

#### The Gujarat Civil Services Tribunal Act, 1972

Act 2 of 1973

Keyword(s): Non-Gazetted Posts, Panchayat Service, President, Specified Civil Servants

Amendment appended: 22 of 1980

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# EXTRAORDINARY

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Vol. XIV] FRIDAY, JANUARY 12, 1973/PAUSA 22, 1894

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.



#### Acts of the Gujarat Legislature and Ordinances promulgated and Regulations made by the Governor.

The following Act of the Gujarat Legislature having been assented to by the Governor on the 6th January, 1973 is hereby published for general information.

S. S. SHAH, Secretary to the Government of Gujarat, Legal Department.

> commencement.

#### GUJARAT ACT NO. 2 OF 1973.

(First published after having received the assent of the Governor in the "Gujarat Government Gazette" on the 12th January, 1973).

An Act to provide for the constitution of a Civil Services Tribunal for the purpose of securing in a more effective and satisfactory manner the just claims and interests of the servants of Government and Panchayats holding non-Gazetted posts, with respect to certain matters affecting their rights and to provide for matters connected therewith.

It is hereby enacted in the Twenty-third year of the Republic of India as follows :---

1. (1) This Act may be called the Gujarat Civil Services Tribunal Act, 1972. Short title,

shall have the meaning assigned to that confression in article

- (2) It extends to the whole of the State of Gujarat.
- (3) It shall come intoforce at once

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Defini ns.

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2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires-

(a) "law" means any law regulating the recruitment and conditions of service of persons appointed to civil services and posts under the State, or to Panchayat Service and matters connected therewith and includes any notification, order, rule, regulation, or instruction or direction issued or followed for such purpose;

(b) "non-gazetted posts" means posts other than posts declared or known as gazetted posts under any law;

(c) "notified order" means an order published in the Official Gazette;

(d) "Panchayat Service" means the Panchayat Service as constituted under Guj. section 203 of the Gujarat Panchayats Act, 1961. VI of 1962.

(e) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;

(f) "President" means the President of the Tribunal;

(g) "Schedule" means the Schedule appended to this Act;

(h) "specified civil servants" means members of the civil services of the State holding non-gazetted posts and the members of the Panchayat Service holding similar posts or class of posts, but shall not include police officers governed Bom. by the Bombay Police Act, 1951;

(i) "Tribunal" means the Gujarat Civil Services Tribunal constituted under section 3.

3. (1) For the purpose of securing in a more effective and satisfactory manner the just claims and interests of specified civil servants with respect to certain matters affecting their rights the State Government shall, by a notified order and with effect on and from such date as may be specified therein, constitute a Tribunal to be called the Gujarat Civil Services Tribunal, consisting of the President and as many other members as the State Government may from time to time determine.

(2) The President shall be a person who has held a post not lower in rank than that of a Secretary to Government for a period of not less than three years or not lower in rank than that of a District Judge for a period of not less than ten years.

(3) In making appointment of other members of the Tribunal, the State Government shall have due regard to the need for including in the Tribunal a reasonable number or proportion of persons having sufficient judicial experience or experience of matters relating to administration.

Explanation.—For the purpose of sub-section (2), "District Judge" shall have the meaning assigned to that expression in article 236 of the Constitution of India.

Constitution of Tribunal.

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State Govern-

terminate appointment before expiry

of term.

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4. The term for which the President and other members of the Tribunal shall Term of 4. The term for which the Fresident and other members of the tribulat shall office and heir other conditions of service shall be such as may be conditions of members of Tribunel. prescribed.

5. The State Government may terminate the appointment of any member Power of of the Tribunal before the expiry of the term of his office if such member-

(i) is adjudged an insolvent, or

(ii) engages during his term of office in any paid employment outside the duties of his office, or

(iii) is, in the opinion of the State Government, unfit to continue in office

by reason of infirmity of mind or body, or

(iv) is convicted of an offence involving moral turpitude.

6. Any vacancy in the membership of the Tribunal shall be filled up by the Filling of vacancies.

State Government as soon as practicable :

Provided that if any member of the Tribunal becomes, by reason of illness or other infirmity, temporarily incapable of performing the duties of his office, the State Government may appoint some other person to discharge his duties for any period not exceeding six months at a time.

7. (1) During any vacancy or absence on leave or otherwise of the President, Discharge of in a case where the Tribunal consists of more than two members, such other President or member of the tribunal as may be authorised by the State Government, by a member general or special order, shall perform the functions of the President. absence.

