Received the assent of the President on the 16th August, 1957. For Statement of Objects and Reasons, places see the Andhra Prodesh Gazeite, Port IV-A Extraordinary, deted the 16th July, 1986 at page 29. (2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification, appoint.

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,-

(1) 'Board' means the Andhra Pradesh Labour Welfare Board established under section 4;

(2) 'employee' means :----

(i) any person who is employed for hire or reward to do any work, skilled or unskilled, manual, supervisory, clerical, or technical, in an establishment for a period of thirty days during the period of twelve months, whether the terms of employment be express or implied; but does not include any person—

(a) who is employed mainly in a managerial capacity; or

(b) who being employed in a supervisory capacity, draws wages exceeding Rs. 1,600 (Rupees sixteen hundred) per mensum or exercises either by the nature of the duties attached to the office or by reason of the powers vested in him, functions mainly of a managerial nature; or

(c) who is employed as an apprentice or on part-time basis.

Explanation.—An apprentice means a person who according to the Certified Standing Orders applicable to the establishment is an apprentice or who is declared to be an apprentice by the authority specified in this behalf by the Government; and

(ii) any other person employed in any establishment; whom the Government, may by notification, declare to be an employee for the purposes of this Act :

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(3) 'employer' means any person who employs either directly or through another person either on behalf of himself or any other person, one or more employees in an establishment and includes—

(i) in a factory, any person named under section 7 (1) (f) of the Factories Act, 1948 as the manager; <sup>Central</sup> Act

(ii) in any establishment, any person responsible to the owner for the supervision and control of the employees or for the payment of wages;

(4) 'establishment' means-

(i) a factory as defined in section 2 (m) of the Central Act Factories Act, 1948;

(ii) a motor transport undertaking as defined Central Act in the Motor Transport Workers Act, 1961;

d) any other establishment as defined វត្ severon 7 (11) of the condition Process. Shops and Betroll-Janonis Apr. 1966; and Includes a conterly sects of e-face of tanks any law in force in the Gare relating Bis. of the trade of population and a photon in an arrange strate mission of sectors and the sectors of · · · · · a de la composición d the set of the set ng ng ang polong dan kasarang sa vor, socialità interación de servición de la conferencia de la Agropación presente e padroción el contenta cuata e un tracta e en en el el contrato concerno) de Contení o Europ Pate Childeareand

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(6) 'Oovernment' means the State Government;

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(7) independent member' means a member of the Board who is not connected with the management of any establishment or who is not an employee; and includes an officer of the Government nominated as a member;

(8) 'Inspector' means an Inspector appointed under section 18;

(9) 'notification' means a notification published in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette and the word 'notified' shall be construed accordingly:

(10) 'prescribed' means prescribed by the Government by the rules made under this Act;

(11) 'unpaid accumulations' means all payments due to an employee but not paid to him within a period of three years from the date on which they became due, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, including the wages and gratuity icgally payable, but does not include the amount of contribution, if any paid by an employer to a Provident Fund established under the Employees Provident Funds Act, 1952;

Central Act 19 of 1952.

> (12) 'Wages' means all remuneration capable of being expressed in terms of money which would, if the terms of the contract of employment, express or implied were fulfilled, be payable to an employee in respect of his employment or of work done in such employment and includes bonus payable under the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965, but does not include,—

(a) the value of any house accomodation, supply of light, water, medical attendance, or any other amenity or any service excluded from the computation of wages by general or special order of the Government.

Central Act 21 of 1965. (b) any contribution paid by the employer to any pension fund or provident fund or under any scheme of social insurance;

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(c) any travelling allowance or the value of any travelling concession;

(d) any sum paid to the employee to defray special expenses entailed on him by the nature of his employment; or

(e) any gratuity payable on termination of employment;

(13) 'Welfare Commissioner' means the Welfare Commissioner appointed under section 17.

3. (1) The Government shall constitute a fund Constitution to be called the Andhra Pradesh Labour Welfare of Andhra Fund, and notwithstanding anything contained in Labour any other law for the time being in force or in any Welfare contract or instrument. all unpaid accumulations shall be paid, at such intervals as may be prescribed, to the Board, and be credited to the Fund and the Board shall keep a separate account therefor until claims thereto have been decided in the manner, provided for in section 8.

