

The Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964

Act 2 of 1964

## Keyword(s):

Antennae, Cable Television, Cable Operator, Cable Service, Cable Television Network, Complimentary Ticket, Distributor

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## The Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964

- 1. The Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964 (Act No. 2 of 1964) published in the Government Gazette, Series I No. 15 dated 9-4-1964 and came into force w.e.f. 1st day of April, 1964.
- 2. The Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 1968 (Act No. 10 of 1968) [9-8-1968] published in the Government Gazette, Series I No. 22 dated 29th August, 1968.
- 3. The Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 1972 (Act No. 9 of 1972) [21-8-1972] published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 22 dated 31th August, 1972.
- 4. The Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 1977 (Act No. 3 of 1977) [28-3-1977] published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 52 dated 31st March, 1977.
- 5. The Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 1977 (Act No. 8 of 1977) [11-11-1977] published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 35 dated 1st December, 1977.
- 6. The Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 1980 (Act No. 6 of 1980) [18-5-1980] published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 9 dated 29-5-1980 and came into force w.e.f. 22nd May, 1980.
- 7. The Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 1982 (Act No. 3 of 1982) published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 2 dated 8-4-1982.
- 8. The Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 1983 (Act No. 1 of 1983) published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 51 dated 17-03-1983 and came into force w.e.f. 15-03-1983.
- 9. The Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 1986 (Act No. 5 of 1986) [22-9-1986] published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 25 dated 23-9-1986 and came into force w.e.f. 23-09-1986.
- 10. The Goa Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 2001 (Act No. 15 of 2001) [25-1-2001] published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 43 dated 31-01-2001.
- 11. The Goa Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 2001 (Act No. 21 of 2001) [30-3-2001] published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 52 (Extraordinary No. 6) dated 31-03-2001 and came into force w.e.f. 01-04-2001.
- 12. The Goa Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 2001 (Act No. 53 of 2001) [3-9-2001] published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 23 (Extraordinary) dated 07-09-2001 and came into force w.e.f. 01-04-2001.
- 13. The Goa Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 1968 (Act No. 13 of 2003) [30-4-2003] published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 4 (Extraordinary No. 4) dated 30-04-2003 and came into force w.e.f. 01-05-2003
- **14.** The Goa Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 2004 (Act No. 16 of 2004) [13-8-2004] published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 20 (Extraordinary No. 3) dated 18th August, 2004 and came into force w.e.f. 01-04-2001.

- **15.** The Goa Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 2006 (Act No. 20 of 2006) [29-8-2006] published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 22 (Extraordinary) dated 31th August, 2006.
- **16.** The Goa Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 2008 (Act No. 9 of 2008) [8-5-2008] published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 6 (Extraordinary No. 2) dated 13th May, 2008 and came into force w.e.f. 13-10-2007.
- **17. The Goa, Daman and Diu Excise Tax Rules, 1965** published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 21 (Supplement) dated 21-8-1965.

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# GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU Secretariat

#### Law Department

Panaji, 8<sup>th</sup> April, 1964

The following Act passed by the Legislative Assembly of Goa, Daman and Diu received the assent of the President of India on the 7th April, 1984 and is published for general information.

## The Goa, <sup>1</sup> Entertainment Tax Act, 1964

(No. 2 of 1964)

AN

**ACT** 

to consolidate and amend the Law for imposing a tax in respect of admission to entertainments in the Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu and for certain matters connected therewith.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Goa, Daman and Diu in the Fifteenth Year of the Republic of India as follows:

- **1. Short title, extent and commencement.** (1) This Act may be called the Goa <sup>2</sup>[] Entertainment Tax Act, 1964.
  - (2) It extends to the whole of the <sup>3</sup>[State of Goa].
  - (3) It shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1964.
- **2. Definitions.** In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—
  - (a) "admission to any entertainment" includes admission to any place in which the entertainment is held;
  - <sup>4</sup>[(b) 'antennae' means an apparatus which receives television signals that enables viewers to tune into transmission including national or international satellite transmission or moving pictures or series of pictures, by means of transmission of television signals by wire where subscriber's television sets at the residential or non-residential places are linked by metallic co-axial or optic fibre cable to a central system, called headend;

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Words "Daman and Diu" omitted by the Amendment Act 15 of 2001.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Words "Daman and Diu" omitted by the Amendment Act 15 of 2001 & further amended by Act No. 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Substituted in place of "Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu" by the Amendment Act 15 of 2001.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clauses inserted by the Amendment Act 21 of 2001 as clauses "(aa)" and "(aaa)" thereafter by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006 same are re-numbered as "b" and "c".

- (c) 'cable television' means a system organized for exhibition of films or moving pictures or series of pictures by means of transmission of television signals by wire where subscriber's television set is linked by metallic co-axial cable or optic fibre cable to a central system called the 'headend' and, by using a video cassette or disc or both, recorder or player or similar such apparatus on which pre-recorded video cassettes or disc or both are played or replayed and the films or moving pictures or series of pictures which are viewed and heard on television receiving set at a residential or a non-residential place of a connection holder;]
- <sup>5</sup>[(d) "cable operator" means any person who provides cable service through a cable television network or otherwise controls or is responsible for the management and operation of a cable television network;
- (e) "cable service" means the transmission by cables of programmes including retransmission by cables of any broadcast of television signals;
- (f) "cable television network" means any system consisting of a set of closed transmission paths and associated signal generation, control and distribution equipments, designed to provide cable services, for reception by multiple subscribers.]
- <sup>6</sup>["(g) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Entertainment Tax appointed under sub-section (1) of section 2A and includes an Additional Commissioner of Entertainment Tax;";]
- <sup>7</sup>(h) "complimentary ticket" means a ticket or pass for admission to any entertainment free of any payment or at a reduced rate of payment for such admission;
- <sup>8</sup>[(i) "Distributor" means any person who is engaged in selling, supplying or distributing or making available on rental or hire basis feature films for exhibition of cinematograph show or providing cable television network by means of any system consisting of a set of closed transmission parts and associated signal generation, control and distributing equipments, designed to provide cable service for reception by multiple subscribers and/or cable operator whether for cash or for deferred payment, or for rental or for hire charges or for payment in any ratio or any proportion to the total payment in respect of the said sale/services;]
- <sup>9</sup>[(j) "entertainment" with all its grammatical variations and cognate expressions means,—
  - (1) cinematograph show including video shows to which persons are admitted on payment or exhibition of films or moving pictures which are viewed and heard on the television receiving set, with the aid of any type of antennae with the cable network attached to it or cable television for which persons are required to make

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Substituted by Amendment Act 3 of 1982, thereafter by the Amendment Act 15 of 2001 same is amended. Lastly by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006 present entry is substituted after re-numbering the clause from "b" to "g".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Re-numbered by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>9</sup> Substituted by the Amendment Act 21 of 2001, thereafter by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006 this clause (d) is re-numbered as clause (j) and present entries are substituted.

payment by way of contribution or subscription or installation and connection charges or any other charges collected in any manner whatsoever.";

- (2) A horse race either live or displayed for viewing through any electronic media connected with the help of the server application or otherwise to which persons are admitted on payment;
- (3) Any amusement or exhibition or performance or pageant or a game or a sport, whether held indoor or outdoor, to which the persons are admitted on payment;
- (4) River/boat cruise or boat rides or water sports or Para sailing or boat skiing or motor cart rides or any other similar activities of entertainment;
- (5) Casinos and Casino games on slot machines, cyber cafe and/or pool parlours, disco and any other entertainment provided by clubs/organisations/institutions/individuals for commercial purpose but will not include entertainment defined separately;
- (6) Dance performances, musical performances, theatrical performances including cultural programmers, drama, ballets to which persons are admitted on payments;
  - (7) Circus to which persons are admitted on payment;
- (8) DTH (Direct to Home) disc service for which persons are required to make payment by way of contribution or subscription or installation and any other charges collected in any manner whatsoever.].
- <sup>10</sup>[(k) "Government" means the Government of the Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu;
  - <sup>11</sup>[(1) "month" means a calendar month"]
- $(f)^{12}["(m)"$  "payment for admission" means the amount paid for admission and includes—
  - (i) any payment for seats or other accommodation in a place of entertainment;
  - (ii) any payment made for the loan or use of any instrument or contrivance which enables a person to get a normal or better view or hearing of the entertainment which, without the aid of such instrument or contrivance such person would not get;
  - (iii) any payment for any purpose whatsoever connected with an entertainment or for a programme of synopsis thereof which a person is required to make as a condition of attending or continuing to attend the entertainment in addition to the payment, if any, for admission to the entertainment;

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Re-numbered by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

Clause (f) inserted by Amendment Act 3 of 1982, thereafter this clause was amended by the Amendment Act 15 of 2001, 16 of 2004. By the Amendment Act 20 of 2006 the clause (f), re-numbered as clause "m" and present entry is substituted.

- (iv) any payment made by a person who having been admitted to one part of a place of entertainment is subsequently admitted to another part thereof for admission to which a payment involving tax or more tax is required;
- (v) any payment made by a person or persons for having admitted for viewing any games or race or a show connected through any electronic media or services either with the help of server or control room;".
- **Explanation.** "(1) Where any amount is separately charged on the ticket for admission as tax, the amount so collected by way of tax under this Act shall not form the part of payment for admission;
- (2) Where any amount is charged as composite fee for the services rendered, without indicating the amount separately charged for payment for admission, such fees, when exceeding the amount of exemption so specifically provided, shall be deemed to have included the amount for payment for admission for the purpose of levy under this Act."].
  - <sup>13</sup>[(n) "person" includes an individual, any Government, any company whether incorporated or not, society, club, association or body of individuals, a Hindu undivided family, a firm, a local authority, and every artificial juristic person not falling within any of the preceding descriptions-,]
  - <sup>14</sup>["(o) "place of entertainment" means a place where the entertainment is held and includes the operating office and the place from where the entertainment is provided by means of cable connections from any type of antennae with the cable network attached to it or cable television or any off course betting center run by any club or association or individual for viewing any game or races or show connected through electronic media and such other place where account and other documents connected with the entertainment are kept."];
    - <sup>15</sup>[(p) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;]
  - <sup>16</sup>["(q) "proprietor" in relation to any entertainment includes any person or a club or an institution or any organization responsible for or for the time being in charge of the management thereof or any person or persons conducting, organising, sponsoring or patronising any such entertainments.]";
  - <sup>17</sup>["(r) "subscriber" means a person who receives the signals of cable television network at a place indicated by him to the cable operator, without further transmitting it to any other person."];

<sup>14</sup> Clause [ff] inserted by the Amendment Act 21 of 2001, thereafter by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006 same is renumbered as clause "o" and present entry is substituted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Clause (g) re-numbered as clause (p) by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Existing entry of clause (h) was substituted by the Amendment Act 21 of 2001. Thereafter by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006 clause (h) re-numbered as clause (q) and present entry was substituted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

- <sup>18</sup>["(s) "tax" or "entertainment tax" means tax leviable under section 3 and under section 3E of this Act;"]
  - <sup>19</sup>["(t) "Schedule" means schedule appended to this Act;"].
  - (u) "Year" means a financial year.]
  - <sup>20</sup>["(v) "Tribunal" means Tribunal constituted as per section 2B."].
- <sup>21</sup>[**2A Taxing Authorities.** (1) The Government shall appoint an officer to be called the <sup>22</sup>[Commissioner and/or Additional Commissioner] of Entertainment Tax for carrying out the purpose of this Act.
- (2) The Government shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner of Entertainment Tax and such number of Entertainment Tax Officers as it deems necessary to assist the Commissioner in the execution of his functions under this Act.
  - (3) The Commissioner may appoint such number of,—
    - (a) Assistant Entertainment Tax Officers;
    - (b) Entertainment Tax Inspectors; and
    - (c) Other officers and such ministerial staff as he thinks necessary to assist him in the execution of his functions under this Act.
- (4) The Commissioner and all other Officers and persons appointed under this section shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860.]
- <sup>23</sup>["(5) The Government may, subject to such conditions and restrictions as it may impose, by notification in the Official Gazette, delegate to the Commissioner the powers (not being powers relating to the appointment of Additional Commissioner of Entertainment Tax, Assistant Commissioner of Entertainment Tax and Entertainment Tax Officers) conferred on the Government by sub-section (1) and sub-section (2).
- (6) The Commissioner and all officers and persons appointed under this Act shall exercise such powers as may be conferred and perform such duties as may be required by or under this Act.
- (7) The superintendence and control for the proper execution of the provisions of this Act and rules made thereunder relating to the levy and collection of the tax shall vest in the Commissioner."]