(2) During any vacancy or absence on leave or otherwise of any member of the Tribunal, the other members, if more than one, may ast as Tribunal as if the Tribunal consisted of such other members only.

8. (1) If the members of the Tribunal are divided in opinion, the decision Power of Tribunal shall be according to the decision of the majority, but if the members are equally to make regulations. divided, the decision shall be according to the decision of the President.

(2) Subject to the provision contained in sub-section (1) and the previous sanction of the State Government, the Tribunal shall, for the purpose of regulating its procedure (including the place or places at which it shall hold its sittings and the formation of its Benches, if necessary) and the effective discharge of its functions and disposal of its business, make regulations consistent with the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder.

(3) The regulations made under sub-section (2) shall be published in the

9. The headquarters of the Tribunal shall be at such place as the State Head-Official Gazette. Quarters of Tribunal.

Government may, by notified order, determine.

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1610. The Tribunal shall have jurisdiction to bear and decide-

(a) appeals filed by specified civil servants under section 11;

(b) any application filed by the State Government under section 12;

(c) appeals and applications transferred to it under section 21.

11. (1) Any specified civil servant aggrieved by an original or appellate order or decision of any officer or authority other than the State Government with respect to any of the matters specified in the Schedule may, within a period of ninety days from the date of such order or decision, appeal to the Tribunal against such order or decision, in a case where an appeal lies under law to the State Government :

Provided that an appeal against any such order or decision passed before the date on which the Tribunal is constituted under section 3 may be filed within the period of ninety days as aforesaid or within a period of one month from such date, whichever period expires later.

(2) No such appeal or an appeal transferred to it under section 21 shall be decided by the Tribunal without giving to the officer or authority against whose order or decision it is filed, an opportunity of placing his or, as the case may be, its views before the Tribunal.

Power of 12. (1) Where it appears to the State Government that any order or de-State Governs cision of any officer or authority in relation to any specified civil servant with apply for respect to any of the matters specified in the Schedule against which an appeal modification, lies to the Tribunal under Section 11 requires to be modified, annulled or of order or decision.

(i) on the ground that it is contrary to law, or

(ii) on the ground that it is inconsistent with the material on record, or

(iii) for any other sufficient reason in the interest of justice,

the State Government may, within a period of ninety days from the date of such order or decision, make an application to the Tribunal to modify, annual or reverse such order or decision.

(2) No such application shall be decided by the Tribunal without notice being given to the civil servent concerned to appear and be heard in support of such order or decision.

Tribunal to have powers of Court, 13. (1) For the purpose of exercising its jurisdiction under this Act, the Tribunal shall have the same powers as are vested in a Civil Court under the Code  $\nabla$  of of Civil Procedure, 1908 in respect of the following matters, namely :— 1908.

(a) summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath ;

Appeal, by apocified oivil servants.

Jurisdiction of the Tribunal. :13

V. TAPLAR IV 1 OUT. COVI. GAZ, EX., JANUARY 12, 1078/PAUSAU29, 1894 ξŦ. 14 કો કહેતી છે. (b) requiring the discovery and production of documents; A. 60 P. A 16 1 1 10 1 w lite (c) ilissing commissions for the examination of withesses ; in page 1 1. 4 (d) any other matter which may be presetiled. 86 of (2) The Tribunal shall "be deemed to be a court for the purpose of 1993, section 5 of the Limitation Act, 1963. A as photon 14. All proceedings before the Tribunal shall be deemed to be judicial pro- proceedings oceedings within the meaning of sections 193, 219 and 228 of the Indian before 1. 1. 1 XIV be judicial proceedings. of 1860. Penal Code. 15. All members of the Tribunal shall be deemed to be public servants Members of within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code. XLV of 16. Every decision of the Tribunal passed under this Act shall be final Bar of 1860. and shall not be called in question before any Civil Court or any other authority. of Civil 17. No legal practitioner shall be allowed to appear in any proceedings be-Bar to appearance fore the Tribunal except with the permission of the Tribunal. of legal practitioner 18. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Bombay Courts Fees Act, Exemption XXX-1959, no court fee shall be levied on any appeal or application made from payment of Court fees. 1959. to the Tribunal under this Act. 19. The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, add to Amendment the Schedule any entry relating to any matter affecting specified civil ser- of vants and thereupon the Schedule shall be deemed to have been amended accordingly for the purposes of this Act. 20. (1) The State Government may, subject to the condition of previous Rules. publication, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act. (2) All rules made under this Act shall be laid for not less than thirty days before the State Legislature as soon as possible after they are made and shall be subject to rescission by the State Legislature or to such modification as the State Legislature may make, during the session in which they are so laid or the session immediately following.