(2) There shall also be credited to the Fund.---

(a) unpaid accumulations paid to the Board under section 8;

(b) all fines including the amount realised under Standing Orders issued under the Andhra Pradesh Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Rules, 1953 from the employees by the employers notwithstanding anything contained in any agreement between the employer and the employee.

(c) deductions made under the proviso to Central Asub-section (2) of section 9 of the payment of Wages Act, 1936. i

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(d) contribution by employers and employees;

(e) any interest by way of penalty paid under section 9;

(f) any voluntary donations;

(g) any amount <u>raised</u> by the Board from other sources to augment the resources of the Board;

(h) any fund transferred under sub-section (5) of section 12;

(i) any sum borrowed under section 13;

(j) grants or advances made by the Government.

(k) any money deposited under sub-section Central Act (1) of section 8 of the Workmens Compensation s of 1923. Act, 1923 as compensation in respect of a deceased teatemen where the Commissioner for Workmens Conversation is satisfied after necessary anguiry hat the Bounders estimate subject however, to the Reference penalticible under the sate subjection many principal territed by unclasses of a

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a cho choite a choite c (1.1) The Contribute shall by the event the sound to note the whole of the State of the label balance one caned the "Andhra Pracish theory "More Scard" for the purpose of administering the little and to carry on such other functions as are assignet to the Board by or under this Act.

(2) The Board shall be a body corporate by the name of the Andhra Pradesh Labour Welfare Board having perpetual succession and a common seat, with power to acquire, hold and dispose off property, both movable and immovable, and shall, by the said name, -sue and be sued.

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(3) The Board shall consist of such number of members as may be prescribed in each of the following categories, namely:-

(a) representatives of employers and employees in equal proportion, to be nominated by the Government :

(b) independent members; to be nominated by the Government, as follows:----

(i) Minister for Labour shall be the Chairman;

(ii) the Secretary to Government. Labour Employment, Nutrition and Technical Education Department, ex-officio;

(iii) the Secretary to Government, Finance and Planning (Finance) Department, ex-officio;

(iv) the Secretary to Government, Industries Department, ex-officio;

(y) a woman member to represent women.

(4) Save as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, the term of office of the members of the Board shall be three years commencing on the date on which their names are notified.

(5) The allowances, if any, payable to the menubers of the Board and the conditions of nomination of the representatives of the employers and employees shall be such as may be prescribed.

5. (1) No person shall be nominated as or continue Disqualifito be, a member of the Board who----

cations and removal.

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(a) is a salaried official of the Board; or J. 1963-40

(b) is or at any time has been adjudged insolvent or has suspended payment of his debts or has compounded with his creditors; or

(c) is found to be of unsound mind, or;

(d) is or has been convicted by a criminal Court for an offence involving moral turpitude, unless such conviction has been set aside; or

(e) is in arrears of any sum due to the Board.

(2) The Government may remove from office any member who-

(a) is or has become subject to any of the disqualifications mentioned in sub-section (1) or

(b) is absent without leave of the Board for more than three consecutive meetings of the Board:

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Provided that before taking, action under this sub-section, the member concerned shall be given an opportunity to make his representation against the action proposed.

6. (1) A member may resign his office by giving notice thereof in writing to the Government, and on the resignation being accepted, he shall be deemed to have vacated his office as such.

(2) A casual vacancy in the office of a member shall be filled by nomination of another person from the concerned category and a member so nominated shall hold office for the unexpired portion of the term of the office of his predecessor.

(3) No act or proceedings of the Board shall be invalid on the ground merely of the existence of any vacancy in, or any defect in the constitution of, the Board.

Resignation Of office by nigmber and filling up of c sual Vacanci is.

7. For the purpose of advising the Board in Power to appoint the discharge of its functions and in particular for Committees. carrying into effect any of the matters specified in sub-section(2) of section 12, the Board may constitute one or more committees consisting of at least one member of the Board and equal number of representative of employees and employers.

8. (1) All unpaid accumulations shall, subject Unpaid to other provisions of this section, be deemed to accumulations transbe abandoned property and be transferred to the fered to the control and administration of the Board and shall Fund and vest in the Board.

(2) Any unpaid accumulations transferred to the Board in accordance with the provisions of this Act shall, on such transfer, discharge an employeer of the liability to make payment to an employee in respect thereof, but to the extent only of the amount transferred to the Board; and the liability to make payment, to the employee to the extent aforesaid shall be deemed to be transferred to the Board.