<sup>22</sup> Substituted by the Amendment Act 15 of 2001.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Clause (i) added by The Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 1968 (Act No. 10 of 1968). Subsequently by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006 clause renumbered as clause (s) and present entry substituted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Clauses (j) and (k) were inserted by Amendment Act 5 of 1986, subsequently by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006 same has been deleted and new entries (t) and (u) substituted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Inserted by the Amendment Act No. 3 of 1982.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Sub-section (5), (6) and (7) inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>24</sup>["**2B. Tribunal.**— (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, the Government shall constitute a Tribunal consisting of one or more members as it thinks fit to discharge the functions conferred on the Tribunal by or under this Act:

Provided that, where the Tribunal consists of one member, that member shall be a person who has held a civil judicial post for at least ten years or who has been a member of the Central Legal Service (not below Grade II) for at least three years, or who has been in practice as an advocate for at least ten years, and where the Tribunal consists of more than one member, one such member shall be a person qualified as aforesaid.

- (2) If the Tribunal consists of more than one member, the Government shall appoint one of the members of the Tribunal to be the Chairman thereof.
- (3) The qualification of the member or members constituting the Tribunal and the period for which such member or members shall hold office shall be such as may be prescribed.
- (4) The Government may terminate the appointment of any member of the Tribunal before the expiry of the term of his office if such member,—
  - (a) is adjudged as an insolvent; or
  - (b) engages during his term of office in any paid employment outside the duties of his office; or
  - (c) is or becomes, in any way concerned or interested in any contract or agreement made by or on behalf of the Government or participates in any way in the profit thereof or in any benefit or emoluments arising there from; or
  - (d) is in the opinion of the Government, unfit to continue in office by reason of infirmity of mind or body; or
    - (e) is convicted of an offence involving moral turpitude:

Provided that, before terminating the appointment of any member under this subsection, such member shall be given a reasonable opportunity of making representation against such termination of appointment.

- (5) Any vacancy in the membership of the Tribunal shall be filled up by the Government as soon as practicable.
- (6) If the Tribunal consists of more than one member, the functions of the Tribunal may be discharged by any of the members sitting either singly or in benches of two or more members, as may be determined by the Chairman.
- (7) Where, the Tribunal consists of more than one member and they are divided on any matter arising for decision before them, the decision shall be the decision of the majority, if there be a majority; but if the members are equally divided, they shall state the point or points on which they differ and the case shall be referred by the Chairman for hearing on such point or points to one or more of the other members of the Tribunal, and such point

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

or points shall be decided according to the majority of the members of the Tribunal who heard the case, including those who first heard it.

- (8) Subject to such conditions and limitations as may be prescribed, the Tribunal shall have power to award costs, and the amount of such costs shall be recoverable from the person who is ordered to pay the same as arrears of land revenue.
- (9) The Tribunal shall, for the purpose of regulating its procedure and disposal of its business, make regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder:

Provided that the regulations so made shall not have effect until they are approved by the Government and published in the Official Gazette.

(10) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, the Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, confer on any Tribunal constituted or functioning under any other law for the time being in force, the powers conferred on a Tribunal by or under this Act and thereupon such other Tribunal shall be deemed to be a Tribunal constituted under this section in relation to the said law notwithstanding anything inconsistent in such other law:

Provided that the provisions of sub-section (3) and (4) shall not apply to the Tribunal on which such powers are so conferred.

(11) Any proceeding before the Tribunal shall be deemed to be judicial proceeding within the meaning of sections 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code,1860 (Central Act 45 of 1860)."]

#### 3. [Levy of Tax.—

<sup>25</sup>["(1) There shall be levied and paid to the Government on all payments for admission to any entertainment, as shown in Schedules A, B and D hereto, a tax indicated therein."]

<sup>26</sup>[(2) In computing the tax payable under sub-section (1), the tax leviable shall be computed with reference to each single person admitted.]

(3) Where the payment for admission to any entertainment is made by means of a lumpsum paid as a subscription or contribution to any society, or for a season ticket or for the right of admission to a series of entertainments or to any entertainment during a certain period of time, or for any privilege, right, facility or thing combined with the right of admission to any entertainment or involving such right of admission without further payment or at a reduced charge, the entertainment tax shall be paid on the amount of the lumpsum, but where the Commissioner is of opinion that the payment of a lumpsum or any payment for a ticket represents payment for other privileges, rights or purposes besides the admission to an entertainment, or covers admission to an entertainment during

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Sub-section 1 amended by Amendment Act 10 of 1968, 9 of 1972, 3 of 1977, 6 of 1980, 1 of 1983, 15 of 2001, 13 of 2003 and 20 of 2006. Present entries are substituted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Sub-section 2 amended by the Amendment Act 10 of 1968 and 3 of 1977. Lastly by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006 present entry substituted.

any period for which the tax has not been in operation, the tax shall be charged on such amount as appears to the Commissioner to represent the right of admission to entertainment in respect of which the entertainment tax is payable.

(4) There shall be levied and paid to the Government on every complimentary ticket issued by the proprietor the entertainment tax at the appropriate rate prescribed under subsection (1), as if full payment has been made for admission to the entertainment according to the class or set of accommodation which the holder of such ticket is entitled to occupy or use and the holder of such ticket shall be deemed to have been admitted for payment for the purpose of this Act.

<sup>27</sup>["Provided that the Government may exempt from payment of entertainment tax complimentary tickets issued by the proprietor or person for admission to the entertainment not exceeding five percent of the total capacity of such entertainment or the tickets actually sold, whichever is less";]

- <sup>28</sup>[(5) (i) The Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette,—
  - (a) reduce any rate of tax,
  - (b) enhance any rate of tax,

and may, by like notification, add to, or omit from, or otherwise amend any entry of the Schedule and thereupon the Schedule shall be deemed to have been amended accordingly.

- (ii) Any notification issued under clause (i) shall take effect prospectively, either from the date of publication thereof in the Official Gazette or from such later date as may be mentioned therein.
- (iii) The provisions contained in sub-section (4) of section 14 of this Act regarding laying the rules on the table of the Legislative Assembly shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to any notification issued under clause (i).]
  - <sup>29</sup>[3A. Determination of disputed question.— "(1) If any question arises, otherwise than in proceedings before a Court, or proceedings under sections 6A or 6C or 6D, about the interpretation of any provisions of this Act, or as to whether,—
    - (a) any proprietor or person is liable for payment of tax for admission to an entertainment; or
      - (b) any entertainment is liable for payment of entertainment tax; or
      - (c) any particular proprietor or person is required to be registered; or
    - (d) any tax payable in respect of any particular entertainment or if the tax is payable, the rate thereof, the Commissioner, upon application made in the prescribed manner, shall, after hearing the applicant and/or otherwise making such inquiries as may be necessary, make an order determining such question.

<sup>28</sup> Sub-section (5) inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Proviso inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Inserted by Added by the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 1968 (Act No. 10 of 1968) thereafter by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006 present section is substituted.

- (2) The Commissioner may direct that the determination shall not affect the liability of any proprietor or person under this Act, in respect of any entertainment effected prior to such determination.
- (3) If any such question arises from any order already passed under this Act, no such question shall be entertained for determination under this section; but such question may be raised in appeal against or by way of revision of, such order."]

# <sup>30</sup>[3B.3C. (omitted)]

<sup>31</sup>[3D. Composition of tax payable on entertainment provided by way of river cruises/boat cruises under section 3.— In lieu of tax payable under section 3 for entertainment provided by way of river cruises/boat cruises, the proprietor may, at his option and in such manner as may be prescribed, pay the tax by way of composition at <sup>32</sup>[50% or any lower rate of percentage that the Government may notify for such period] of the aggregate value of notional receipts receivable for admission worked out as under:-

Aggregate notional receipts = total capacity of the boat or vessel by way of number of persons, on which entertainment is provided by way of river cruises/boat cruises X rate per ticket per adult persons X number of trips."]

<sup>33</sup>[3E. Special provisions in respect of certain entertainments.— (1) Not-withstanding anything contained in section 3. and subject to the rules made, there shall be levied and paid tax on entertainment provided by way of cyber cafe and/or pool parlour and/or with the aid of antennae or cable television or Direct to Home Disk services through any electronic system of de-coding or otherwise, including transmission of television signals by wire where the subscribers T.V. sets are linked by metallic co-axial or fibre cable to a central system called headend, to a connection holder on payment of any contribution or subscription or installation and connection charges or any other charges collected as specified in Schedule 'C' hereto or in any other manner whatsoever."]

<sup>34</sup>3F. [Omitted]

<sup>35</sup>[3G. Registration of proprietor or person.—

(1) No proprietor or person liable to pay tax under sections 3 and 3E shall carry on activity of providing entertainment, unless he has filed an application in accordance with sub-section (2) or he possesses a valid certificate of registration under this Act:

32 Substituted in place of figure "30%" by Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Section 3B & 3C inserted by Amendment Act 5 of 1986 however same has been omitted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Inserted by Amendment Act 15 of 2001.

<sup>33</sup> Section 3E was inserted by the Amendment Act 21 of 2001, which was amended by the Act No. 53 of 2001. However vide Amendment Act 20 of 2006 present section is substituted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Section 3F was inserted by the Amendment Act 21 of 2006, thereafter said section was amended by the Act No. 53 of 2001. However vide Amendment Act 20 of 2006 section omitted.

<sup>35</sup> New section 3G to 3N are inserted by Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

Provided that, any proprietor or person who was either registered or liable to pay tax under section 3 or section 3E of this Act, prior to the date of coming into force the Goa Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 2006, shall continue to be so registered or liable to pay tax, subject to other provisions of this Act:

Provided further that, it shall be lawful for the proprietor or person to provide entertainment if he has applied for registration within the time provided under sub-section (2).

(2) Within 30 days from the date of accruing of liability to pay tax under this Act every proprietor or person shall make an application to the Commissioner for registration with fees as specified in Schedule E hereto:

Provided that no proprietor or person, who is already registered as hotelier under the Goa Tax on Luxuries Act, 1988 (Act No. 17 of 1988), shall be required to pay registration/renewal fees under this Act.

- (2) If the Commissioner is satisfied that application for registration is in order, he shall in accordance with such rules as may be prescribed, register the applicant and grant him a certificate of registration in the prescribed form and such certificate shall specify place of providing entertainment and area of operation.
- (3) The Commissioner may, after considering any information furnished or otherwise called for or received under any provision of this Act, amend from time to time the certificate of registration.
- (4) The Commissioner may, for good and sufficient reason, demand from the proprietor or person, who has applied for registration under this Act, a reasonable security not exceeding rupees one lakh, for proper payment of tax payable by him under this Act.
- (6) The Commissioner may, for good and sufficient cause forfeit the whole or any part of the security obtained under sub-section (5):

Provided that no order shall be passed under this sub-section without giving the concerned proprietor or person an opportunity of being heard.

