

The Andhra Pradesh Prohibition Act, 1995

Act 17 of 1995

Keyword(s): Buy or Buying, Foreign Liquor, Indian Liquor, Liquor, Local Body, Police Station, Sale or Selling, Spirit

Amendments appended: 35 of 1995, 10 of 1996, 5 of 1997, 17 of 2000

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[20th Feb] 1995]

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AN ACT TO INTRODUCE PROHIBITION OF THE SALE AND CONSUMPTION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS IN THE STATE OF ANDHRA PRADESH AND FOR MATTERS CONNECTED THEREWITH OR INCIDENTIAL THERETO.

WHERAS article 47 of the Constitution of India enjoins that the State shall endeavour to bring about prohibition of the consumption, except for medicinal purposes, of intoxicating, drinks which are injurious to health ;

AND WHEREAS there is urgent need in public interest to bring, about the prohibition of the sale and consumption of intoxicating liquors, except for medicinal, scentific, industiral or such like purposes; in the State of Andhra Pradesh;

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Br it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Andhia Piadesh in the Forty - sixth Year of the Republic of India as follows:

CHAPTER - I

PRELIMINARY

title 1. (1) This Act may be called the Andline Prodesh Prohibition
 a Raw Act, 1995.

(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Andhra Pri de h^2

• Received the association the Preside a on the 17th Febuary, 1995; Forstatement of Objects & Reasons, please see the Andhra Pradesh Gazette, Part IV-A. Extraordinary, dated 17th Taimary, 1995 at Pages 19. (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Gevernment may, by notification, appoint.

2. In this Act. unless the context otherwise requires --- Definition

(1) 'buy' or buying' includes any rece pts including gift ;

 (2) 'Collector' means the Collector of a district and includes sthe-joint Collector or any person appointed by the Government to exercise the powers and perform the functions of a Collector under this Act;

(3) 'Commissioner' moans the Commissioner of Prohibi- Act 17 of tion and Excise appointed under section 3 of the Andara Pradesh Excise Act, 1968;

(4) 'foreign fiquor' includes every liquor 'mported into India, other than Indian liquor ;

(5) ' Gover ment' monans the State Goverrment ;

(6) 'Indian liquor' means liquor produced manufac tured or e mpounded in India after the mumer of gin, brandy' whicky or run imported from foreign countries and includes – 'milk punch' and other liquors consisting of or containing any such spirits, but does not include foreign liquor;

(7) ' liquor' includes,---

(a) spirits of wine, denatured spirits, methylated spirits rectified spirits, wine, beer and every liquid consisting of or containing alcehol; and

(b) any other intexicating substance which the Government may, by notification, declare to be liquor for the purposes of this Act,

but does not include toddy;

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(8) 'local body' means any Municipal Corporation. Municipality, Notified Area, Gr. m Panchayat, Mandal Parishad. Zilla Parishad. Township or a Cantormont constituted under the relevant law for the time boing in force; (9) 'notification' means a notification published in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette and the term 'notified' shall be construed accordingly;

(10) ' place' includes an open place, a house, club, shed, enclosure, building, shop, tent, vessel, raft and vehicle.

(11) 'police station' includes any place which the Government may, by notification, declare to be a police station for the purpose of this Act ;

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(12) ' prescribed' means prescribed by rules made under this Act ;

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(13) 'Probibition Officer' means the Commissioner, a Collector or any Officer or other person to whom the Commissioner or the Collector delegates his powers or functions under section 6;

(14) ' sale' or ' selling' includes any transfer including gift;

(15) 'spirit' means any liquor containing alcohol and obtained by distillation whether it is denatured or not;

(16) words and expressions used in this Act but not defined
 t 17 of shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Andhra Pradesh
 58. Excise Act, 1968.

CHAPTER - II

ESTABLISHMENT AND CONTROL

10'alm-3. The Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise for the of Com-State appointed under section 3 of the Andhra Pradesh Excise ioner. Act. 1968 shall. subject to the general 17 of ог special orders of the Government in this behalf, be the Chief controlling 3. authority in all matters connected with the administration of this Act.

or Com. 4. The Collector shall exercise the powers and perform the luncr functions assigned by or under this Act subject to the general score, control of the Commissioner.

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5. The officers and staff referred to in section 5 of the Andhra Officers and Pradesh Excise Act, 1968 shall be deemed to be officers Act. 17 of staff appointed also for the purpose s of giving effect to this 1968. Act, and for this purpose it shall be competent for the Government to give such directions and to make such rules as they may deem fit with regard to their powers and functions.

6. For purposes of giving effect to this Act, the Delegation. Commissioner, the Collector or the Prohibinen and Excise Superintendent may, by order, delegate to any officer sub ordinate to him any of the powers conferred on or functions entrusted to the Commissioner, the Collector of the Prohibition and Excise Superintendent by or under this Act, subject to such restrictions and control as may be prescribed, and subject all o such limitations and conditions, if any, as may be specified the order of delegation

CHAPTER - III

PROHIBITION AND PENALTIES

7 The selling, buying, being in passes" 10hibition of selling, uying and consum-on of liquor. sion and consumption of liquor, otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of his Act, or as the case may be, the Andhra Pradesh Excise ct, 1968 is hereby prohibited.

> Act 17 o 1968.

nishment for buying, 8) Whoever,--lling consumption a, of liquois.

(a) buys, or consumes any liquor except in cordance with the provisions of this Act, or the terms of any le, notification order, licence or permit issued thereunder all be punished with imprisonment for a term which may tend upto six months or with fine which may extend upto one susand rupees or with both;

(b) possesses or sells any liquor without any license Act 17 of permit granted under the Andhra Pradesh Excise Act, 1968 1968. ill be punished,--

(i) where the liquor involved in the offence is less h quantity as may be notified in this behalf with imprisonment than

for a term which shall not be less than six months by which may extend up to three years and with fine which shall m be less than rupees five thousand but which may extend up i rupees twenty thousand ;

(ii) where the liquor involved in the offence is not less the the quantity notified as aforesaid with imprisonment for z tern which shall not be less than one year but which may exten up o five years and with fine which shall not be less than ruper ten thousand but which may extend up to rupees one lakh;

Act 17 of 1968.