(3) Any rescission or modification so made by the State Legislature shall be published in the Official Gazette and shall thereupon take effect.

#### GUJ. GOVT. GAZ, EX., JANUARY 12, 1975/PAUSA 22, 1894 / PART IV

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21. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Gujarat Panchayats Act, Guj. 1961, or any other law for the time being in force, neither the State VI of Government nor any Officer or authority empowered to exercise the powers of the State Government shall, with effect on and from the date on which the Tribunal is constituted under Section 3, be competent to entertain or hear appeals or applications against, or to revise, orders or decisions of any officer or authority in relation to specified civil servants with respect to any of the matters specified in the Schedule, in cases where an appeal lies to the Tribunal against such orders or decisions under Section 11; and all such appeals or applications and other proceedings in such cases pending on the said date before the State Government or any Officer or authority as aforesaid shall standtransferred to the Tribunal for disposal in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

#### THE SCHEDULE

(See sections 11, 12, 19 and 21.)

(1) Dismissal or removal from service or reduction in rank.

(2) Reduction of pay or to a lower time scale of pay.

(3) Non-confirmation in service.

(4) Non-promotion to a higher post.

(5) Reversion to a lower post.

(6) Discharge from service.





## The Sujarat Sovernment Gazette EXTRAORDINARY

PUELISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. XXII FRIDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1980/ASVINA 25, 1902

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate Compilation.

### PART IV 🦉

Acts of the Gujarat Legislature and Ordinances promulgated and Regulations made by the Governor.

The following Act of the Gujarat Legislature having been assented to by the Governor on the 13th October, 1980 is hereby published for general information.

N. B. PATEL, Secretary to the Government of Gujarat,

Legal Department.

#### GUJARAT ACT NO. 22 OF 1980.

(First published after having received the assent of the Governor in the "Guiarat Government Gazette" on the 17th October, 1980.).

It is hereby enacted in the Thirty-first Year of the Republic of India as follows :---

1. (1) This Act may be called the Gujarat Civil Services Tribunal (Amendment) Act, 1980.

Short title and commencement.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

Gaj. 2 of 1978. 2. In the Gujarat Civil Services Tribunal Act, 1972 (hereinafter referred to as "the principal Act"), in the long title, for the words "aervants of Government and Panchayats holding non--gazetted posts" the words "Officers and servants of the State Government and Panchayats" shall be substituted.

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Amendance of long title of Guj. 2 of 1978. aendment

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of 1951. Bom-XXX VIII oi 1951.

3. In the principal Act, in section 2,-

(i) after clause (d), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-

"(da) "police officers" mean police officers governed by the B1; Police Act, 1951 or the Bombay State Reserve Police Force Act, 195":

(ii) for clause (h), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:---

"(h) "specified civil servants" mean persons who are or who have been members of the civil services of the State of Gujarat or of the Panchaya Service but does not include persons who are or who have been polic officers;".

4. In the principal Act, in section 3,-

(i) in sub-section (2), for the words "for a period of not less than ten years" the words "for a period of not less than five years" shall be substituted;

(ii) to sub-section (3), the following proviso shall be added, namely :---

"Provided that no person shall be appointed as such other member of the Tribunal on the basis of experience of matters relating to administration unless he has worked for at least two years (whether singly or cumulatively) on the post of a Joint Secretary to the State Government or on a post which, in the opinion of the State Government, is a post equivalent to the post of a Joint Secretary.";

(iii) for the Explanation, the following Explanations shall be substituted, namely :--

"Explanation 1.—In computing the period of three years, or, as the case may be, five years for the purpose of sub--section (2), the period of service rendered by a person as a member of the Tribunal shall also be taken into account as if it were a period during which such person served as a Secretary, or, as the case may be, a District Judge.

Explanation 2.—In sub-section (2), "District Judge" shall have the meaning assigned to that expression in clause (15) of section 3 of the Bombay General Clauses Act, 1904."

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5. In the principal Act, for section 7, the following section shall be substituted, namely :--

Amondment of section 3 of Guj. 2 of 1975.