- (7) Where a registered proprietor or person discontinues, transfers or otherwise disposes of his activity of providing entertainment or where he ceases to be liable to pay tax and he applies in a prescribed form to the Commissioner, then the Commissioner shall, after making such enquiry as may be necessary, cancel the certificate of registration with effect from such date as he may fix in accordance with the rules.
- (8) Where the Commissioner is satisfied that any registered proprietor or person has discontinued, transferred or otherwise disposed of the activity of providing entertainment and has failed to apply under sub-section (7) for cancellation of certificate of registration, the Commissioner may, after giving the proprietor or person a reasonable opportunity of being heard, cancel the certificate of registration with effect from such date as he may fix to be the date from which the said activity has been discontinued, transferred or otherwise disposed of:

Provided that, the cancellation of certificate of registration on an application of the proprietor or person or otherwise shall not affect the liability of the proprietor or person to

pay the tax including any penalty/interest due for any period up to the date of cancellation, whether such tax including any penalty/interest is assessed before or after the date of cancellation.

- (9) Every proprietor or person liable for registration under this Act shall have to get his registration certificate renewed every financial year on payment of renewal charges specified in Schedule E hereto within 30 days from the commencement of the financial year. Provisions contained in this Act relating to registration, shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply for renewal of registration.
- **3H. Provisional registration.** (1) A proprietor or person who intends to provide entertainment on payment of charges for admission, but is not liable to pay tax under the provisions of this Act, may, if so desires, apply in the prescribed manner, under this section, for grant of provisional registration certificate by the Commissioner, on payment of registration fees specified in Schedule E hereto.
- (2) If the Commissioner, upon examining such application, is of the opinion that it is in order, shall grant such certificate which shall be valid for the year in which it is issued or upto such period as specified therein.
- (3) Every proprietor or person who has been granted a certificate of provisional registration under this section shall, for so long as such certificate is in force, be liable to pay tax under this Act:

Provided that if the Commissioner is satisfied that the particulars contained in the application are not correct or complete or that any information prescribed for registering the applicant is not furnished, the Commissioner may, after giving the applicant a reasonable opportunity of being heard, reject the application for reasons to be recorded in writing.

- **3I.** Liability of proprietor to tax.— (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act and rules made thereunder, there shall be paid by every proprietor and person who is liable to pay tax under this Act, the tax or taxes in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- (2) If a person other than the owner including manager/agent is for the time being is incharge of the place of entertainment, then, such person and the owner shall jointly and severally be liable to pay tax.
- **3J. Liability of firm.** Where any entertainment is run by a firm, then the firm and each of the partners of the firm shall be jointly and severally liable for payment of tax:

Provided that where any partner retires from the firm, he shall be liable to pay tax, penalty and interest payable under this Act, if any, remaining unpaid at the time of his retirement, and any tax due up to the date of his retirement, even if assessment of tax including any penalty and interest, if any, is made at a later date.

- **3K. Special provision regarding liability in certain cases.** (1) Where a proprietor or person liable to pay tax under this Act, dies, then—
  - (a) if the activity of providing entertainment carried on by the proprietor or person is continued after his death by his legal representative or any other person, such legal

representative or other person shall be liable to pay the tax including any penalty due from such proprietor or person under this Act in the like manner and to the same extent as the deceased proprietor or person;

(b) if the activity of providing entertainment carried on by the proprietor or person is discontinued, whether before or after his death, his legal representative shall be liable to pay out of the estate of the deceased, in the like manner and to the same extent as the deceased proprietor or person would have been liable to pay if he had not died, the tax including any penalty due from such proprietor or such person under this Act, whether such tax including any penalty has been assessed before his death but has remained unpaid or is assessed after his death.

**Explanation.**— For the purpose of this sub-section, the expression "legal representative" has the meaning assigned to it in clause (11) of section 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Central Act 5 of 1908).

- (2) Where a proprietor or a person liable to pay tax under this Act is a Hindu undivided family and the joint property is partitioned amongst the various members or group of members, then, each member or group of members shall be jointly and severally liable to pay the tax including any penalty/interest due from the proprietor or the person, under this Act, upto the time of partition whether such tax including any penalty/interest has been assessed before partition but has remained unpaid or is assessed after partition.
- (3) Where a proprietor or person liable to pay tax under this Act is a firm and the firm is dissolved, then every person who was a partner shall be jointly and severally liable to pay to the extent to which he is liable under section 3J, the tax including any penalty/interest due from the firm under this Act up to the time of dissolution, whether such tax including any penalty/interest has been assessed before such dissolution but has remained unpaid or is assessed after dissolution.
- (4) Where a proprietor or person, liable to pay tax under this Act, transfers or otherwise disposes of his business in whole or in part or effects any change in the ownership thereof, in consequence of which he is succeeded in the business or part thereof by any other person, then, the proprietor or person and the person succeeding shall jointly and severally be liable to pay the tax including any penalty/interest due from the proprietor or person under this Act up to the time of such transfer, disposal or change, whether such tax including any penalty/interest has been assessed before such transfer, disposal or change but has remained unpaid or is assessed thereafter.
  - (5) Where a proprietor or a person liable to pay tax under this Act,—
  - (a) is the guardian of a ward on whose behalf the business is carried on by the guardian; or
  - (b) is a trustee who carries on the business under a trust for a beneficiary, then, if the guardianship or trust is terminated, the ward or, as the case may be, the beneficiary, shall be liable to pay the tax including any penalty/interest due from the proprietor or person, upto the time of termination of the guardianship or trust, whether such tax including any penalty/interest has been assessed before the termination of the guardianship or trust, but has remained unpaid, or is assessed thereafter.

- (6) Where a proprietor or person liable to pay the tax under this Act is succeeded in the business by any person in the manner described in clause (a) of sub-section (1) or in sub-section (4), then such person, unless he already holds a certificate of registration, shall, within 30 days thereof, apply for registration.
- **3L.** Non transferability of registration certificate.— Save as otherwise provided in section 3N, a certificate of registration shall be personal to the proprietor or person to whom it is granted and shall not be transferable.
- **3M.** Information to be furnished regarding changes in business etc.— (1) If a proprietor or person liable to pay tax under this Act,—
  - (a) sells or otherwise disposes off his business or any part thereof or effects or makes any other changes to his knowledge in the ownership; or
  - (b) discontinues or changes the place thereof or opens the new place of providing entertainment; or
    - (c) changes the name or nature of the activity; or
  - (d) enters into a partnership or other association in regard to his activity he shall, within the prescribed time, inform the Commissioner accordingly.
- (2) Where any such proprietor or person dies, his executors, administrators or other legal representatives or where any proprietor or person is a firm and there is a change in the constitution of the firm or the firm is dissolved, every person who was a partner thereof, shall, in like manner inform the said authority of such death, change in the constitution or of dissolution, as the case may be.
- **3N.** Certificate of registration to continue in certain circumstances.— Where, a registered proprietor or person,—
  - (a) effects change in the name of his business or his activity of providing entertainment; or
  - (b) is a firm, and there is a change in the constitution of the firm without dissolution thereof; or
    - (c) is a trustee of a trust, and there is change in the trustee thereof; or
  - (d) is a guardian of a ward, and there is a change in the guardian, he shall then, merely by reason of any of the circumstances aforesaid, it shall not be necessary for the proprietor or person or the firm with the changed constitution, or the new trustee, or new guardian, to apply for a fresh certificate of registration and on information being furnished in the manner required by section 3M, the certificate of registration shall be amended."
- <sup>36</sup>[4. Payment of tax and returns.— (1) Tax payable under this Act shall be paid in the manner hereinafter provided and at such intervals as may be prescribed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Present text is substituted by Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

- (2) Such proprietor or person as may be required so to do by the Commissioner by notice served in the prescribed manner and every registered proprietor or person shall furnish returns of the total payments for admission to the entertainment to which such return relates in such manner, by such date and to such authority as may be prescribed.
- (3) Before any registered proprietor or person furnishes the returns required by sub-section (2), he shall pay into a Government Treasury or the State Bank of India or in such other manner as may be prescribed, the full amount of tax due from him under this Act, according to such returns and shall furnish along with the returns a receipt from such Treasury or Bank showing the payment of such amount.
- (4) If any proprietor or person having furnished his returns under sub-section (2) discovers any omission or incorrect statement, he may furnish a revised return before the expiry of three months following the last date prescribed for furnishing the original return and if the revised return shows a greater amount of tax to be due then was shown in the original return, it shall be accompanied by a receipt showing the payment in the manner provided in sub-section (3) of the extra amount:

Provided that no such revised return shall be considered as such and it shall not be taken into consideration, if the Commissioner is satisfied that the return originally furnished was with the intention to delay the payment of tax due in time, or with intention to defraud the Government of its revenue.

- (5) Any tax assessed or any other amount, due under this Act from a proprietor or person, may, without prejudice to any other mode of collection, be recovered,—
  - (a) as if it were an arrears of land revenue; or
  - (b) by attachment and sale or by sale without attachment of any property of such proprietor or person by the Officer appointed under sub-section (2) of section 2A, in accordance with such rules as may be prescribed.
  - (6) The proprietor or person shall pay,—
  - (a) the amount of tax assessed or re-assessed for any period under section 6A or section 6C of this Act less sum already paid by him in respect of such period; and
  - (b) the amount of penalty, if any, levied under this Act, into the appropriate Government Treasury by such date as may be specified in a notice or order issued under this Act being not later than 30 days from the date of notice or order:

Provided that the Commissioner may, in respect of any particular proprietor or person and for reasons to be recorded in writing and on payment of interest @ 12% per annum or at such higher/lower rate as the Government may notify from time to time, extend the date of such payment or allow to pay tax due or penalty or interest levied, if any, by installments.

(7) (a) When a proprietor or person is in default in making payment of the tax assessed or re-assessed or of penalty imposed or interest levied, there shall be paid by such proprietor or person for the period commencing from the date of expiry of the date specified in the notice for payment and ending on the date of payment of the amount, simple interest @ 15% per annum on the amount not so paid.

- (b) Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (a), upon an application from the proprietor or person in the manner prescribed, the Commissioner, subject to such conditions as he may impose, remit the whole or any part of the interest payable in respect of any period by the proprietor or person.
- (8) The Government may, by general or special order published in the Official Gazette, authorize any Officer not below the rank of Entertainment Tax Officer, to exercise, for the purpose of effecting recovery of the amount of tax or penalty or interest due from any proprietor or person under this Act, the powers of the Collector under the Goa Land Revenue Code, 1968 (Act 9 of 1969), to recover the dues as arrears of land revenue.
- (9) No person other than a person who has to perform some duty in connection with any entertainment or a duty imposed upon him by any law, shall be admitted to an entertainment except with a valid ticket.
- (10) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, the Commissioner, on the application of the proprietor or person of any entertainment in respect of which entertainment tax is payable under sections 3 and 3E, allow the proprietor or person on such conditions as may be prescribed to make payment of tax due,—
  - (i) by a consolidated payment of a percentage, to be fixed by the Commissioner, of the gross sum received by the proprietor or person on account of payment for admission to the entertainment; or
  - (ii) on the basis of the returns of the payments for admission to the entertainment filed by the proprietor or person for the corresponding period of the preceding year; or
  - (iii) in accordance with the results recorded by any mechanical/electronic contrivance including computers which automatically registers the number of persons admitted.]
- **5. Exemptions.** <sup>37</sup>"[(1) A proprietor or person, upon an application in the prescribed manner and on payment of prescribed fees, may apply to the Commissioner for exemption from levy of entertainment tax on payments for admission to the entertainment, under the following circumstances:
  - (a) where the whole of the receipts thereof are devoted to philanthropic or charitable purpose; or
    - (b) where the entertainment is meant for educational purposes."];
- (2) The Government may exempt from entertainment tax any ticket or complimentary ticket issued to a person in uniform serving in the defence forces of India, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.
- (3) <sup>38</sup>[The Government may, upon an application from a proprietor or person in the manner prescribed ]", by general or special order exempt any entertainment or class of entertainments from liability to entertainment tax in whole or in part.