(c) having obtained a licence or permit granted under The Andhra Pradesh Excise Act, 1968, sells any liquor otherwithan in accordance with the provisions of this. Act or terms is any rule, notification, order, licence or permit issued ther under shall be punished with imprisonment for a term whice may extend up to six months or with fine which may exten up to ruppes one thousand or with both ;

(d) allows consumption of liquor upon premises in his in inediate possession shall be punished with imprisonmed for a term which may extend up to six months or with fine which may extend up to one thousand rupees or with both.

Punishment for being found in a state of intoxication in and public place and whoever, not having been permitted to consume 23 liquor in pursuance of this Act, is found in a state of intoxicatic intoxication. in any private place, shall be punishable with imprisonme, which may extend up to six months, or with fine whic may extend up to one thousand rupees, or with both.

Punishment for abstraint [0. Any officer or person exercising powers under h of escape of Aci, who,-persons rrested, ct. (a); unlawfully releases or abets the escape of any Person

(a): unlawfully releases or abets the escape of any effect ariested under this Act, or abets the commission of any effect against this Act, or (b). acts in any manner inconsistent with his duty for the urpose of earbling any person to do anything whereby ty eff the provisions of this Act may be evaded or token and any other officer of the Gevernment or of a local ody who abets the commission of any offence against this st shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend up to a months, or with fine which may extend up to five hundred pros, or with both.

11. whilever is guilty of any wilful act or intentional Punishmentsission in contravention of any of the previous of this. Act or for offences autotheruny rule, notification or order made thereunder and not other-wise provise provided for in this. Act, shall be punishable with fine which field for. y extend upto five hundled rupels.

2. Without prejudice to the powers of the Excise Officers Things liable for section 46 of the Andhra Pradesh Excise Ac., 1968, in cation ' case in which an offence has been committed against this, the liquor by means of which the offence has been commit-Act 17 of shall be liable to confiscation along with the receiptes pages, coverings, animals, vessels, carts or other vehicles.

d to hold or carry the same.

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3. (i) When the offender is convicted or when the person Confiscation a reed with an offence against this Act is acquitted, but the how ordered, art" decides that anything is liable to confiscation, such ordered, fiscation may be ordered by the Court.

(2) When an offence against this Act has been committed the offender is not known, or cannot be found, or when hing liable to confiscation under this Act and not in the ession of any person cannot be satisfactorily accounted for, cluss shall be inquired into and determined by the Collector ther Prohibition Officer in charge of the district or by any r officer authorised by the State Government in that behalf may order such confiscation in the

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tion of fifteen days from the date of seizing the things intended to be confiscated or without hearing the persons, if any, claiming any right thereto, and evidence, if any, which they produce in support of their claims.

Police to take charge of articles seized.

14. All officers in charge of police stations shall take charge of and keep in afe custody ponding the orders of a Magistrate or of a Prohibition Officer. All articles scized under this Act which may be delivered to them; and shall allow any Prohibition Officer who may accompany such articles to the Police station, or who may be deputed for the purpose by his superior officer, to affix his seal to such articles and to take samples from them. All samples so taken shall also be sealed with the seal of the officer in charge of the police station.

CHAPTER - IV

EXEMPTIONS

Exemptions. 15. (1) Subject to such rules as may be made in this behalf the prescribed authority may issue,--

Act XVI of (i) permits to persons who are foreigners under the 1939. Foreigners Ac', 1939 and to persons who are non-resident Indians to consume liquor ;

> (ii) licenses to hotels and restaurents recognised as three star and above in accordance with such rules as may be made and to such categories of institutions as may be specified by notification subject to such criteria as may be prescribed to sell foreign liquor or Indian liquor to the holdres of permits granted under this Act;

> (iii) permits to those who are medically delt field by any notified medical authority as requiring to consume liquor an account of any diagnosed health condition or problems to the task liquer :

(iv) permits to persons who are tourists from outside the State and to persons who are not ordinarly residents of the State to consume liquor ;

(v) permits to members serving or retired belonging to the armed forces to consume liquor ;

(vi) permits to companies corporations. institutions. in industrialists, exporters, importers and similar such functionaries as may be notified, who normally entertain foreigners, , non-resident Indians and guests coming from outside the in persuance of their business activity or the activity connected with their institutions to buy and serve liquor;

(vii) permits to consume liquor in cases of medical emergency; and

(viii) permitts for sacramental wine used in masses conducted in Churches.

(2) Permits for possession and consumption of liquon shall be given at the entry points subject to such rules as may be made in this behalf to, --

(i) foreign and non-resident Indian tourists who bring foreign liquor with them from abroad to the extent of eligibility under the Baggage Rules, 1978 made under Central Act Customs Act, 1962 for thier own consumption subject to 52 of 1962, proof of entry into India from abroad ;

(*ii*) Indians returning from abroad who are medically certified to be in need of consumption of liquor to the extent of their eligibility under the afore said baggage Rules. 1978 subject to proof of entry into India from abroad.

(3) Wheever is in possession of liquor at the Commencement of this Act of a quantity not exceeding one quart bottle and who are medically certified to be in need of periodic consumptin of liquor may retain and use such liquor and the liquor in excess of the said quantity shall be surrendered for with to the notified **authority**

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(4.) Who ever, at the commencement of this Act is in possession of any liquor, without any medical certification as to the need for the consumption of liquor in the case of an individual, and in other cases for any purpose, shall surrender such liquor. subject to such rules as may be made in this behalf.