(3) As soon as possible, after the transfer of any unpaid accumulations to the Board, the Board shall publish a notice, containing such particulars as may be prescribed, in the following manner:---

(a) by exhibiting on the notice board of the establishment in which the unpaid accumulations were earned;

(b) by publishing in the Andhra Pradesh Garette; and

(c) by publishing in any two newspapers having wide circulation, and in the language commonly understood, in the area in which the establishment in which the unpaid accumulations were earned, is situate, or in such other manner as may be prescribed, regard being had to the amount of the claim; and shall invite claims by employees for any payment due to them. The notice shall be so published ordinarily in the months of June and December of every year, for a period of three years, from the date of the transfer to the unpaid accumulations to the Board.

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(4) Where any question arises whether the notice referred to in sub-section (3) was given publicity as required by that sub-section, a certificate to that. effect given by the Board shall be conclusive proof of such publication.

(5) Where a claim is received whether in pursuance of notice aforeasid or otherwise, the within я period of four years from the date **first** publication of the notice in respect of such claim. the Board shall transfer such claim to the authority appointed under section 15 of the Payment of Wages Act, 1936, having jurisdiction in the area in which the establishment is situate, and the said authority shall proceed to adjudicate upon, and decide such claim; and in hearing such claim, the said authority shall have the same powers conferred by and follow the same procedure, in so far as it is applicable, laid down by or under the provisions of that Act.

(6) If the said authority, after making the enquiry into the validity of any claim, is satisfied that any such claim is valid, and the employee entitled to receive payment, it shall pass an order directing that the unpaid accumulation or any part thereof in relation to which the claim is made shall cease to be deemed to be abandoned property and to be transferred to the Board and that the Board shall pay the whole or such part of the accumulation as the authority decides to be property due, to the employee; and the Board shall make the payment accordingly:

Provided that the Board shall not be liable to pay any sum in excess of that transferred under subsection (1) of section 3 to the Board an unpaid accumulations in respect of the claim.

Central Act 4 of 1936. (7) Where a claim for payment is refused by the said admority, the employee shall have a right of appeal in the cities of hyderabad and Secunderabad, to the Court of small Causes, and elsewhere, to the Ensitier Court, and the Board shall comply with any order made by the Court in such appeal. Every appeal under this sub-section shall lie within sixty days item the date of communication of the order of refusar of the said authority.

(8) The decision of the said authority if no appeal is filed, and the decision of the Court in appeal, shall be initial anti conclusive as to the right to receive payment, as to the hability of the Board to pay and also as to the amount, if any, so payaole.

(9) Where no claim is made wanth the time specified in sub-section  $(5) \in r$  is that made has been refused as aforesaid by the said authority and no appeal has been field by the said authority and no appeal has been field within the time anowed for such appeal or an appeal field has been dismissed by the Court, as the case may be, then the unpaid accumulations in respect of such claim shan accure to, and vest in, the State as bona vacantia, and shall thereafter, without further enquiry and declaration, be deemed to be transferred to, and form part of the Fund.

9. (1) if an employer does not pay to the Board Interest on any amount of unpaid accumulations, of fines rea-unpaid acculised from the employees, within the time specified mulation or thereford by or under this Act, the Weitare Commis-notice of sioner may serve or cause to be served a notice on damand, such employer to pay the smouth within the period specified therein which shall not be less than thirty days from the date of pervice of such notice.

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(2) If the employer fails, without sufficient cause, to pay any such amount within the period specified in the notice, he shall, in addition to the amount, pay by way of penalty to the Board simple interest.—

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(a) for the first three months at one per cent of the said amount for each complete month or part thereof after the last date by which he should have paid if according to the notice; and

(b) for each complete month or part thereafter at one and half percent of that amount during the time he continues to make default in the payment of that amount:

Provided that the Welfare Commissioner may, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, remit the whole or any part of the penalty in respect ot any period.

Contribution 10. (1) Every employee shall contribute two rupees to the Fund by employee per year to the Fund and every employer shall, in resand employer pect of each such employee, contribute five rupees per year to the Fund.

> (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, the employer shall be entitled to recover from the employees the umployees' contribution by deduction from his wages in such manner as may be prescribed and such deduction shall be deemed to be a deduction authorised by or under the Payment of Wages Act, 1936.