<sup>37</sup> Sub-section 1 was Amended by Act No. 10 of 1968 and thereafter by Amendment Act 20 of 2006 sub-section substituted).

<sup>38</sup> Substituted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>39</sup>[(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in <sup>40</sup>[sections 3 and 3E] of this Act, the entertainment provided by way or river cruises/boat cruises prior to the date of enforcement of the Goa Entertainment Tax (Amendment) Act, 2001, shall be exempted from entertainment tax if aforesaid tax has not been collected on such entertainment on the ground that no such tax could have been levied or collected at that time:

Provided that the burden of proving that the entertainment tax was not collected on entertainment provided by way of river cruises/boat cruises referred to in <sup>41</sup>[] section 3, shall be on the person claiming exemption under this sub-section.

**Explanation:**— For the purposes of sub-section (1) the takings of an entertainment shall not be deemed to be devoted to philanthropic or charitable purpose if such takings are to be devoted to the benefit of any particular religious purpose or any particular caste or community other than any class of citizens declared by the Government as socially or educationally backward.]

- **6. Power to inspect.** (1) The Commissioner<sup>42</sup>[ ], may enter any place of entertainment while the entertainment is proceeding, and any place ordinarily used as a place of entertainment at any reasonable time with a view to inspect whether the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder are being complied with.
- (2) The proprietor <sup>43</sup>[or person] of every entertainment and the owner or person in-charge of any place which is ordinarily used as a place of entertainment shall give every reasonable assistance to the Inspecting Officer in the performance of his duties under sub-section (1).
- (3) If any person prevents or obstructs the entry of the inspecting officer, he shall, in addition to any other punishment to which he may be liable under any law for the time being in force, be punished with fine which may extend to <sup>44</sup>[five thousand rupees] on conviction before a Magistrate.
- <sup>45</sup>[6A. Assessment of tax.— (1) The amount of tax due from a proprietor or person liable to pay tax shall be assessed separately for each year during which he is so liable:

Provided that, the Commissioner may, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, assess the tax due from any proprietor or person, during a part of a year.

- (2) If the Commissioner is satisfied that the returns furnished by a registered proprietor or a person, in respect of any period are correct and complete, he shall assess the amount of tax due from the proprietor or person, on the basis of such returns.
- (3) If the Commissioner is not satisfied that the returns furnished by a registered proprietor or a person in respect of any period are correct and complete, and he thinks it

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Inserted by the Amendment Act 15 of 2001.

<sup>40</sup> Substituted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> The words "clause (b) of sub-section (1) of" omitted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> The words "or any Officer of Government duly authorized in writing by him in this behalf" omitted by the Amendment

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> In place of words "five hundred rupees" substituted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Section 6-A to 6-H inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

necessary to require the presence of the proprietor or person or the production of further evidence, he shall serve on such proprietor or person a notice requiring him on a date and at a place specified thereon, either to attend and produce or cause to be produced all evidence on which such proprietor or person relies in support of his returns, or to produce such evidence as is specified in the notice. On the date specified in the notice, or as soon as may be thereafter, the Commissioner shall, after considering all the evidence which may be produced, assess the amount of tax due from the proprietor or person.

- (4) If a registered proprietor or a person fails to comply with the terms of any notice issued under sub-section (3), the Commissioner shall assess, to the best of his judgment, the amount of tax due from him.
- (5) Where all the returns are filed by a registered proprietor or person for any year on or before the date prescribed for filing the last return of that year, no order of assessment under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) in respect of that year shall be made after the expiry of two years from the end of the said year, and if for any reason such order is not made within the period aforesaid, then the returns so filed shall be deemed to have been accepted as correct and complete for assessing the tax due from such proprietor or person:

Provided that, where such assessment is made in consequence of or to give effect to any order of an appellate or revisional authority or of a Court, the period of two years shall be reckoned from the date of such order:

Provided further that, in computing the period of limitation laid down in the above sub-section, any period during which assessment proceedings are stayed by an order or injunction of any Court or authority shall be excluded.

- (6) If a registered proprietor or a person does not furnish returns in respect of any period by the prescribed date, the Commissioner shall, at any time within two years from the end of the year in which such period occurs, after giving the proprietor or the person a reasonable opportunity of being heard, proceed to assess, to the best of his judgment, the amount of tax, if any, due from him.
- (7) If the Commissioner has reason to believe that a proprietor or a person is liable to pay tax in respect of any period, but has failed to apply for registration or failed to apply for registration within time as required by section 3G, the Commissioner shall, at any time within three years from the end of the year in which such period occurs, after giving the proprietor or the person a reasonable opportunity of being heard, proceed to assess, to the best of his judgment, the amount of tax, if any, due from the proprietor or person in respect of that period, and any period or periods subsequent thereto.
- (8) Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing provisions of this section, where the Commissioner is not satisfied about the correctness or completeness of the accounts of a proprietor or a person or where no method of accounting has been regularly employed by a proprietor or a person, the Commissioner may, after giving the proprietor or the person a reasonable opportunity of being heard, assess to the best of his judgement, the amount of tax, if any, due from him.
- (9) Any assessment made under this section shall be without prejudice to any penalty or prosecution for an offence, under this Act.

**Entertainment Tax Act and Rules** 

- 6B. Applicability of provisions of this Act to the person liable to pay tax under section 3K.— Where, in respect of any tax including any penalty and interest due from the proprietor or person under this Act, any other person is liable for payment thereof under section 3K, then such other person shall be deemed to be a proprietor or a person for the purpose of this Act, and all the relevant provisions of this Act, shall, in respect of such liability, apply to such person also, as if he were the proprietor or the person.
- 6C. Re-assessment of turnover escaping assessment, under assessed, etc.—(1) If a proprietor or a person has been assessed under section 6A for any year or part thereof and where for any reason the whole or any part of the turnover of receipts in respect of that year or part thereof has escaped assessment, or has been under-assessed or assessed at a lower rate, or any deduction has been wrongly made, then, the Commissioner may, at any time within three years of the end of that year, after giving the proprietor or the person a reasonable opportunity of being heard, proceed to assess or re-assess, to the best of his judgment, the amount of tax due from such proprietor or person:

Provided that, the amount of tax shall be assessed at the rates at which it would have been assessed had there been no under-assessment or escapements:

Provided further that, where in respect of such turnover of receipts an order has already been passed in appeal or revision under this Act, the Commissioner shall make a report to the appropriate appellate or revisional authority under this Act, which shall thereupon after giving the proprietor or the person concerned a reasonable opportunity of being heard, pass such order as it deems fit.

- (2) Nothing in sub-section (1) shall apply to any proceeding (including any notice issued) under section 6D or section 6G.
  - (3) Nothing in sections 6D and 6G shall affect any proceeding under this section.
- 6D. Appeal, revision and review.— (1) Any proprietor or person may, in the prescribed manner, appeal to the authority as may be prescribed, against any assessment or re-assessment, within sixty days from the date of communication of the order appealed against:

Provided firstly that, the said authority may entertain the appeal after expiry of the said period of sixty days but not beyond one hundred and fifty days, if he is satisfied that the applicant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time:

Provided secondly that, no appeal shall be entertained by the said authority unless he is satisfied that such amount of the tax as the applicant may admit to be due from him has been paid.

- (2) Subject to such rules or procedure as may be prescribed, the appellate authority, in disposing of any appeal under sub-section (1), may—
  - (a) confirm, reduce, enhance or annul the assessment; or
  - (b) set aside the assessment and direct the assessing authority to make a fresh assessment after such further inquiry as may be directed; or
    - (c) pass such other orders as it may think fit.

- (3) (a) In the case of an order passed in appeal by the appellate authority under sub-section (2), a second appeal shall lie to the Tribunal within sixty days of the date of passing of the order.
  - (b) The Tribunal may admit the second appeal referred to after the period of sixty days referred to in clause (a) but not beyond one hundred fifty days, if it is satisfied that the appellant had sufficient cause for not preferring the appeal in that period.
- (4) No appeal under sub-section (3) or sub-section (9) shall be entertained by the Tribunal, and no revision application under sub-section (6) shall be entertained by the Commissioner, unless such appeal or revision application, as the case may be, is accompanied by satisfactory proof of the payment of tax or penalty or both that may be due:

Provided that, the Tribunal or the Commissioner, as the case may be, if it or he thinks fit, for reasons to be recorded in writing, entertain any appeal or revision against any such order without making the payment as aforesaid, if the appellant or, as the case may be, the applicant, furnishes such security for such amount as it or he may direct.

- (5) In disposing of an appeal, the Tribunal shall have the same powers as that of the appellate authority under sub-section (2).
- (6) Subject to such rules as may be prescribed and for reasons to be recorded in writing, the Commissioner, upon application or of his own motion, may revise, any assessment made or order passed under this Act or the rules made thereunder by a person appointed under section 2A to assist him:

Provided that, before rejecting any application for the revision of any such order, the Commissioner shall consider it and shall record reasons for such rejection:

Provided further that, no application for revision shall lie to the Commissioner in respect of any assessment if an appeal lies under sub-section (1) to the prescribed authority in respect of such assessment.

- (7) The proprietor or the person may, at his option, file a second appeal under sub-section (3), or make an application for revision to the Commissioner under sub-section (6), and where the proprietor or the person has exercised such option, he shall be precluded from filing an application for revision under sub-section (6), or, as the case may be, from filing a second appeal under sub-section (3).
- (8) In disposing of the revision, the Commissioner shall have the same powers as those of the Appellate Authority under sub-section (2).
- (9) Where an order is passed by the Commissioner of his own motion under sub-section (6), an appeal shall lie to the Tribunal from that order within sixty days and an appeal filed after that period may be admitted if the Tribunal is satisfied that the appellant had sufficient cause for not filing the appeal within that period.
- (10) Subject to such rules as may be prescribed, any assessment made or order passed under this Act or under the rules made thereunder, by any person appointed under section 2A or by the Tribunal constituted under section 2B may be reviewed by the person, or the

Tribunal passing it, as the case may be, upon an application or of his or it's own motion, as the case may be.

(11) Before any order is passed under this section which is likely to affect any person adversely, such person shall be given a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

**Explanation.**— In this section, 'assessment' includes imposition of penalty.

- **6E.** Application of sections 4, 5 and 12 of the Limitation Act.— In computing the period laid down under section 6D, the provisions of sections 4, 5 and 12 of the Limitation Act, 1963 (Central Act 36 of 1963) shall, so far as may be, apply.
  - 6F. Non-appealable orders.— No appeal shall lie against,—
  - (i) a notice issued under this Act calling upon a proprietor or person for assessment or asking a proprietor or a person to show cause as to why he should not be prosecuted for an offence under this Act or notices issued under any of the provisions of section 7A of this Act; or
  - (ii) an order pertaining to the seizure or retention of accounts books, registers and other documents; or
    - (iii) an order sanctioning a prosecution under this Act; or
    - (iv) an order transferring any proceeding under section 13C.
- **6G. Rectification of mistakes.** (1) The Commissioner, may at any time within one year from the date of any order passed by him, on his own motion, rectify any mistake apparent from the record, and shall within a like period, rectify any such mistake which has been brought to his notice by any person affected by such order:

Provided that, no such rectification shall be made if it has the effect of enhancing the tax unless the Commissioner has given notice in writing to such person of his intention to do so and has allowed such person a reasonable opportunity of being heard;

- (2) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall apply to rectification of a mistake by an appellate authority under section 6D as they apply to the rectification of a mistake by the Commissioner.
- (3) Where any such rectification has the effect of reducing the amount of the tax or interest or penalty or the amount of forfeiture, the Commissioner shall, in the prescribed manner, refund any amount due to such person.
- (4) Where any such rectification has the effect of enhancing the amount of the tax or interest or penalty or the amount of forfeiture, the Commissioner shall recover the amount due from such person in the manner provided for in section 4.