(5) A permit or licence granted under this section shall be in such form and for such period and subject to such conditions including conditions relating to the for payable and as to its nontransferability, openion, cancellation and attachment for violations, as may be precribed.

(6.) Without prejudice to the action to be taken under subsection (5.) any person who is guilty of any violation of the conditions of the licence or permit granted under this section shall be liable to fine which may extend upto one thousand rupees.

otion (16) until the Government by notification otherwise direct affide and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, the provisions wful of this Act shall not be deemed to apply,----

(a) to liquor in the possession of bonafide travellers for their own personal use while passing through any local area in which this Act is in force; or

(b) to lawful consignments of liquor carried through or into any such local area.

CHAPTER - V

DETECTION, INVESTIGATION AND TRIAL OF OFFENCES

Issue of Search Warrants 17. (1) If any Collector, Prohibition Officer or Magistrate upon information obtained after such inquiry as he thinks necessary, has reason to believe that an offence under section 8 has been committed, he may issue a warrant for a search for any liquor, materials, still, utensil, implement or appartus in respect

Exemption of bonafide travellers and lawful consignments. of which the alleged offence has been committed. Any person has been ontrusted with the execution of such a warrant may detain and search, and if he thinks proper, arrest any person found in the place searched, if he has reason to believe such person to be guilty of any offence under this Act and also seize and detain any excisable or other articles which he has reason to believe to be liable to confiscation under this Act :

Provided that every person arrested under this section shall be admitted to bail by the person arcesting, if sufficient bail be tendered for his appearance either before a Magistrate or before a Police or Prohibition Officer, as the case may be.

(2) Before issuing such warrant, the Collector, Prohibition Officer or Magistrate shall examine the informant on oath and the examination shall be reduced into writing in a summary manner and be signed by the informant, and also by the Collector, Prohibition Officer or Magistrate.

18. Whenever, a Collector, any Prohibition Officer or any Powers of Police Officer, not below the rank of Inspector, any officer in <u>intry</u> charge of a Police Station, has reason to believe that an offere search under section 8 has been committed and that the delay ecca-warrant, signed by obtaining search warrant under section 17 will prevent the execution there of, he may, after recording this reasons and the grounds of his belief, at any time by day or night enter and search any place and may seize anything foundtherein which he has reason to believe to be liable to confiscation under this Act; and Aay detain and search and, if he thinks proper, arrest any person found in such place whom he has reason to believe to be guity of any offence under this Act and also seize and detain any excisable or other article which he has reason to believe to be liable to confiscation under this Act :

Provided that every person arrested under this section shall be admitted to bail by such officer as aforesaid if sufficient bail be tendered for his appearance either before a Magistrate or before a Police or Prohibition Officer, as the case may be, Powe entry and inspection. 19. The Collector, any Prohibition Officer or any Police, Officer, not below the rank of an Inspector may enter and inspect at any time by day or by night, any place in which it is reasonably suspected,

(a) that any liquor is kept for sale or stored ; or

(b) that an offence under section 8 is being committed ;

and may examine, test, measure or weigh any material, still, utensil, implement, appratus or liquor found in such place.

Power to
use force in
case of res-
istance to20. If nay officer empowered to make an entry under sections17, 18 and 19 cannot otherwise make such entry, it shall be lawful
for him to break open any outer or inner door or window and to
remove any other obstacles to his entry into any such place.

Arrest of offenders and seizure of contraban 1 liquor and seticles without warrant. 21. Any Prohibition Officer or any Police Officer, not below the rank of an Inspector,— (a) may arrest without warrant any person found committing an offence punishable under section 8 or section 9; warrant.

(b) may seize and detain any liquor or other article which he has reason to believe to be liable to confiscation under this Act; and

(c) may search any person' vessel, vehicle, animal, package, receptacle or covering, upon whom or in which, he may have reasonable cause to suspect any such liquor or other ar or to be concealed.

Arrest of persons refusing give nume or giving false name (22) Any person, who may be accused or reasonable[y st spected of committing an offence under this Act, and who on domand made by any Prohibition Officer or any Police Officer not below the rank of an Inspector refuses to give his name and residence or who gives a name or residence which such officer has reason to believe to be false, may be arrested by such Officer in order that his name and residence may be ascertained. 23. Any person arrested under this Act, shall be informed, as Arrest' soon as may be of the grounds for such arrest and save as other-how to be wise expressly provided in this Act, the provisions of the Code of made. Criminal Procedure, 1973, relating to arrests, detention in custo- Central Act dy, searches, summons, warrants of arrests, search warrants, the production of persons arrested and the disposal of things seized shall apply, as far as may be, to all actions taken in these respects under this Act

24. (1) Any Prohibition and Excise Officer not below the Power to rank of an Inspector may, as egards offences under this Act. and Excise exercise within such area as may be notified in this behalf, powers Officer in conferred on an Officer incharge of a police station by the provi-investigation sion of Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973: Act II of 1974.

Provoded that any such power shall be subject to such restrictions and modifications, as may be prescribed.

(2) For the purposes of section 156 of the said Code the area in regard to whi ha Prohibition and Excise Officer is empowered under sub section (1) shall be deemed to be a police station and such officer shall be deemed to be the officer-in-charge of such station.

25. Notwithstanding anything Contained in the code of Offences Criminal procedure 1973. all offences under this Act, shall be Act to be cognizable and provisions of the said code with respect to cognizable. act II of logaizable offences shall apply to them.

26. Any officer or person exercising powers under this Punishment Act who, search of

arrest.

(a) without reasonable ground of suspicion enters or searches or causes to be searched any closed place; or

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(b) verations ly and unnecessarily seizes the proprety of any person on the pretence of seizing or searching for anythingliable to confiscation under this Act; or (c) vex atiously and unnecessarily detains, searches or arrests any person; or

(d) maliciously and falsely lays information leading to a search, seizure, detention or arrest; or

(e) in any other way maliciously exceeds his lawful powers,

shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend upto six months, or with fine which may extend upto five hundred rupees or with both.