> 11. The Government may, from time to time, make grants and advance loans to the Board to the extent of the Fund available for the purposes of this Act, on such terms and conditions as the Government may, in each case, determine.

Vesting and the Fund.

12. (1) The Fund shall vest in and be held and application of applied by the Board as trustees subject to the provisions and for the purposes of this Act. The moneys therein shall be utilized by the Board to defray the cost of carrying out measures which may be specified by the Government, from time to time, for promoting the welfare of labour and of their dependents.

Central Act 4 of 1936.

Grants and advances by the Government.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions in sub-section (1), the money in the Fund may be utilized by the Board to defray expenditure on the following:—

- (a) labour welfare centres under the control of the Labour Department of the Government;
- (b) reading rooms and libraries;
- (c) games and sports;

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- (d) community necessities;
- (e) excursions, tours and holiday homes;
- (f) entertainment and other forms of recreation;
- (g) home industries and subsidiary occupations for women and unemployed persons;
- (h) corporate activities of social nature;
- (i) vocational training;
- (i) convalescent homes for tuberculosis patients;
- (k) pre-schools;
- (1) nutritious food to children of employees;
- (m) construction and maintenance of the labour welfare centre buildings;
- (n) cost of administering the Act including the salaries and allowances of the staff appointed for the purposes of the Act;
- (o) medical aid to employees for specialised treatment in deserving cases; and
- (p) such other objects as would in the opinion of the Government improve the standard of living and ameliorate the social conditions of labour:

Provided that the Fund shall not be utilized in financing any measure which the employer is required under any law for the time being in force to carry out:

Provided further that unpaid accumulations and fines shall be paid to the Board and be expended by it under this Act, notwithstanding anything Central Act in the Payment of wages Act, 1936, or any other law 4 of 1936. for the time being in force.

> (3) The Board may, with the approval of the Government, make a grant out of the rund to any employer, any local authority or any other body in and of any activity for the wehare or labour approved by the Government.

> (4) If any question arises whether any particular expenditure is or is not depitable to the Fund, the matter shall be referred to the Government, whose decision thereon shall be final.

> (5) It shall be lawful for the Board to continue any activity linanced from the labour welfare fund of any establishment, if the said fund is duty transferred to the Board,

> 13. Subject to the other provisions of this Act the Board may, from time to time, with the previous sanction of the Government, and subject to such conditions as may be specified by the Government in this behalf borrow any sum required for the purposes of the Act.

14. (1) All moneys and receipts forming part of the Fund shall be deposited in the Reserve Bank of Deposits of India constituted under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, or in the State Bank of India, constituted under the State Bank of India Act, 1955, or anv corresponding new Bank as defined in the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970, or any other scheduled bank or the State Co-operative Bank or such other co-operative bank as the Government may notify in this behalf and the bank account shall be operated upon bv such officers of the Board as may be authorised by the Board and in such manner as may be prescribed.

Power of Board to borrow.

Fund and placing of accounts and audit report before the Government Central Act 2 of 1934. Central Act 23 of 1955 Central Act of 5 1970.

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(2) The accounts of the Board as certified by the auditor, together with the audit report thereon shall be forwarded yearly to the Government and the Government may issue such instructions to the Board in respect thereof as they may deem fit and the Board shall comply with all such instructions. A copy off the accounts of the Board, as certified by the Auditor together with a copy of the audit report thereon shall be laid on the table of the Legislative Assembly of the State.

15. Where the Fund or any portion thercof Investment cannot be utilised within a period of ninety days for of Fund. fulfilling the objects of the Act, the Board shall invest the same in any of the securities specified in clauses (a) to (d) of section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882 or in fixed deposit bonds of the State Co-operative Bank or such other Co-operative Bank as the <sup>Contral Act</sup> Government may notify from time to time in this behalf, or in such other security as may be expressly authorised by the Government in this behalf.

16. The Government may give to the Board such Directions directions as in their opinion are necessary or expe-by Governdient in connection with the expenditure from the Board to Fund or for carriying out the purposes of this Act and it shall be the duty of the Board to comply with all such directions.

17. (1) The Board shall, with the previous ap-Appointproval of the Government, appoint an officer of the ment and Labour Department not below the rank of Joint powers of Commissioner of Labour, as Welfare Commissioner Commiswho shall be the Chief Executive Officer of the Board. <sup>sinner</sup>. It shall be the duty of the Welfare Commissioner to ensure that the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder are duly carried out, and for this purpose he shall have the power to issue such orders, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder, as he deems fit, including any order implementing the decisions of the Board taken by or under this Act.