## 6H. Power to call information, to search and seizure of documents, etc.—

- (1) The Commissioner may require,—
- (a) from a proprietor or a person providing entertainment, to furnish information in respect of,—
  - (i) accounts of printing and sale of tickets;

- (ii) time and venue of providing entertainment;
- (iii) accounts of complimentary tickets printed and issued;
- (iv) total capacity of the place of entertainment;
- (v) licenses issued by any other authorities for conducting the entertainment.
- (d) from a distributor,—
- (i) any information as regards the sale, supply, distribution or lending on rental basis or otherwise, of feature films for exhibitions of cinematograph shows.
- (ii) all information as regards to the cable television network or of any system of close circuit transmission or associated signal generation, control and distribution equipments, designed to provide cable service for reception by multiple subscribers and/or any cable operators through headend control rooms.
- (c) to furnish books of accounts including bank accounts or documents regarding entertainment provided.
  - (d) to furnish any other information that may be necessary.
- (2) If the Commissioner has reason to believe that any proprietor or person or distributor has evaded or is attempting to evade the payment of tax due from him or furnishing incorrect information or avoiding to furnish information under this section, he may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, seize such accounts, registers, documents as may be necessary and shall grant receipts for the same and shall retain the same for a period of six months which period may be extended by another six months by order in writing.
- (3) For the purpose of sub-sections (1) and (2) of this section, the Commissioner may enter and search the place of entertainment or any place of business of the proprietor or person or distributor or any other place where, the Commissioner has reason to believe that the proprietor or person or distributor keeps documents, accounts or registers of his business relating to provide entertainment liable to tax under this Act."].
- <sup>46</sup>["7. Recoveries.— Any amount of tax, penalty or interest which remain unpaid after the date prescribed for payment or the date specified in the notice for payment or the date in the order of imposition of penalty, or after the extended date of payment and any installments not duly paid, shall be recoverable as arrears of land revenue.]
- <sup>47</sup>[7A. Charge on the property of defaulter and levy of interest for delayed payment of tax.— (1) If a proprietor or a person does not pay the tax within the time he is required by or under the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder to pay it, then.—
  - (i) the whole of the amount outstanding on the date of default shall become immediately due and shall be a charge on the properties of the person or persons liable to pay the tax under this Act; and

<sup>47</sup> Section 7-A and 7-B inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Substituted by the Amendment Act 3 of 1982 and thereafter by 20 of 2006.

(ii) the proprietor or person shall be liable to pay by way of simple interest, in addition to the amount of such tax, an amount equal to simple interest @ 15% per annum on such tax.

**Explanation.**— For the purpose of clause (ii) above, for calculating the interest, the fraction of the month shall be treated as a full month.

- (2) If any tax, other than the tax on which interest is leviable under sub-section (1), has remained unpaid on the date prescribed for filing the last returns in respect of any period of assessment, then, the proprietor or person shall be liable to pay by way of simple interest, a sum equal to two percent on such tax for each month or part thereof on the expiry of 30 days from the date immediately following the date on which the period for which the proprietor or the person has been assessed expires, till the date of order of assessment and where any payment of such unpaid tax, whether in full or in part, is made on or before the date of order of assessment, the amount of such interest shall be calculated by taking into consideration the amount and the date of such payment. If, as a result of any order passed under this Act, the amount of tax which had so remained unpaid is enhanced or reduced, as the case may be, the interest shall be enhanced or reduced, accordingly.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), the Commissioner may, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, remit the whole or any part of the interest payable in respect of any period by any proprietor or person or class of persons.
- **7B. Special mode of recovery.** (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law or contract to the contrary, the Commissioner may, at any time, or from time to time, by notice in writing, a copy of which shall be forwarded to the proprietor or person at his last address known to the Commissioner, require,—
  - (a) any person from whom any amount of money is due or may become due to a proprietor or person who has failed to pay the amount of tax due or penalty imposed under this Act; or
  - (b) any person who holds or may subsequently hold money for or on account of such proprietor or person, to pay to the Commissioner, either forthwith upon the money becoming due or being held at or within the time specified in the notice, but not before the money becomes due or is held as aforesaid, so much of the money as is sufficient to pay the amount due by the proprietor or the person, in respect of arrears of tax and penalty or both, or the whole of the money when it is equal to or less than that amount.
  - **Explanation.** For the purpose of this section, the amount of money due to a proprietor or a person from or money held for or on account of a proprietor or a person, by any person shall be calculated after deducting therefrom such claims, if any, lawfully subsisting as may have fallen due for payment by such proprietor or person to such person.
- (2) The Commissioner may at any time, amend or revoke any such notice, or extend the time for making any payment in pursuance of such notice.
- (3) Any person making any payment in compliance with a notice under this section shall be deemed to have made the payment under the authority of the proprietor or the

person and the receipt of the Commissioner shall constitute a good and sufficient discharge of the liability of such person, to the extent of the amount referred to in the receipt.

- (4) Any person discharging any liability to the proprietor or person after receipt of the notice referred to in this section shall be personally liable to the Commissioner to the extent of the liability discharged, or to the extent of the liability of the proprietor or person for tax and penalty, whichever is less.
- (5) Where a person to whom a notice under this section is sent objects to it, by statement in writing that the sum demanded or any part thereof is not due or payable to the proprietor or person or that the amount held for or on account of the proprietor or person is under genuine dispute, the Commissioner shall hold an inquiry and after giving a reasonable opportunity of being heard to such person and the proprietor or person shall make such order as he thinks fit.
- (6) Any amount of money which a person is required to pay to the Commissioner or for which he is personally liable to the Commissioner under this section shall, if it remains unpaid, be recoverable as an arrear of land revenue.]
- <sup>48</sup>[8. Imposition of penalty.— If, while assessing or re-assessing the amount of tax due from a proprietor or person under any provisions of this Act or while passing an order in appeal, revision or rectification proceedings, it appears to the Commissioner that such proprietor or person has,—
  - (a) failed to apply for registration as required by section 3G or has carried on the activity of providing entertainment without being registered, in contravention of section 3G; or
  - (b) failed, without reasonable cause, to comply with any notice in respect of the proceedings under section 6A or section 6C; or
  - (c) failed to disclose any transaction of receipt or has failed to furnish returns by the prescribed date or has failed to show in the return the appropriate liability to pay tax or has failed to disclose fully and truly all material facts necessary for the proper and correct quantification of the tax liability, then the Commissioner may after giving the proprietor or person an opportunity of being heard, by an order in writing, impose upon the proprietor or person by way of penalty, in addition to any tax assessed or re-assessed or found due in appeal or revision or rectification proceedings, as the case may be, a sum not exceeding one and a half times the amount of tax so assessed or re-assessed or found due in the appeal or revision or rectification proceedings]
- <sup>49</sup>[8A. Imposition of penalty for contravening certain provisions.— (1) If a proprietor or person—
  - (a)(i) not being liable to pay tax under this Act, collects any sum by way of entertainment tax; or

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Substituted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> Section 8-A to 8-I inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

(ii) being registered collects any amount by way of entertainment tax in excess of the tax payable by him; or

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- (iii) otherwise collects tax in contravention of the provisions of section 8E; or
- (b) being liable to pay tax under this Act, or was required so to do by the Commissioner by a notice, served on him, fails in contravention of sub-section (1) of section 8F to keep a true account of his turnover of receipts of entertainment provided or fails when directed so to do under that section to keep any account or record in accordance with direction, he shall be liable to pay, in addition to any tax for which he may be liable, a penalty of an amount as follows:—
  - (i) If the Commissioner is satisfied that any proprietor or person has acted in contravention referred to in sub-clause (i) and (iii) of clause (a), he may, after giving such proprietor or person a reasonable opportunity of being heard, direct him to pay by way of penalty, a sum not exceeding one and half times the tax collected in contravention of the said provision.
  - (ii) Where there has been a contravention referred to in sub-clause (ii) of clause (a) or in clause (b), a penalty not exceeding one half times the tax in addition to any sum collected by the proprietor or person by way of tax in contravention of section 8E shall be forfeited to the Government after giving such proprietor or person an opportunity of being heard.
- (2) If the Commissioner, in the course of any proceeding under this Act or otherwise, has reason to believe that any person has become liable to a penalty or forfeiture or both penalty and forfeiture of any sum under sub-section (1), he shall serve on such person a notice in the prescribed manner requiring him on a date and at a place specified in the notice to attend and show cause as to why a penalty or forfeiture or both penalty and forfeiture of any sum as provided in sub-section (1) should not be imposed on him.
- (3) The Commissioner shall, thereupon, hold an inquiry and shall make such order as he thinks fit.
- (4) If the Commissioner has reason to believe that the entry into this casino to any person is allowed without payment of charges for admission as provided in column (3) of Schedule 'D' appended to this Act then the proprietor or the person operating such casino shall be imposed a penalty of Rs. 2,000/- per person.
- (5) If any proprietor or person or distributor required to furnish any information or produce accounts as provided in section 6H:—
  - (a) wilfuly refuses or neglects to furnish such information as may be required by that section; or
  - (b) wilfuly furnishes or causes to be furnished any information which he knows to be incorrect or false; or
  - (c) wilfuly conceals any material information, he shall on conviction, be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 5,000/- and in case of continuing offence to a further fine of Rs. 100/- per day after the first day during which the offence continues.

- (6) No prosecution for an offence under this Act shall be instituted in respect of the same facts on which a penalty has been imposed under this section.
- **8B.** Rounding of tax, etc.— The amount of tax, penalty, interest, composition money, fine or any other sum payable under the provisions of this Act, shall be rounded off to the nearest rupee and, for this purpose, where such amount contains a part of a rupee consisting of paise, then, if such part is fifty paise or more, it shall be increased to one rupee, and if such part is less than fifty paise, it shall be ignored:

Provided that, nothing in this section shall apply for the purpose of collection by the proprietor or person of any amount by way of tax under this Act.

**8C. Refund.**— (1) The Commissioner shall refund to a person the amount of tax and penalty, if any, paid by such person in excess of the amount due from him. The refund may be either by cash payment or, at the option of the person, by deduction of such excess from the amount of tax and penalty due in respect of any other period:

Provided that, the Commissioner shall first apply such excess towards the recovery of any amount due in respect of which a notice under sub-section (6) of section 4 has been issued, and shall then refund the balance, if any.

(2) Where any refund is due to any proprietor or person according to the returns furnished by him for any period, such refund may provisionally be adjusted by him against the tax due and payable as per the returns furnished under section 4 for any period:

Provided that, the amount of tax or penalty or interest or all of them due from, and payable by, the proprietor or the person on the date of such adjustment shall first be deducted from such refund before making adjustment.