CHAPTER - VI

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MISCELLANEOUS

Prohibition 27. There shall be constituted Prohibition Committees Committees by the Collector! at the Mandal level and by the Government at the District and State levels (The composition and powerst and functions of such Committees shall be such as may be prescribed.

Duty of 28. Officies of all departments of the Government and officials of all local bodies shall be legally bound to assist any Prohibiiments and tion or Pulice Officer in carring out the provisions of this Act local bodies

Offences to be reported, etc., 29. Every Official emploed by the Government or by any local body other than a Police or, any Prohibition Officer Shall be bound to give immediate infor-mation at the nearest police station or to a Prohibition Officer of all breaches of any of the provisions of this Act which may come to his knowledge: and all such officials shall be bound to take all reasonable measures in their power to prevent the commission of any Such breaches which they may know or have reason to believe are about or likely to be committed.

Protection of action taken under this Act. - 30. No suit or other legal proceedings shall lie against the Government or any officer or any other person empowered to this Act. - exercise powers or to perform the functions under this Act for anything in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act.

(31) Save as otherwise provided the pro visions Overriding of this Act shall have effect, not with stand in any thing ineffect. consistent therewith contained in the provisions of the Andhra Act 17 of Pradesh Excise Act, 1968 and the rules made thereunder for the 1968. time being in force

Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to preclude. (32) Savings.

(a) the Andhra Pradesh Beverages Corporation Limited to carry on trade in liquor in accordance with rules made in this **b**thalf :

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(b) the baying and selling of liquor carried on by the military canteens in the state under any licence granted in accordance with the provisions of the Andhra Pradesh ... Excise Act Act 17 or 1968 and the rules made thereunder ; and 1968...

(c) the consumption of medicines containing elcohal)

(1) The Government may, by notification, make rules Power to 33 for carrying out all or any of the purposes of this Act. make Rules.

(2) Every rule made under this Act shall, immediately after it is made, be laid before the Legislative Assembly of the State, if it is in session and if it is not in session, in the session immediately following for a total period of fourteen days which may be comprised in one session or in two successive sessions and if, before the expiration of the session in which it is so laid or the session immediate'y following the Legislative Assembly agree in making any modification in the ru'e or in the annu'ment of the rule, the ru'e sall from the date on which the modification or annu'ment is notified have effect on'y in such modified form or shall stand annu'ed as the case may be so, however, that any such modification or annu'ment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

34. In the Andhra Pradesh Excise Act, 1968,

Amendment of Act 17 of 1968.

(1)-In section 1, for sub-section (2), the following shall be substituted, namely :

"(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Andhra Pradesh:

Provided that on and from the date of commencement of the Andhra Pradesh Prohibition Act, 1995 the provisions of this Act shall, in so far as they are inconsistent with the provi sions of the said Act cease to operate.";

(2) In section 5, for sub-section (1), the following shall be substituted, namely :--

"(1) The Government may appoint such number of Additional Commissioners, Joint Commissioners, Deputy-Commissioners and Assistant Commissioners of Prohibition and Excise and District Prohibition and Excise Officers and such other officers as they think fit for the purpose of performing the functions respectively conferred on them by or under this Act".;

(3) Throughout the Act for the words "Excise Officer" Commissioner of Excise", "Additional Commissioners of Excise", "Deputy Commissioner of Excise", "Assistant Commissioner of Excise", "Excise Superintendent", Assistant Excise Superintendent" and "Excisn Department", the words, "Prohibition and Excise Officere" Commissioner of Prohibition" and Excise Additional Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise, Deputy "Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise, Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise", Assistant Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise", "Prohibition and Excie. Superintendent" "Assistant Prohibition and Excise and Superintendent and Prohibitian and Excise Department" shall respectively be substituted.

Repcal Act 35. Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Prohibition Act, 1937 x of 1973 and he Andhra Pradesh Prohibition Ordinance, 1994 are hereby and repcated. 19 of 1994.

ACT NO. 35 OF 1995

[12 th October, 1995].,

AN ACT TO AMEND THE ANDHRA PRADESH PROHI-BITION ACT, 1995.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Andhra Pradesh in the Forty-sixth Year of the Republic of India as follows :---

1. (1) This Act may be called the Andhra Pradesh Prohi-Short title and Comme bition (Amendment) Act, 1995. ncement :---

> (2) (i) section 2, 3 and 6 shall be deemed to have come into force on the 16th January, 1995;

> (ii) section 4, sub-clause (iv) of section 7, section 13, section 14 section(ii) and section 16 (ii) shall be deemed to have come into force on the 18th July, 1995, and section 22 shall be deemed to have come into force on the 9th Septemer, 1995, and

> (iii) the remaining provisions shall come into force at once.

Amendment

2. In the Andhra Pradesh Prohibition Act, 1995 (hereinof long title. after referred to as the principal Act.), in the long title, for the words "Prohibition of Sale", the words "Prohibition of the Manufacture, Sale", shall be substituted.

^{*}Received the assent of the Presdent on the 12th October, 1995. for State-ment of objects & Reasons, please See the Andhra Pradesh Gazette Fart IV-A, Extraordinary, dated 13-9-1995 at pages 14 & 15

3. In the preamble of the principal Act, in paragraph2, - Amendment for the words "prohibition of the sale", the words "prohibition of the manufacture, sale" shall be substituted.

4. In section 2 of the principal Act,-

Amendment of Section 2.

"(7) 'liquor' includes,-

(a) spirits of wine, wine, beer and every liquid constising of or containing alcohol including Indian Liquor and Foreign Liquor;

(b) any other intoxicating substance which the Government may by notification, declare to be liquor for the purposes of this Act;

but does not include toddy denatured spirits, methylated spirits and rectified spirits;

(ii) clause (15) shall be omitted.