(2) Notwithstanding anything in sub-section (1), the first Welfare Commissioner shall be appointed by the Government, as soon as may be practicable, after the commencement of this Act for such period, not exceeding five years, and on such conditions, as the Government may think fit.

 18. (1) The Government may appoint as many Inspectors as are required to inspect records in connection with the sums payable into the Fund.

(2) Any Inspector may,—

(a) with such assistance as he thinks fit, enter at any reasonable time any premises for carrying out the provisions of this Act;

(b) exercise such other powers as may be prescribed;

(c) make such examination and hold <u>such</u> inquiry as may be necessary for ascertaining whether the provisions of this Act, have been and are being complied with;

(d) require the production of any prescribed register and any other document in possession of the employer in connection with the sums payable to the Fund.

Appointment of clerical and others staff by Board. 19. The Board shall have power to appoint such officers and clerical and executive staff as it thinks fit to carry out the purposes of the Fund and to supervise and control the activities of any other body financed from the Fund:

Provided that the expenditure on account of the officers and servants appointed by the Board and any other administrative expenses to be incurred by the Board shall not exceed fifteen percent of the annual income of the Fund.

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Appointment of Inspectors. 20. The Government shall have power to ap-Power of point any person to, or remove any such person from, over staff of the service of the Board, in respect of whom the Board in Board by a special resolution of more than one-third cases. of its members, so authorises the Government.

21. (1) As soon as may be after the commence-Allotment ment of this Act, the Government may, after consul of certain ting the Board, direct by general or special order-officers and that such of the officers and other servants serving im-Board. mediately before the notified date in connection with the affairs of the State as are specified in the order shall be alloted to serve in connection with the, affairs of the Board with effect on and from such date as may be specified in the order:

Provided that no such direction shall be issued in respet of any officer or other servants without his consent for such allotment:

Provided further that the conditions of service applicable immediately before the notified date to any such person shall not be varied to his dis-advantage except with the previous approval of the Government.

(2) With effect on and from the notified date, the officers and other servants specified in such order shall become employees of the Board and shall cense to be officers or servants of the Government.

Explanation:—In this section, 'notified date means such date; as is notified by the Government in this behalf.

22. (1) The moneys standing to the credit under Transfer of the Provident Fund Account of any officer or servant Provident allotted from the service of the Government to the Brand. service of the Board on the date specified in the order under sub-section (1) of section 21 shall stand transferred to and vest in the Board with effect on and from such date.

(2) The Board shall, as soon as may be after such date, constitute in respect of the moneys transferred to and vested in it under sub-section (1); a similar fund and may invest the accumulations under the fund in such securities and subject to such conditions, as may be specified by the Board with the approval of the Government.

23. The Government or any officer authorised by t them in this behalf, may call for and examine the records of the Board for the purpose of supervising the working of the Board and may pass such orders as they or he may think fit.

24. Any sum payable into the Fund under this Act shall, without prejudice to any other mode of recovery, be recoverable on behalf of the Board as an arrear of land revenue.

25. Any person who wilfully obstructs an Inspector in the exercise of his powers or discharge of his duties under this Act or fails to produce for inspection on demand by an Inspector any register, record or other document maintained in pursuance of the provisions of this Act or the rules made there under or to supply to him on demand true copies of any such document shall, on conviction, be punished,—

(a) for the first offence, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both; and

(b) for a second or subsquent offence, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with beth:

Provided that in the absence of special and adequate reasons to the contrary to be mentioned in the judgement of the court in any case where the offender is sentenced to fine only, the amount of fine shall not be less than fifty rupees.

Powers of Government or authorised officer to call for records, etc.

Mode of recovery of sums p v/able into the Fund, etc.,

Penalty for obstrue ing inspection or for failure to produce documents, etc., 26. (1) No court shall take cognizance of any Cognizance of fence punishable under this Act except on a complaint by, or with the previous sanction in writing of, the Welfare Commissioner.

(2) No court inferior to that of a Magistrate of first class shall try any cifence punishable by or under this Act.