- **8D.** Power to withhold refund in certain cases.— Where an order giving rise to a refund is the subject-matter of an appeal or further proceeding or where any other proceeding under this Act is pending, and the authority competent to grant such refund is of the opinion that the grant of the refund is likely to adversely affect the revenue, such authority may, with the previous approval of the Commissioner, withhold the refund till such time as the Commissioner may determine.
- **8E.** Prohibition against collection of tax in certain matters.— (1) No person shall collect any sum by way of tax in respect of his activity of providing entertainment to the extent that he is not liable to pay it under this Act.
- (2) No person, who is not a registered proprietor or person and liable to pay tax in respect of entertainment shall collect any sum by way of tax from any other person and no registered proprietor or person shall collect any amount by way of tax in excess of the amount of tax payable by him under the provisions of this Act:

Provided that, this sub-section shall not apply where a person is required to collect such amount of the tax separately in order to comply with the conditions and restrictions imposed on him under the provisions of any law for the time being in force.

- **8F.** Accounts, production and inspection of accounts and documents.— (1) Every proprietor or person liable to pay tax under this Act, and who is required so to do by the Commissioner by notice served on him in the prescribed manner, shall keep a true account of the entertainment tax receipts.
- (2) If the Commissioner considers that the accounts kept are not sufficiently clear or intelligible to enable him to determine whether or not a proprietor or person is liable to tax during any period, or are so kept not to enable a proper scrutiny of the returns or the statement furnished, the Commissioner may require such proprietor or person by notice in writing to keep such accounts in such form or manner as in his opinion is necessary for the purpose of proper assessment and as he may, subject to anything that may be prescribed in that behalf, in writing direct.
- (3) The Commissioner may, subject to such conditions or restrictions as may be prescribed in this behalf, by notice in writing direct any proprietor or person to maintain accounts and records showing such particulars regarding their business in such form, and in such manner, as may be specified by him.
- (4) Every registered proprietor or person shall ordinarily keep all his accounts, registers and documents relating to his activity of providing entertainment at the place or places of his activity of providing entertainment specified in his certificate of registration or, with the previous approval of the Commissioner at such other place as may be approved by the Commissioner.
- (5) The Commissioner may, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, require any proprietor or person to produce before him any accounts or documents, or to furnish any information, relating to his business, or any other information as may be necessary for the purpose of this Act.
- (6) All accounts, registers and documents relating to the activity of providing entertainment of any proprietor or person and cash kept in any place of his activity of providing entertainment shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by the Commissioner and the Commissioner or any person authorized by him, may take or cause to be taken such copies or extracts of the said accounts, registers or documents and such inventory of cash found as appear to him necessary for the purpose of this Act.
- **8G.** Proprietor or person to declare the name of owner of business.— Every proprietor or person who is liable to pay tax, and who is a Hindu undivided family, or an association or club or society or firm or company, or corporation or who carries on business as the guardian or trustees or otherwise on behalf of another person, shall, within the period prescribed, send to the authority prescribed, a declaration in the manner prescribed stating the name of the person or persons who is the owner or who are the owners of the place of entertainment. Such declaration may be revised from time to time.
- **8H. Offences and penalties.** (1) Whoever, knowingly furnishes a false returns shall, on conviction, be punished—
  - (i) in case where the amount of tax, which could have been evaded if the false return had been accepted as true, exceeds Rs. 10,000/-, with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to three years and with

fine of minimum of rupees ten thousand and maximum of not exceeding the tax liability;

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- (ii) in any other case, with rigorous imprisonment for a term, which shall not be less than three months but which may extend to one year and with fine not exceeding rupees five thousand.
- (2) Whoever knowingly keeps false account of the receipts in contravention of section 8F, shall, on conviction, be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than three months but which may extend to one year and with fine not exceeding rupees five thousand.

#### (3) Whoever—

- (i) wilfully attempts, in any manner whatsoever, to evade any tax leviable under this Act; or
- (ii) wilfully attempts, in any manner whatsoever, to evade any payment of any tax or penalty or interest under this Act, he shall, on conviction, be punished—
  - (a) in case where the amount involved exceeds Rs. 50,000/- during the period of a year, with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to three years and with fine of minimum of rupees ten thousand and maximum of rupees fifty thousand;
  - (b) in any other case, with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than three months but which may extend to one year and with fine not exceeding rupees ten thousand;
- (4) Whoever aids or abets any person in commission of any act specified in sub-sections (1) to (3), shall, on conviction, be punished with rigorous imprisonment which shall not be less than three months but which may extend to one year and with fine not exceeding rupees five thousand.

#### (5) Whoever—

- (a) carries on business without being registered and without his registration certificate being renewed in wilful contravention of section 3G; or
- (b) fails, without sufficient cause, to furnish any information required by section 3M; or
- (c) fails, without sufficient cause, to furnish any returns as required by section 4 by the date and in the manner prescribed; or
- (d) voluntarily obstructs any officer making inspection, search and seizure under section 6H; or
  - (e) contravenes, without reasonable cause, any of provisions of section 8A; or
- (f) fails, without sufficient cause, when directed to keep any accounts or record, in accordance with such direction and to comply with requirements made to him under section 8F; or

- (g) voluntarily obstructs any Officer making inspection under section 8F, shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year and with fine not exceeding rupees twenty five thousand.
- (6) Whoever commits any of the acts specified in sub-sections (1) to (5) and the offence is a continuing one under any of the provisions of these sub-sections, shall, on conviction, be punished with a daily fine of not less than rupees two hundred during the period of the continuance of the offence, in addition to the punishments provided under this section.
- (7) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) to (6), no person shall be proceeded against under these sub-sections for the acts referred to therein, if the total amount of tax evaded or attempted to be evaded is less than rupees ten thousand during the period of a year.
- (8) Whoever, when required to furnish any information or returns under section 9A,—
  - (a) wilfully refuses or without lawful excuse neglects to furnish such information or returns; or
  - (b) wilfully furnishes or causes to be furnished any information or returns which he knows to be false, he shall, on conviction, be punished with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees and in case of a continuing offence to a further fine which may extend to two hundred rupees for each day after the first offence during which the offence continues.
- (9) Whoever, when engaged in connection with the collection of statistics under section 9A, wilfully discloses any information or the contents of any returns given or made under that section, otherwise than in execution of his duties under that section or for the purposes of the prosecution of an offence under this Act or under the Indian Penal Code, 1860 (Central Act 45 of 1860), shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees, or with both.
- (10) Save as provided in sub-section (2) of section 9B, if any servant of the Government discloses any of the particulars referred to in sub-section (1) of that section, he shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine of rupees five thousand or with both.
- (11) No prosecution for an offence under this Act shall be instituted in respect of the same facts on which a penalty has been imposed by the Commissioner under any provisions of this Act.
- 8I. Penalty for contravening provisions regarding furnishing of information or concealing of material facts.— If the Commissioner is satisfied that any proprietor or person or distributor acted in contravention of provisions of section 6H, he may, after giving such proprietor or person or distributor a reasonable opportunity of being heard, direct him to pay by way of penalty a sum not exceeding rupees ten thousand.]

- **9.**<sup>50</sup>[Compounding of offences.— (1) Subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, the Commissioner may accept from any person alleged to have committed an offence under sub-section (1) of section 8H or under any rules made under this Act, either before or after the commencement of any proceeding against such person in respect of such offence, by way of composition for such offence, a sum not exceeding five thousand rupees or where the offence alleged to have been committed is under clause (a) or clause (c) of sub-section (5) of section 8H, a sum not exceeding double the amount of the tax, which would have been payable by such person had he complied with the provisions of this Act.
- (2) On payment in full of such sum as may be determined by the Commissioner under sub-section (1),—
  - (a) no proceeding shall be commenced against such person as aforesaid; and
  - (b) if any proceeding have been already commenced against such person as aforesaid, such proceeding shall not be further proceeded with.]
- <sup>51</sup>[9A. Power to collect statistics.— (1) If the Government considers that for the purposes of the better administration of this Act, it is necessary so to do, it may, by notification in the Official Gazette, direct that statistics be collected relating to any matter dealt with by or under this Act.
- (2) Upon such direction being made, the Government or any person, or person authorized by it in this behalf, may, by notification in the Official Gazette, and by notice in any newspaper or in such other manner as in its or his opinion is best calculated to bring the notice to the attention of the proprietor or person, call upon all proprietors or persons or any class of proprietors or person to furnish such information or returns as may be stated therein relating to any matter in respect of which statistics are to be collected. The form in which, the persons to whom or, the authorities to which such information or returns should be furnished, the particulars which they should contain, and the intervals in which such information or returns should be furnished, shall be such as may be prescribed.
- **9B. Returns, etc. to be confidential.** (1) All particulars contained in any statement made, returns furnished or accounts or documents produced in accordance with this Act or in any record of evidence given in the course of any proceedings under this Act other than proceedings before a Criminal Court shall, save as provided in sub-section (3), be treated as confidential, and notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any other law relating to evidence, no Court shall, save as aforesaid, be entitled to require any employee of the Government to produce before it any such statement, return, account, document or record or any part thereof, or to give evidence before it in respect thereof.
- (2) Save as provided in sub-section (3), if any employee of the Government discloses any of the particulars referred to in sub-section (1), he shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to six months and shall also be liable to fine.

<sup>50</sup> Section amended by the Amendment Act 3 of 82 thereafter by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006 present section is substituted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Section 9-A and 9-B inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

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- (3) Nothing contained in this section shall apply to the disclosure of.— (a) any of the particulars referred to in sub-section (1) for the purpose of an investigation or prosecution under this Act or under the Indian Penal Code, 1860 (Central Act 45 of 1860) or under any other enactment for the time being in force; or
- (b) such facts, to an Officer of the Central Government or the Government of any State or Union Territory, as may be necessary for verification of such facts or for the purpose of enabling that Government to levy or realize any tax imposed by it."]
- <sup>52</sup>[10. Powers of Commissioner. (1) In discharging his functions under this Act, the Commissioner shall have all the powers of a Civil Court for the purpose of,—
  - (a) proof of facts by affidavit;
  - (b) summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person, and examining him on oath or affirmation;
    - (c) compelling the production of documents; and
    - (d) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses.
- (2) In the case of any affidavit to be made for the purpose of this Act, any Officer appointed by the Commissioner may administer the oath to the deponent.
- (3) Without prejudice to the provisions of any other law for the time being in force, where a person, to whom a summon is issued by the Commissioner either to attend to give evidence or produce books of accounts, registers or other documents at a certain place and time, intentionally omits to attend or produce the documents at the place and time, the Commissioner may impose on him such fine not exceeding one thousand rupees as he thinks fit and the fine so levied may be recovered in the manner provided in this Act for recovery of arrears of tax:

Provided that, before imposing any such fine, the person concerned shall be given a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

- (4) If any documents are produced by a person on whom a summon was issued by the Commissioner, and the Commissioner has reason to believe that any proprietor or person has evaded or is attempting to evade the payment of any tax due from him and the documents produced are necessary for establishing the case against such proprietor or person, the Commissioner may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, impound the documents and shall grant a receipt for the same, and shall retain the same for so long as may be necessary in connection with the proceedings under this Act, or for a prosecution.].
- 11. Protection of action and bar of limitation.— (1) No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any officer or employee of the Government for anything done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Act or any rule or order made thereunder.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Section was amended by the Act No. 8 of 1977 and 3 of 1982. Subsequently present section is substituted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

- <sup>53</sup>[(2) Save as provided in this Act, no assessment made or no order passed under this Act or the rules made thereunder by the Commissioner or any Officer or person subordinate to him shall be called in question in any Court, and save as provided under section 6D, no appeal shall lie against any such assessment order.].
- 12. Cognizable Offence.— Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, but subject to the other provisions of this Act,—
  - (1) an offence under this Act shall be a cognizable offence under the said Code; an
  - (2) only magistrates of the First Class shall have jurisdiction to try any such offence.
- <sup>54</sup>[12A. Limitation for taking cognizance of offences.— Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any other law relating to the period of limitation for the cognizance of offences, the court shall take cognizance of any offence under this Act, or under the Rules made thereunder within a period of one year from the date of commitment of such offence.]
- 13. Prohibition of levy by local authorities.— (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law relating to a municipality, local board, village panchayat or other local authority, no municipality, local board, village Panchayat or other local authority shall levy any tax on entertainment in respect of which entertainment tax is leviable under this Act.
- (2) Nothing contained in sub-section (1) shall affect the levy by any local authority referred to therein, of a tax at a flat rate per cinema show or performance on cinema shows or performances in accordance with the law enabling the imposition of such a tax.
- <sup>55</sup>[13A. Offences by companies.— (1) Where an offence under this Act has been committed by a company, every person who at the time the offence was committed, was in charge of, and was responsible to the company for the conduct of the business of the company, as well as the company shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly:

Provided that, nothing contained in this sub-section shall render any such person liable to any punishment provided in this Act if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where an offence under this Act has been committed by a company and it is proved that the offence has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to any neglect on the part of the director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company, such director, manager, secretary or other officer shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

<sup>54</sup> Inserted by the Amendment Act 3 of 1982.