5. In section 6 of the principal Act, for the words "the Amendment Collector" in the two places where they occar the words "the of Section 6 Collector, the Assistant Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise". shall be substituted.

6. After section 7 of the principal Act the following section Insertion of shall be inserted namely:---

"Prohibition of 7-A. Manufacturing of liquro is hereby manufacturing of prohibited".

7. In section 8 of the principal Act, -

Amendment of Section 8.

(i) in clause (a) the words "buys, or" shall be omitted;

(ii) in clause (b),--

(a) for the words "possesses or sells", the words "possesses, collects, buys, sells or transports", shall be substituted;

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(b) after sub-clause (ii), the following shall be inserted namely:---

"(iii) where the commission of any offence either under sub-clause (i) or sub-clause (ii) is abetted, the abettor shall be liable for punishment with imprisonment and with fine of either discription as provided therein;";

(iii) in clause (d) for the words "six months or with fine which may extend up to one thousand rupees", the words "three years or with fine which may extend upto ten thousand rupees", shall be substituted;

(iv) after clause (d), the following clause shall be added, namely:--

"(e) contravenes the provisions of section 7A shall on conviction be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than one year but which may extend upto five years and with fine which shall not be less than rupees ten thousand but which may extend upto rupees one lakh."

Amendment of Section 9.

Amendment

8. In section 9 of the principal Act ;--

(i) for the words "punishable with imprisonment which may extend upto six months or with fine which may extend upto one thousand rupees," the words "punishable with imprisonment which shall not be less than two months but which may extend upto one year and with fine which may extend upto two thousand rupees" shall be substituted;

(ii) to section 9 as so amended, the following explanation shall be added; namely; ---

"Explanation :- For the purposes of this section "intoxication" means a state of mind and behaviour in which a person is incapable of knowing the nature of his actions or incapable of judging the consequences thereof by reason of intoxication;".

9. In section 10 of the principal Act,-

of Section 10. (i) in clause (a) the words "abets the commission of any offence against this Act, or" shall be omitted;

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Short title 1. () and Comme bition U. Dcement:---

> into force (ii) section 14 come into

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(ii) in clause (b) the words "and any other officer of the Government or of a local body who abets the commission of any offence against this Act" shall be omitted.

"Grant of bail:- 11-A. Notwithstanding anything contained in the $\frac{\text{Central Act}}{\Pi \text{ of } 1974.}$ Code of Criminal Procedure 1973 no court shall grant any bail to any person accused of an offence under sub-clause (i) or sub-clause (ii) of clause (b) or under clause (c) of section 8 unless the prosecuting officer is given an opportunity to oppose the application and the Court shall record reasons while granting the bail.".

Substitution of Section

11. For section 13 of the principal Act, the following sections of Section shall be substituted; namely;---

13. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained this Act or Confiscation in any other law for the time being inforce where, anything or things by liable for confiscation under section 12 is seized and detained and excise under the provisions of this Act, the officer seizing and Officers in detaining such property shall without any unreasonable delay, produce the said seized property before the Deputy Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise who has jurisdiction over the area.

(2) On production of the said seized property under sub-section (1), the Deputy Commissioner of Prohibition and
Excise if satisfied that an offence under this Act has been committed may whether or not a prosecution is instituted for the commission of such an offence, order confiscation of such property.

(3) While making an order of confiscation under sub-section (2), the Deputy Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise may also order that such of the properties to which the order of confiscation relates which in his opinion need not be preserved; or are not fit for human consumption be destroyed.

(4) Where the Deputy Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise after passing an order of confiscation under sub-section (2) is of the opinion that it is expedient in public interest so to do, (5) The Deputy Comm'ssioner of Prohibition and Excise shall submit a full report of all particulars of confiscation to the Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise within twenty four hours of such confiscation.

(6) The Deputy Commissioner of Prehibition and Excise Central Act shall, for the purposes of this Act, have the same powers as are 5 of 1908. vosted in a Civil Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 when making enquiries under this section in respect of the following matters, namely :---

(a) receiving evidence on affidavits;

(b) summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on eath; and

(c) compelling the production of documents.

Lisue of showcause notice:-- 13A. No order of confiscation of any pa party shall be made under section 13 unless the person from whom the said property is seized,---

(a) is given a notice in writing informing him of the grounds on which it is proposed to confiscate such property; and

(b) is given an opportunity of making a representation in writing within such reasonable time as may be specified in the notice.

Order of confiscation in the absence of offender 13B. When an offence under this Act has been committed but the offender is not known or cannot be found, or when any thing liable to confiscation under this Act, and not in the

possession of any person cannot be satisfactorily accounted for, the Assistant Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise o the Prohibition and Excise Superintendent may by orde confiscate such property: provided that no such order shall be made until the expiration of one month, from the date of seizing the goeds intended to be confiscated.

Appeal — 13C. Any person aggrieved by an order passes by the Deputy Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise under section 13 may, within sixty days from the date of passing such order, appeal to the Commissione, of Prohibition and Excise, who may after giving reasonable epportunity to the appellant pass such orders as he deemsfit

13E. Notwithstanding anything contained Bar of Jurisin -diction :--the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 when H of 1974. the Deputy Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise or the appellate authority is seized with the matter urder application in court shall ontortain ary this Act, no respect of liquor, any receptacle, package, covering, any animal. cart, vehicle or other convoyance used in carrying such liquor as far as its release, or confiscation is concorned and the jurisdiction of the Deputy Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise or the appellate authority with regard to the disposal of the same shall be exclusive.

12. For section 14 of the principal Act, the following section Statiuniton of Section shall be substituted, namely :---

"Police to take change of article seized :---

warrants ;---

14. All officers in charge of polic stations shall take charge of and keep 'n safe custody under soal all articles

seized under this Act along with samples which shall also he sealed with the seal of the officer in charge of the police station. The soized property including vehicles involved shall be produced before the Deputy Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise having juris-diction, to take action in accordance with the procedure specified in section 13"."