27. (1) If the person comitting an offence under this Act is a company, every person who, at the time offences by the offence was committed, was incharge of, and was responsible to, the company for the conduct of the business of the company as well as the company shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence, and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall render such person liable to any punishment provided in this Act, if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge, or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of the offence.

(2) Notwithstanding anything in sub-section (1) where an offence under this Act has been committed by a company and it is proved that the offence has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to any neglect on the part of any director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company, such director, manager, secretary or other officer shall also be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Explanation:—For the purposes of this section, 'company' means a body corporate and includes a firm or other association of individuals; and 'director' in relation to a firm means a partner in the firm.

28. No court shall take cognizance of an offence Limitation punishable by or under this Act unless a complaint of prosecuthereof is made within six months of the date on which tion. the offence is alleged to have been committed. 29. In regard to any money set apart in any establishment specifically for the purpose of promoting the welfare of the employees in such establishment, the Board shall have power——

(i) to require the production of any document in possession of the employer of the establishment in connection with such money to satisfy itself as to whether such money is being applied for such purposes;

(ii) to call for any such information from the employer of the establishment as it may deem relevant; and

(iii) to issue such directions to the employer of the establishment as it may deem fit for the purpose of utilising the Fund for promoting the welfare of the employees in the establishment.

Penalty for non-copmli anc: with the direction of the Board.

Power to

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Supervice

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30. Any person who wilfully fails to produce any document required by the Board or to furnish any information called for by the Board or wilfully fails to comply with any direction issued by the Board under section 29 shall, on conviction, be punished with—

(a) for the first offence, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both and

(b) for a second or subsequent offence, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both:

Provided that in the absence of special and adequate reasons to the contrary to be mentioned in the judgement of the court; in any case where the offender is sentenced to fine only, the amount of fine shall not be less than fifty rupees.

31. The Board shall, as soon as may be after the Annual Report. end of each year, prepare and submit to the Government before such date and in such form as may be prescribed, a report giving an account of its activities during the previous year, and the report shall also give an account of the activities, if any, which are likely to be undertaken by the Board in the next year. A copy of such report shall be laid on the table of the Legislative Assembly of the State.

32. (1) If the Government are of opinion that the superses-Board is unable to perform or has persistently made sion of the default in the performance of, the duty imposed on it Board. by or under this Act or has exceeded or abused its powers, they may, by notification, supersede the Board for a period not exceeding six months as may be specified in the notification:

Provided that before issuing a notification under this sub-section, the Government shall, by notice require the Board to show cause within such period as may be specified in the notice why it would not be superseded and shall consider the explanations and objections, if any, of the Board.

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(2) Upon the publication of a notification under sub-section (1) superseding the Board,—

(a) the Chairman and all the members of the Board shall, as from the date of supersession, vacate their offices as such;

(b) all the powers and duties which may, by or under the provisions of this Act be exercised or performed by or on behalf of the Board and the Chairman shall, during the period of supersession be exercised and performed by such authority or person as the Government may direct;

(c) all funds and other property vested in the Board shall, during the period of supersession, vest in the authority or person referred to in clause (b); and

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(d) all liabilities, legally subsisting and enforceable against the Board shall be enforceable against the authority or person referred to in clause (b) to the extent the funds and properties vested in it or him.

(3) On the expiration of the period of superession specified in the notification issued under sub-section (1), the Government may,—

(a) extend the period of supersession for such further period not exceeding six months as they may consider necessary; or

(b) reconstitute the Board in the manner provided in sub-section (3) of section 4.

Delegation of Powers. 33. (1) The Government may, by notification; authorise any authority or officer to exercise any of the powers vested in them by or under this Act except the power to make rules under section 37 and may in like manner withdraw such authorisation.

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(2) The Board may, by general or special order in writing delegate to the Welfare Commissioner or other officer of the Board such of its powers and functions under this Act except the power to make regulations under section 38, as it may deem necessary and it may in like manner withdraw such delegation.

(3) The exercise of any power delegated under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) shall be subject to such restrictions and conditions as may be specified in the order and also to control and revision by the Government or by such officers as may be empowered by the Government in this behalf or, as the case may be, by the Board or such officer as may be empowered by the Board in this behalf.

(4) The Government or the Board, as the case may be, shall also have the power to control and revise the acts and proceedings of any officer so empowered. 34. All the members of the Board, the Welfare Members of Commissioner, Inspectors and all Officers and servants Welfare of the Board shall be deemed to be public servants sioner, within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal and all Code, 1860.

and all officers and servants of the Board to be public servants. Central Act 45 of 1860.