Substitution of section

of Guj. of 1973 a new ction. PART IV] CUJ. GOVT. GAZ. EX., OCTOBER 17, 1980/ASVINA 25, 1902

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Discharge

of functions by President

or member during

vacancy or absence.

"7. (1) During any vacancy or absence on leave or otherwise of the President,---

(a) in a case where the Tribunal consists of two members, the other member, and

(b) in a case where the Tribunal consists of more than two members such other member as may be authorised by the State Government by a general or special order.

shall perform the functions of the President.

(2) During any vacancy or absence on leave or otherwise of a member other than the President,-

(a) in a case where the Tribunal consists of two members, the President and

(b) in a case where the Tribunal consists of more than two members, the President and the other remaining members,

may act as Tribunal as if the Tribunal consisted of only the President or, as the case may be, the President and such other members.".

6. In the principal Act, in section 11, in sub-section (1), after the provise, the following further provise shall be inserted, namely :---

"Provided further that a specified civil servant to whom right to appeal under sub-section (1) accrues as a result of the amendments made in this Act by the Gujarat Civil Services Tribunal (Amendment) Act, 1980 (hereinafter in this Act referred to as "the Amending Act") shall be entitled to file an appeal against any such order or decision passed before the date of the commencement of the Amending Act within the period of ninety days as aforesaid or within a period of one month from the aforesaid date, whichever period expires later.".

Insertion of . new sections 12A and 12B in Guj. 2 of 1973.

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CASES.

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"12A. (1) If at any stage in any proceedings before the Tribunal it appears to the Tribunal that the proceedings raise a question, as to the interpretation of a law, which is of such a nature and of such public importance that it is expedient to issue notice to the State Government, the Tribunal shall issue notice to the Government and the Government may, if it thinks fit, appear and the Tribunal shall then hear the State Government before deciding the question.

Amendment of section 11 of Guj. 2 of 1973.

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(2) If it appears to the State Government that in its opinion the interpretation of a provision of law in any proceedings before the Tribunal is of such a nature and of such public importance that it is expedient that the State Government be heard before decision of the question, it may apply to the Tribunal in such proceedings to be heard, and the Tribunal shall not decide the question without hearing the State Government.

Beview.

12B. The Tribunal may of its own motion or on the application made by a specified civil servant aggrieved by any decision or order of the Tribunal within two months from the date of communication of such decision or order to him, review such decision or order on any of the following grounds, namely :---

(1) that some new or important matter or evidence which could not be discovered earlier after the exercise of due diligence and which was likely to materially affect the decision or order of the Tribunal was discovered after such decision or order; or

(2) that there was some mistake or error apparent on the face of the record; or

(3) that the decision or order required to be reviewed for any other sufficient reason :

Provided that no such review shall be made after the expiry of a period of two years from the date of the decision or order concerned.".

8. In the principal Act, for section 16, the following sections shall be substituted, namely :--

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Sebstitution

of section

16 of Guj.

jurisdiction of Civil Courts. "16. (1) No Civil Court shall have jurisdiction to deal with or decide any question which by or under this Act is required to be or can be dealt with or decided by the Tribunal under the provisions of this Act :

Provided that any proceeding in relation to any such question which may be pending in any Civil Court immediately before the date of the commencement of the Amending Act shall be continued in, and disposed of by, such Court as if the said Act had not been passed.

(2) Every decision of the Tribunal passed under this Act shall be final and shall not be called in question before any Civil Court or any other authority.

Manner of executing orders passed by Tribunal. 16A. All orders passed by the Tribunal shall be executed in the same manner in which similar orders, if passed by the State Government, could have been executed.".

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"18A. Subject to such rules and the payment of such fees as the State Govern-Resords to ment may from time to time prescribe in this behalf, the records of the Tribunal inspection shall be open to the inspection of the public at reasonable hours, and certified and extrants extracts from the same or the certified copies thereof shall be given to any to be given person applying for the same.".

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10. In the principal Act, section 21 shall be renumbered as sub-section (1) Amondment of that section and after sub-section (1) as so renumbered, the following sub-of social 1of Guj. 2 of section shall be inserted, amely :----1973.

"(2) All such appeals, applications or other proceedings in such cases filed by or relating to specified civil servants to whom right to appeal under subsection (1) of section 11 may have accrued as a result of the amendments made in this Act by the Amending Act, which may be pending on the date of the commencement of the Amending Act before the State Government or any officer or authority as aforesaid shall stand transferred to the Tribunal for disposal in accordance with the provisions of this Act.".

#### Extra-IV-40 (2)

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