Amendment 13. In section 15 of the Principal Act, in sub-section (1),, of Section clause (iii) shall be omitted. 15.

Ameniment 14. For section 17 of the principal Act, the following shall of Section substituted, 17. Ьð namely :---

> 17. If any Collector, Prohibition Officer 'Issue of search or Magistrate upon information obtained

after such inquiry as he thinks necessary, has reason to believe that an offence under section 7, section 7A or section 8 has been committed he may issue a warrant for a search for any liquor, miterials, still, utensil, implement or apparatus in respect of which the alleged offence has b. en committed. Any person who has been entrusted with the execution of such a warrant may dotain and soarch, and if he thinks proper, arrest any person found in the place searched, if he has reason to believe such person to be guilty of any offence under this Act and also seize and detain any excisable or other articlos which he has reason to believe to be liable to confiscation under this Act."

Amondment 15. In section 18 of the principal Actof Section 18

> (i) for the words "not below the rank of Inspector", the words " not bolow the rank of a Sub-Inspector" shall be substituted :

> (ii) for the expression "section 8", the expression "section 7, section 7A or section 8", shall be substituted ; and

(iii) the proviso shall be omitted.

16. In section 19 of the principal Act. A men fin ent of Section 19 (i) in the opening portion for the words "not below the rank of Inspector" the words "not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector", shall be substituted ; ond (ii) in clause (b) for the expression "section 2", the express sion "section 1, section 7A or section 8", shall be Substituted. 17. In section 21 of the principal Act, Amendment of Section 21 (i) in the opening portion for the words "not below the rank of an Inspector", the words "not below the rank of Sub-Inspector", shall be substituted ; and (ii) in clause (a) for the expression "section 8 or section" of Section 9", the expression "section 7, section 7A, section 8 or section 9" 22. shall be substituted. 18. In section 22 of the principal Act, for the words "not below the rank of an Inspector"., the words 'not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector", shall be substituted. J9. In section 24 of the principal Act, for the words "not Amendment below the rank of on Inspector", the words "not below the of Section 24. rank of o Sub-Inspector", shall be substituted.

20. After section 31 of the principal Act, the following Insertion of new Section shall be inserted, namely:

31A. "Power to remove difficulties. (1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Government may make such orders not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, as appear to them to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of removing the difficulty;

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Provided that nosuch order shall be made after the expiration of two years from the commencement of this Act.

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(2) Every order made under this section shall, as soon as may be after it is made, be laid down bofore the Legislative Assembly of the State".

Amondment 21. In section 32 of the principal Act, for clause (c), the of Section following shall be substituted, namely:---32.

> "(C) the consumption and utilisation of medicines, toilet proparations and other food material containing alcohol."

> 22. After Section 32 of the Principal Act, the following section shall be added, namely :--

32A. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained Insertion of "Transitional now soction in the Andhra Pradesh Prohibition Act, 1995, provision. In insertion of New section 32A. Act 17 of 1995. Act 17 of 1995. the Andhra Pradesh Liquor (Issue of Permit and Licence) Contract Central Act Rules. 1995. the Indian Act. 1872 the or IX of 1872. torms conditiions and of any agreement ontored authority into with the licensing under this Act or on under the said rules, for the grant of all such permits and licences health grounds on the recommondation of the notified medical authorities specified under the said rules shall stand concolled in public interst; and accordingly not suit or other proceeding shall be ontertained or continued in and court against such permitting or licensing authority or any person or authority what soover for the enforcement of any terms and conditions of such permit or licence so terminated or for any damages or compensation en the ground that any loss is sustained by the termination thereof before its expiry.

32A.

(2) within a period of seven days from the date of commoncoment of this Act, every licencee shall surrender to the permitting or licensing authority, the entire stock of liquor on the date of such commencement, is in the porcession of any holder of any permit or licence which stood terminated under sub-sectition (1) on such terms and conditions, as may be prescribed.

(3) All applications made for grant of permit or licence pending before the permitting or licensing authority on the appointed date and every action taken, or enquiry made in respect of such application, shall abate and all fees paid in connection therewith (including the application fee and licence fee, if any) already paid shall be refunded.

23. The Andhra Pradesh Prohibition (Amendment) Ordi. Repeal of nance, 1995 is hereby repealed. of 1995.

J. No.-1854-35

THE ANDHRA PRADESH PROHIBITION (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1996.

ACT No. 10 OF 1996.

[26th August, 1996.]

AN ACT FURTHER TO AMEND THE ANDHRA PRADESH PROHIBITION ACT, 1995.

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Andhra Pradesh in the Forty-seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

l. (1) This Act may be called the Short title Andhra Pradesh Prohibition (Amendment) and commencement. Act, 1996.

Received the assent of the Governor on the 24th August, 1996. For Statement of objects and Reasons, Please see Andhra Pradesh Gazette, Part IV-A, Extraordinary, dated the 21st May, 1996 at Page 5.

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(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 7th February, 1996.

Amendment of 2. In the Andhra Pradesh Prohibition section 8. Act, 1995 (hereinafter referred to as Act 17 of the principal Act), in section 8, in 1995. clause (b),-

> (a) in item (i) for the words "with fine which shall not be less than rupees five thousand but which may extend upto rupees twenty thousands;", the words "with fine which shall not be less than rupees ten thousand or shall not be less than thrice the value of the liquor involved in the offence whichever is higher but which may extend upto six times the value of such liquor, such value being arrived at in the manner prescribed;", shall be substituted;

> (b) in item (ii) for the words "with fine which shall not be less than rupees ten thousand but which may extend upto rupees one lakh;", the words "with fine which shall not be less than rupees twenty thousand or shall not be less than thrice the value of the liquor involved in the offence whichever is higher but which may extend upto six times the value of such liquor, such value being arrived at in the manner prescribed;", shall be substituted;

(c) after item (ii), the following proviso shall be added, namely:-

"Provided that any person in possession of any liquor of a quantity of or less than .375ml. and who is a first offender under this Act shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend upto three months and with fine which may extend upto five thousand rupees;";

(d) in item (iii), for the words "with imprisonment and with fine of either description as provided therein", the words "with imprisonment of either description and with fine as provided threin", shall be substituted.