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35. (1) No suit, prosecution or other legal procee-protection dings shall lie against any person for anything which is, of action in good faith, done or intended to be done in pursuance taken in of this Act or any rule or order made thereunder.

(2) No suit or other legal proceedings shall lie against the Government or the Board for any damage caused, or likely to be caused by anything which is, in good faith, done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Act or any rule or order made thereunder.

36. The Government may, by notification, exempt Exemption. any establishment or class of establishments from all or any of the provisions of this Act subject to such conditions as may be specified in the notification.

37. (i) The Government may, by notification, make Power of Gorules to carry out all or any of the purposes of this vernment to Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the<sup>a</sup> generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:

of sums referred to in sub-section (3) of section 3, and the period within which the same shall be paid to the credit of the Fund;

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. . .

 (b) the manner in which the accounts of the Fund shall be realistical and audited under sub-section
(3) of section 3;

(c) the procedure for making graver one of the Point;

(d) the procedure for defraying the e.g endlute incurred in administering the Fund;

(e) the number of representations of the employees and employees, on the Board;

(f) the allowances, if any, payable to them under section 4;

(g) the proceedure to be followed at the meetings of the Board and the manner in which the Board shall conduct its business;

(h) the particulars in the notice regarding unpuid accumulations;

(i) the dufies and powers of the Welfare Commissioner and the Inspectors and the conditions of service of the Welfare Commissioner and the Inspectors and other staff appointed by the Board under this Act;

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(j) the percentage of the annul life me of the Fund beyond which the Board may not spend on the staff and on other administrative expenses;

(k) the registers and records to be maintained by the Board or its officers and servants under this Act including the register to be kept separately for the account of unpaid accumulations;

(1) the publication of the report of the activities of bodies financed from the Fund together with a statement of receipts and expenditure of the Fund and statement of accounts;

(iii) any other matter which mutar this darie or

(3) Every rule made under this Act shall immaditicly after it is made, be laid before the "Legislative exactly of the Store if it is in session and if it is not have evaluable of the Store if it is in session and if it is not have evaluable of the session immediately following for a notaevaluable of the session immediately following for a notaevaluable of the session in which it is not have the evaluate of the session in which it is not have the session have ediately following the Legislative Assembly agrees in making any modification in the rule of in the unnulment of the rule, the rule shall, from the date on which the modification or annulment is notified, have effect only in such modified form or shall stand annuled as the cale may be, so however that any modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

38. (1) The Board may, by notification, make re-power gulations, not inconsistent with this Act and the rules makes makes make thereunder, for the purpose of giving effect to the result provisions of this Act.

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(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such regulations may provide for,—

(a) all matters expressly required or allowed by this Act to be laid down by regulations;

(b) the terms and the conditions of appointment and service and the scales of pay of officers and servants of the Board, including the payment of travelling and daily allowances in respect of journeys undertaken by such officers and servants of the Board;

(c) the supervision and control over the acts and proceedings of the officers and servants of the Board and the maintenance of discipline and conduct among the officers and servants of the Board.

(d) the procedure in regard to the transaction of business at the meetings of the Board including the guorum: \_\_\_\_\_ (e) the purposes for which and the manner in which temporary association of persons may be made;

(f) the duties, the functions, the terms and conditions of service of the members of the committees;

(g) the manner and the form relating to the maintenance of the accounts of the Board.

(3) No regulation or its cancellation or modification shall have effect until the same shall have been approved by the Government.

(4) The Government may, by notification rescind any regulation made under this section and thereupon, the regulation shall cease to have effect.

39. In sub-section (8) of section 8 of the payment of Wages Act, 1936, before the *Explanation*, the following shall be inserted, namely :--

 "but in the case of any establishment to which the Andhra Pradesh Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1987 applies, all such realisations shall be paid into the Fund constituted under the said Act".

40. To sub-section (4) of section 8 of the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923, the following proviso shall be added, namely :--

"Provided that in respect of a workman belowging to an establishment to which the Andhra Pradesh Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1987 applies, the Commissioner shall pay the said balance of the money into the Fund constituted under that Act in lieu of repaying it to the employer".

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Amendment of section 8 of Central Act 4 of 1936.

Amendment of section Central Act 8 of 1923.