<sup>53</sup> Sub-section 2 substituted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> Section 13-A to 13-D inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

**Explanation.**— For the purpose of this section,

- (a) 'company' means a body corporate, and includes a firm, other association of individuals; and
  - (b) 'director' in relation to a firm, means a partner in the firm.
- **13B.** Investigation of offences.— (1) Subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, the Commissioner may authorize either generally or in respect of a particular case or class of cases, any officer or person subordinate to him to investigate all or any of the offences punishable under this Act.
- (2) Every officer so authorized shall, in the conduct of such investigation, exercise the powers conferred by the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (Central Act 2 of 1974), upon an officer in charge of a police station for the investigation of a cognizable offence.
- 13C.Power to transfer proceedings.— The Commissioner may, after giving the parties a reasonable opportunity of being heard in the matter, wherever it is possible to do so, and after recording his reasons for doing so, by order in writing, transfer any proceedings or class of proceedings under any provision of this Act, from himself to any other officer and he may likewise transfer any such proceedings (including a proceeding pending with any officer or already transferred under this section) from any officer to any other officer or to himself:

Provided that, nothing in this section shall be deemed to require any such opportunity to be given where the transfer is from any officer to any other officer and the offices of both officers are situated in the same city, locality or place.

**Explanation.**— In this section, the word 'proceedings' in relation to any proprietor or person whose name is specified in any order issued thereunder, means all proceedings under this Act in respect of any year which may be pending on the date of such order or which may have been completed on or before such date, and includes also all proceedings under this Act which may be commenced after the date of such order in respect of any year in relation to such proprietor or person.

- **13D**. **Appearance before any authority in proceedings.** Any person, who is entitled or required to attend before any authority in connection with any proceedings under this Act, may attend,—
  - (a) by a relative or a person regularly employed by him; or
  - (b) by a legal practitioner, Chartered Accountant, Cost Accountant or Company Secretary; or
  - (c) by a tax practitioner, if such relative, person employed, legal practitioner, Chartered Accountant, Cost Accountant, Company Secretary or Tax Practitioner is authorized by such person and such authorization may include the authority to act on behalf of such person in such proceedings.]

- <sup>56</sup>[14. Power to make rules.— (1) The Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules generally to carry out the purposes of this Act.
- (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for,—
  - (i) subordination of officers and persons appointed under section 2A amongst themselves;
  - (ii) qualification of the members of Tribunal and the period for which such member shall hold office as stated in sub-section (3) of section 2B;
  - (iii) manner of making application as stated in clause (d) of sub-section (i) of section 3A;
  - (iv) form of certificate of registration as stated in sub-section (3) and form of application as stated in sub-section (7) of section 3G;
  - (v) manner of applying for grant of provisional registration certificate as stated in sub-section (1) of section 3H;
  - (vi) the time within which, information shall be furnished under sub-section (1) of section 3M to the Commissioner;
  - (vii) the period for which and the dates by which and the authority to which, the returns shall be furnished under sub-section (2) of section 4;
  - (viii) the intervals at which, and the manner in which, the entertainment tax shall be paid as provided in sub-section (1) and (3) of section 4;
  - (ix) conditions subject to which the tax shall be assessed by the Commissioner as provided in sub-section (1) of section 6A;
  - (x) the manner of making appeal and the authority to whom it should be made as provided in sub-section (1) of section 6D;
  - (xi) the manner in which a notice under sub-section (2) of section 8A may be served;
  - (xii) the manner in which notice to be served as stated in sub-section (1) and the accounts and forms required to be kept as stated in sub-section (3) of section 8F;
  - (xiii) the period within which, the authority to which and the manner in which a declaration shall be sent under section 8G;
  - (xiv) the form in which, the authority to which and the intervals in which information or returns shall be furnished and the particulars to be specified in such information and returns as provided in sub-section (2) of section 9A;
  - (xv) the manner in which, and the time within which the applications shall be made, information furnished and notices served, under this Act;
    - (xvi) the conditions subject to which offences may be compounded under section 9;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> Substituted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

- (xvii) the fees payable in Court-fee stamps in respect of applications,—
- (a) for a certified copy of an order of assessment, or of any order passed; or document produced or filed in any proceedings, under this Act;
  - (b) for determination of any question;
  - (c) for remission of interest:
- (xviii) the fees payable for making and supplying a duplicate or certified copy of any order or document under this Act or the rules made thereunder, the extra fees payable if the copy is required urgently and the deposit to be made to cover the cost of such fees:
- (xix) controlling the use of mechanical/electronic contrivances, computer including the prevention of its misuse;
- (xx) the checking of admissions, the keeping of accounts and the furnishing of returns by the proprietor or person of entertainments in respect of which the tax due is payable;
- (xxi) requiring proprietors referred to in clause (xix) to furnish security for payment of tax and prescribing conditions for forfeiture of such security;
- (xxii) the presentation and disposal of applications for exemption from payment of entertainment tax or for the refund thereof;
- (xxiii) the exemption from entertainment tax or from any part thereof in respect of soldiers, sailors or other defence forces in uniforms;
- (xxiv) the issue of passes by proprietor of a place of entertainment for the admission to the place of entertainment of persons who have to perform any duty in connection with the entertainment or any other duty imposed upon them by law;
  - (xxv) any other matter which is required to be prescribed.
- (3) If any person acts in contravention of, or fails to comply with, any such rules, he shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be liable to fine which may extend to two thousand rupees.
- (4) Every rule made under this Act shall, as soon as may be after it is made, be laid on the table of the Legislative Assembly and if before the expiry of the session in which it is so laid or the session immediately following, the Legislative Assembly makes any modification in the rule or decides that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so however that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.].
- **27. Insertion of new section 14A.** After section 14 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—
  - <sup>57</sup>[14A. Indemnity.— No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall lie against any servant of the Government for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act or the rules made thereunder.].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> Inserted by the Amendment Act 20 of 2006.

- 15. Repeal and Savings.— (1) On the commencement of this Act, any law in force in the Union Territory of Goa, Daman & Diu, authorizing the levy of a stamp duty on tickets of admission to any entertainment and any other law corresponding to this Act shall stand repealed.
- (2) The provisions of section 6 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 shall apply to such repeal as if such law is an enactment and this Act is a re-enactment thereof.
- 16. Power to remove difficulties.— If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Government may, by order, as occasion requires, do anything (not inconsistent with this Act) which appears to it to be necessary for removing the difficulty.

S. BALAKRISHNAN, Law Secretary.

Nil.

# SCHEDULE 'A' (See section 3)

Sr. No.	Class of entertainment	Rate of tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Exhibition of cinema films by cinema halls or theatres having valid licence for exhibition under the Cinematograph Act, 1952 (Central Act 37 of 1952) and under the Goa, Daman and Diu Cinematograph Rules, 1965:	
	(a) On payment for admission not exceeding Rs. 10/-	Nil.
	(b) On payment for admission exceeding the Rs. 10/- but not exceeding Rs. 50/-	30% of the amount paid for admission.
	(c) On payment for admission exceeding Rs. 50/-	40% of the amount paid for admission.
2.	A horse race either live or displayed for viewing through any electronic media connected with the help of server application or otherwise to which persons are admitted on payment	30% of the amount paid for admission plus 10% of the amount charged for betting.
3.	Any amusement or exhibition or performance or pageant or game or sport, whether held indoor or outdoor, to which the persons are admitted on payment	

(a) On payment for admission not exceeding Rs. 100/-

Sr. No.	Class of entertainment	Rate of tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
	(b) On payment for admission exceeding Rs. 100/- but not exceeding Rs. 500/-	10% of the amount paid for admission.
	(c) On payment for admission exceeding Rs. 500/-	20% of the amount paid for admission.
	(d) For season tickets:	
	(i) On payment for admission not exceeding Rs. 400/-	Nil.
	(ii) On payment for admission exceeding Rs. 400/-	15% of the amount paid for admission.
4.	Dance performances, musical performances, theatrical performances including cultural programmes, dramas, ballet to which persons are admitted on payment	
	(a) Dance performances, musical performances	
	(i) On payment for admission not exceeding Rs. 300/-	10% of the amount paid for admission.
	(ii) On payment for admission exceeding Rs. 300/-	15% of the amount paid for admission.
	(b) Theatrical performances including cultural programmes, dramas and ballets:	
	(i) On payment for admission not exceeding Rs. 100/-	Nil.
	(ii) On payment for admission exceeding Rs. 100/- but not exceeding Rs. 300/-	10% of the amount paid for admission.
	(iii) On payment for admission exceeding Rs. 300/-	15% of the amount paid for admission.
	SCHEDULE 'B'	
	(See section 3)	
Sr. No.	Class of entertainment	Rate of tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	River/boat cruise/boat rides/water sports or Jetskiing	15% of the amount charged.
2.	Parasailing and motor cart rides or any other similar activities of entertainment	10% of the amount charged.
	SCHEDULE 'C'	
	(See section 3E)	
Sr. No	. Class of entertainment	Rate of tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
(i)	Providing entertainment through antennae and cable television or antennae	Rs. 10 per month per connection.
(ii)	Providing entertainment through cable television exclusively	Rs. 15/- per month per connection
(iii)	Headend control room/distributors	Rs. 10 per connection.

(1)	(2)	(3)
(iv)	Providing entertainment by way of cyber cafe and pool parlour	Five paise in a rupee of the amount charged for admission.
(v)	Providing entertainment by way of DTH Disc services	Rs. 20/- per connection.

**Note:**— In respect of entertainment provided with the aid of antennae or cable television where total number of connections are less than 25 and if the proprietor providing such entertainment is registered under this Act, no entertainment tax will be payable so long as his registration is in force.

## SCHEDULE 'D' (See section 3)

Sr. No.	Class of entertainment	Charges for admission per person	Rate of tax
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Providing entertainment through casino, casino games, disco pubs/clubs/ institutions /organizations/proprietors:		
(a)	By casino and casino games attached to hotels registered under the Goa Tax on Luxuries Act, 1988 (Act 17 of 1988)	<ul> <li>(i) For guest in hotel – Rs. 10/-</li> <li>(ii) For person not being a hotel guest visiting the place of casino – Rs. 200/-</li> </ul>	5% of the sale of chips or the income received by the proprietor towards casino games on slot machines.
(b)	By casino and casino games attached to off shore or floating vessels	For person visiting the off shore or floating vessel casinos— Rs. 200/-	5% of the sale of chips or the income received by the proprietor towards casino games on slot machines.
(c)	By disco pubs/ clubs/ institutions/ /organizations/proprietors/individuals	_	10% of the amount paid for admission.