In section 25 of the principal Amendment of з. section 25. Act,-

(a) in the marginal heading, for the words "Offences under the Act to be cognizable", the words "Congnizance and trial of offences", shall be substituted; and

(b) the following proviso shall be added, namely:-

"Provided, that the offences under clause (a) and proviso to clause (b) of section 8 and sections 10 and 11 shall with be tried in accordance the procedure prescribed by Chapter XXI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973."

4. After section 25 of the principal Insertion of Act, the following shall be inserted, new section 25A. namely:-

"Enhanced Punishment after · previous conviction.

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25A. If any person after having been previously an offence convicted of punishable under this Act, subsequently commits and is convicted of an offence

punishable under this Act, he shall be liable upto twice the punishment which might be imposed on the first conviction under this Act.".

Repeal of 5. The Andhra Pradesh Prohibition Ordinance (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 1996. is. 15 of 1996. hereby repealed.

> G. BHAVANI PRASAD, Secretary to Government, Legislative Affairs & Justice, Law Department.

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THE ANDHRA PRADESH PROHIBITIONS (AMEND-MENT) ACT, 1997.

ACT No. 5 OF 1997.*

[28th March, 1997.]

AN ACT FURTHER TO AMEND THE ANDHRA PRADESH PROHIBITION ACT, 1995.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Andhra Pradesh in the Forty-eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. (1) This Act may be called the Short title Andhra Pradesh Prohibition (Amendment) and Act, 1997.

* Received the assent of the Governor on 28th March 1997. For Statement of the Objects and Reasons, please see the A.P. Gazette Part IV-A Extraordinary dated 26th March, 1997 at P-7.

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(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Government may, by notification, appoint.

Amendment of 2. In the Andhra Pradesh Prohibition Long title. Act, 1995 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), for the long title, Act 17 of the following shall be substituted, 1995. namely:-

> "An Act to introduce Prohibition of the manufacture, sale and consumption of arrack and regulation of the manufacture, sale and consumption of other intoxicating liquors in the State of Andhra Pradesh and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto".

Amendment of 3. In the Preamble to the principal the Act, for para 2, the following shall be Preamble. substituted, namely:-

> "AND WHEREAS, there is urgent need in public interest to bring about the prohibition of the manufacture, sale and consumption of arrack and regulation of the manufacture, sale and consumption of other intoxicating liquors in the State of Andhra Pradesh.",

Amendment of 4. In section 2 of the principal section 2. Act, --

(i) before the existing clause (1), the following shall be inserted, --

"(1) 'arrack' means country liquor including arrack brewed, coloured, flavoured or spiced.";

!/ (ii) the existing clause (1) shall be renumbered as clause "(1A)".;

(iii) for clause (7), the following shall be substituted, namely:-

"(7) 'liquor' includes, ---

spirits of wine, denatured (a) spirits, methylated spirits, rectified spirits, wine, beer, toddy and every liquid consisting of or containing alcohol; and

(b) any other intoxicating substance which the Government may, by notification, declare to be liquor for the purposes of this Act.".

5. For section 7A of the principal Substitution Act, the following section shall be of section 7A substituted, namely:-

Prohibition of 7A. The production, production manufacture, storage, etc., of possession, collection, arrack... purchase, sale and transport of arrack is hereby prohibited.".

In section 8 of the principal Amendment of 6. Act,-section 8.

(i) in clause (a), for the words "in accordance with the provisions of this Act," the words "in accordance with the provisions of this Act or the Andhra Pradesh Excise Act, 1968," shall be Act 17 of substituted; 1968.

(ii) in clause (b),-

(a) in the opening portion, for the words "sells or transports any liquor without any licence or permit granted
Act 17 of under the Andhra Pradesh Excise Act, 1968. 1968", the words "sells, transports, produces or manufactures any liquor other than arrack except in accordance
Act 17 of with the provisions of the Andhra 1968. Pradesh Excise Act, 1968, or the terms of any rule, notification, order, licence or permit issued thereunder" shall be substituted;

(b) in the proviso to item (ii), for the words "of any liquor of a quantity of", the words "of any liquor other than arrack of a quantity of" shall be substituted;

(iii) in clause (c), for the words "sells any liquor", the words "sells any liquor other than arrack" shall be substituted;

(iv) in clause (d), for the word 'liquor', the word "arrack" shall be substituted.

Amendment of 7. In section 9 of the principal Act, section 9. for the words "and whoever, not having been permitted to consume any liquor in pursuance of this Act, is found in a state of intoxication at any private place," the words "otherwise than as permitted under any law" shall be substituted.

Substitution 8. For Chapter IV of the principal of new Act, the following Chapter shall be Chapter for substituted, namely:-Chapter IV. ь

CHAPTER IV

Regulation of manufacture, trade etc. of liquor.

Regulation of liquor other than arrack. 15. The production, manufacture, storage, possession, collection, purchase, sale and transport of liquor other than arrack

and all other matters connected therewith shall be regulated in accordance with the provisions of the Andhra Pradesh Excise Act, 1968 or the Andhra Act 17 of Pradesh (Regulation of Wholesale Trade 1968 and Distribution and Retail Trade in Indian Liquor, Foreign Liquor, Wine and Beer) Act, 1993, as the case may be and Act 15 of the rules and notifications and orders 1993 issued thereunder.".

9. In Section 19 of the principal Amendment of Act, in clause (a) after the words "for section 19. sale or stored", the following words shall be added, namely:-

"otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of the Andhra Pradesh Excise Act, 1968, and the rules made Act 17 of thereunder". 1968.

10. In section 25 of the principal Amendment of Act, for the proviso, the following section 25. shall be substituted, namely:-

"Provided that the offences punishable with imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years under this Act shall be tried in accordance with the Contral procedure prescribed in Chapter XXI of Act 2 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.". 1974. Omission of 11.3 Section 27 of the principal Act section 27. shall be omitted.

Amendment of 12. In section 32 of the principal section 32. Act, after clause (c), the following explanation shall be added, namely:-

"Explanation:- 'Liquor for the purposes of this section does not include arrack.".

G. BHAVANI PRASAD,

Secretary to Government, Legislative Affairs & Justice, Law Department. గం లాజాలకి దారి. కుటా వేషింగు ఇవి గ్రై స్పైజా విదర్శారు. ఇది గ్రాహాల జరేగి ఇది లదూరు మరాగు .sakeg.e .molszuli ben yd

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REGULATIONS Etc.

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The following Act of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly received the assent of the Governor on the 28th April, 2000 and the said assent is hereby first published on the 29th April, 2000 in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette for General information:-

ACT No. 17 OF 2000. 1.1 · · · · · · · ·

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AN ACT FURTHER TO AMEND THE ANDHRA PRADESH PROHIBITION ACT, 1995.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Andhra Pradesh in the Fifty-first Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. (1) This Act may be called the Short title Andhra Pradesh Prohibition (Amendment) and com-Act, 2000. processed. -

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(2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification, appoint.

Academat 2. In the Ardbra Pradesh Prohibition of section Act, 1995 (hereinafter referred to as 8. the principal Act) in section 8, in clause(b),-

> (a) in sub-clause(i) for the words "three years and with fine", the words "three years or with fine" and for the words "in the manner prescribed", the words "in the manner prescribed, or with both", shall be substituted; and

> (b) the proviso to sub-clause(ii) shall be omitted.

Assiduant 3. In section 9 of the principal of Section Act, for the words "one year and with 9. fine", the words "one year or with fine" shall be substituted.

Insertion 4. In the principal Act, after section of new 31 A, the following section shall be section inserted, namely:-

> <u>Compounding of Offences:</u> 11. B(1) The Collector or any Prohibition and Excise Officer specially empowered in that behalf may accept from any person who is reasonably suspected of having constitued an offence falling under clause(a) or sub-clause(i) of clause(b) or the proviso to sub-clause(ii) of clause(b) as it was in force, of section of section 2, a sum of money as may be prescribed but not exceeding the maximum fine which can be imposed for the offence

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under the provisions of the Act, by way of compensation for the offence which may have been committed and in all cases in which any property has been seized as liable for confiscation under this Act, 'may release the same on payment of the value thereof as estimated by such officer:

Provided that where the property so seized is a liquor produced or manufactured in contravention of this Act, such liquor shall not be released but shall be disposed of in such manner as may be prescribed:

Provided further that such sum of money shall not be accepted from any person who is reasonably suspected of having committed an offence under subclause(i) of clause(b) of section 8 without the prior approval of the Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise.

(2) On the payment by the person the sum of money or the value or both, as the case may be, such person, if in custody shall be set at liberty, and all the property seized may be released and no proceedings shall be instituted or continued against such person in any Criminal Court. The acceptance of compensation shall be deemed to amount to an acquittal and in no case any further proceedings be taken against such person or property with reference to the same Act.".

5. In the principal Act, to sub-section Amendment (2) of section 13, the following proviso of section shall be added, namely:- 13. _{کو} 96

YEW YE Provided that the Deputy Commissioner Month Probibition and Excise specially em-Lipowered insthat the behalf may accept such asum of money case may be prescribed in uslieu nof a confiscation sand release the manimals of vessels or carts or other Evenicles reasonably suspected of a involvement in any offence falling under subclause(i) of clause(b) of section 8 of

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G. BHAVANI PRASAD, Secretary to Government,

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STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

During the period of total prohibition in the State a large number of cases were booked against the offenders who violated the provisions of A.P. Brohibition Act, 1995. In fact as many as 3,04,331 cases were booked during the period from 16-1-1995 to 31-3-1997 for various offences. Out of the above 70.500 cases are pending trial under sections 8 & 9 of the Act. These cases were registered against persons who committed offences of consumption of liquor, possession of liquor in very small quantities or being found in intoxicated condition etc, Such offences are categorised as minor offences as per section 8(b)(i) and proviso to sub-clause(ii) and section 9 of the A.P. Prohibition Act, 1995. Similarly large number of vehicles were also seized during the above period. Cases against many of those vehicles were booked for carrying very small quantities of liquor. Now it is proposed to reducee the pendency of cases by compounding minor offences so that the dual purpose of reducing the pendency and collecting revenues to State can be achieved and more attention could be paid for curbing the manufacture/sale of ID liquor and flow of non-duty paid liquor from across the borders. The courts can concentrate on the quick disposal of less number of cases which involve major offences.

To achieve the above objects, the offences under section 8(a) or (b) (i) or the proviso b(ii) and section 9 of Andhra Pradesh Prohibition Act, 1995 are proposed to be made compoundable. Similarly a new provision under section 11 B and amendments to sections 8, 9 and 13(2) are proposed to be made in respect of minor offences and for the release of those vehicles which were involved in minor offences by collecting suitable fine.

Whereas the Andhra Pradesh Prohibition (Amendment) Bill, 1998 has been introduced in the Legislative Assembly of the State on 26th November, 1998 as L.A.Bill No.37 of 1998 the same has lapsed due to dissolution of the Tenth Legislative Assembly.

. The Bill seeks to give effect to the above decisions.

TUNNALA NACESWARA RAO, Minister for Prohibition & Excise.