- **Note:-** (1) The entry tickets for charges for admission shall be printed by the Office of the Commissioner of Commercial Taxes and casinos operators shall be purchasing the said tickets on making necessary remittances into treasury upon valid authorization by the Office of the Commissioner of Commercial Taxes.
  - (2) The counterfoils of the tickets sold to be returned by the casinos operators to the Office of the Commissioner of Commercial Taxes for record by 10th of every month.
  - (3) In respect of casino, any person entering the place of entertainment on payment of entry fee as per the Government Notification in that behalf, the charges for admission as specified in column (3) of this Schedule shall be dispensed and deemed to have been paid for the purpose of levy of entertainment tax under the Act.
  - (4) The Commissioner shall have powers to inspect the casinos and any person found entered in the casinos without payment of charges for admission as provided in column (3) above, then the proprietor or the person running such casinos shall be penalized in terms of sub-section (4) of section 8A of the Act.

(5) In respect of guest in hotel entering the casinos, by payment for admission charges as specified in column (3) and where the hotelier or the proprietor or person is required to deposit a lump sum amount so calculated for the year on the basis of its total room capacity at Rs. 10 per room per month at the time of registration/renewal of certificate of the hotel, the same will not attract levy of entertainment tax. The hotelier or the proprietor or person is required to make this declaration alongwith his application for registration under the Goa Tax on Luxuries Act, 1988 (Act No. 17 of 1988).

#### SCHEDULE 'E'

[See sub-sections (2) and (9) of section 3G and sub-section (1) of section 3H]

### Registration/renewal charges under the Goa Entertainment Tax Act, 1964 (Act 2 of 1964)

Sr. No.	Category of proprietor/persons	Amount of registration charges/renewal charges
(1)	(2)	(3)
(i)	Multiplexes	Rs. 10,000/-
(ii)	Cinema halls or theatres other than multiplexes in municipal areas//City Corporation of Panaji area	Rs. 5,000/-
(iii)	Cinema halls or theatre in other areas	Rs. 2,500/-
(iv)	Horse races whether live or otherwise	Rs. 2,500/-
(v)	Casinos/casino games on slot machines attached to hotels	Rs. 5,000/-
(vi)	Casinos/casino games on slot machines on floating off shore vessels	Rs. 10,000/-
(vii)	Cable television and/or antennae operators having connections not exceeding 100	Rs. 1,000/-
(viii)	Cable television and/or antennae operators having more than 100 connections but not exceeding 500 connections	Rs. 2,500/-
(ix)	Cable television and/or antennae operators having connections exceeding 500	Rs. 5,000/-
(x)	Headend Control Room/Distributors	Rs. 5,000/-
(xi)	Cyber cafe and pool parlour	Rs. 2,000/-
(xii)	Boat/river cruises, paras sailing, go carts, water sports, boat rides, boat sports and Jetskiing	Rs. 1,000/-
(xiii)	Any proprietor or person who applies for grant of provisional registration under section 3H of the Act	Rs. 2,000/-
(xiv)	Any other proprietor or person liable for registration under the Act and not covered under serial number (i) to (xiii) above	Rs. 1,000/-

**Note:** (a) The above registration/renewal fees are payable yearly as per class of entertainment.

- (b) The hoteliers registered under the Goa Tax on Luxuries Act, 1988 (Act 17 of 1988) shall be exempted from payment of registration fees separately under the Goa Entertainment Tax Act, 1964 (Act 2 of 1964).
- (c) Any part of the year to be considered as full year for the purpose of payment of registration/renewal charges.
- (d) For change in ownership or succession of business during the year, the registration fees are to be paid afresh.
- (e) Fees once paid as per the rates specified in column (3), shall not be refunded under any circumstances.

Secretariat Annexe,

U. V. BAKRE,

Panaji-Goa. Secretary to the Govt. of Goa, Dated: 31st August, 2006. Law Department (Legal Affairs).

#### F.III/2-41/64/26887

### Subject:- Entertainment Tax — Exemption to Circus Companies - Ordered.

The question of exempting the Circus Companies from Payment of the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax has been under consideration of Government. The Government have now decided to grant general exemption to all Circus Companies from payment of the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, under sub-section (3) of section 5 of the Act.

The Government, therefore, order that the following Notification may be published in the Gazette.

## Notification

In exercise of the powers vested under sub-section (3) of section 5 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax, the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu is pleased to exempt all Circus Companies of Indian origin from Payment of Entertainment Tax.

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

T. B. Nagarajan, Finance, Secretary.

Panaji, 25th September, 1964.

(Published in the Government Gazette, Series I No. 41 dated 8-10-64).

#### **Notification**

No. 3-4-78/Fin(R&C)

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 5 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964 (Act No. 2 of 1964), the Government is pleased to exempt "Magic Shows" held within the Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu from the payment of entertainment tax.

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

S. S. Sukthankar, Under Secretary (Finance).

Panaji, 3rd April, 1979.

(Published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 2 dated 12-4-79).

#### **Notification**

No. 3-1-84-Fin(R&C)

In exercise of the powers conferred by the sub-section (3) of section 5 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964 Government is pleased to exempt from the payment of entertainment tax the presenting of all films produced and acquired by the children's film society/films classified as 'Children's film' by censor board in the Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu subject to the following conditions:—

- 1. The rate of admission tickets shall be reduced to the extent of entertainment duty payable of each admission ticket;
- 2. The Public Relations Officer, Children's Film Society of India shall maintain accounts regarding the tickets issued and submit them to the Commissioner of Entertainment Tax, Panaji as and when the same are required by him;
- 3. This order shall be exhibited in a prominent position at the time the public are admitted during the entertainment.

The Notification No. Fin(Rev)/2-41/part dated 22-6-1973 is hereby cancelled.

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

Sd/- (S. V. Shirodkar), Under Secretary (Finance Exp.).

#### **Notification**

No. 3/1/86-Fin (R&C)

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 5 of the Goa, Daman & Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964 (Act No. 2 of 1964), the Government of Goa is pleased to exempt the following classes of entertainment from the liability to entertainment tax in whole, with effect from the 1st day of April, 1989.

- 1) All theatrical performances including drama, ballet, musical performances.
- 2) Entertainment provided by dance performance.
- 3) Entertainment provided by a game or sport.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

K. U. Nambiar, Under Secretary (Fin. Exp.).

Panaji, 31st March, 1989.

### GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

#### Secretariat

## **Finance Department**

#### Notification

#### Fs/F.III/2-41/774/64/65

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14(1) of the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964, the Government hereby makes the following rules.

## The Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Rules, 1965

## **Preliminary**

- **1. Short title.** These rules may be called the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Rules, 1965.
  - **2. Definitions.** In these rules—
    - (i) "Act" means the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964.
  - (ii) "Prescribed Officer" means the person or authority to whom any powers are delegated under section (10) of the Act.
  - (iii) "Stamp" means an Entertainment Duty Stamp issued by the Government of Goa, Daman & Diu under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Act.
    - (iv) "Section" means section of the Act.
  - <sup>1</sup>[(v) "Drama" means a composition in prose or verse arranged for enactment by actors on a stage and intended to portray life or character or to tell a story by means of dialogue and actions of the enactors and include opera, ballet and dance-drama.
  - (vi) "Theatrical performance" means any performance on a stage of or relating to theatre or to the acting or presentation of plays and include music and dance.]

### Payment of tax by stamps

- **3. Supply of stamps and keeping of accounts.** The rules regarding the supply and keeping of accounts of non-judicial and court fee stamps in respect of this <sup>2</sup>[State of Goa] shall apply mutatis mutandis to the supply and keeping of accounts of the Entertainment stamps.
- **4. Purchase of Stamps.** No person shall purchase any stamp required for the purpose of the Act except from the prescribed officer:

<sup>1</sup> Added by (Amendment) Rules, 1968, w. e. f. 25-9-69 (Govt. G., Series I No. 26 dated 25-9-69).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These words have been substituted for the words "Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu" by (Amendment) Rules, 1997 [O. G., Series I No. 41 (Extraordinary No. 3) dated 9-1-1997].

Provided that—

- (i) nothing in this rule shall apply to any person purchasing such a stamp affixed to a ticket for the purpose of admission to an entertainment, and
- (ii) where the proprietor of an entertainment changes hands, it shall be lawful for the new proprietor, after giving due notice to the prescribed officer to purchase from the former proprietor the stock of unused stamp in the latter's possession.
- **5. Issue of stamps.** No stamp issued for the purposes of this Act shall be issued to any person by or on behalf of the proprietor of any entertainment otherwise than securely affixed to a ticket issued for the purpose of authorizing admission to an entertainment.
- **6. Refund of value of unused stamps.** The proprietor of an entertainment on an application made to the Commissioner within three months from the date of purchase of stamps, may claim refund of the value of the unused stamps tendered with the application, subject to a deduction of six naye paise for each rupee or portion of a rupee of such value.
- **7. Renewal of damaged or spoiled stamps.** Where any stamps purchased for use under the Act have been damaged or spoiled, the purchaser may apply in writing to the Commissioner who on being satisfied that they have not been wilfuly damaged or spoiled may give in lieu thereof—
  - (a) other stamps of the same denomination and value, or
  - (b) stamps of any other denomination to the same value, or
  - (c) at his discretion, the same value in money, deducting six naye paise, for each rupee or fraction of a rupee of such value.
- **8.** Procedure for the refund of value of unused stamps or renewal of damaged or spoiled stamps.— (1) An application for refund under rule 6 or for renewal under Rule 7 shall be chargeable with a court fee of Rs. 1.25.
- (2) Applications for grant of refund or renewal of stamps shall be made personally or through an agent appointed by a duly attested power-of-attorney to the Commissioner and shall furnish the following information:—
  - (a) Full name, surname (if any) and residence of applicant and the name of the firm, if any, on whose behalf application is made.
    - (b) Description and the number of stamps with respective value.
    - (c) Total value of the stamps.
    - (d) Date of purchase of stamps.
    - (e) The place and the authority from whom the stamps were purchased.
    - (f) Manner in which the stamps were spoiled or rendered unfit for use.
    - (g) Whether the application is for refund or renewal.
    - (h) Date of application.

- (3) After the receipt of the application the clerk concerned shall examine the same in order to see that—
  - (a) It contains the requisite information.
  - (b) The stamps tendered are genuine.

After carefully examining the grounds of the application and all relevant papers, the clerk shall record a note whether he considers the claim to be admissible or not and shall submit the same to the officer concerned who after the necessary check will submit the same with his report to the Commissioner for his decision.

A proper register shall be maintained in the office of the Commissioner in respect of refund of value of unused stamps and renewal of damaged or spoiled stamps, in Form 'I'.

**9.** Price of admission, date and show to be shown on, and stamp affixed to ticket.— Except as provided in rules 17 and 26, every ticket issued on payment for admission to entertainment shall consist of three parts. One part shall remain on the ticket book and the remaining two parts shall be detached therefrom and issued to the purchaser.

Each part of the ticket shall be clearly marked with:—

- <sup>3</sup>[(a) The price of admission, the entertainment tax if leviable thereon, the surcharge on entertainment tax and the total amount recoverable from the purchaser.]
  - (b) The date and show for which it is available.
  - (c) The book number and the serial number of the ticket.

The taxable ticket shall also have a stamp of the value of the tax <sup>4</sup>[and surcharge] payable securely affixed to it in the manner provided in rule 13.

- **10. Plural tickets.** (1) Every taxable ticket, not being a complimentary ticket, issued for the purpose of admitting more than one person to an entertainment shall have clearly shown thereon the number of persons to be admitted and the date and show for which it is available and shall have affixed to it a stamp or stamps equal in value to the total tax that would have been payable on ticket for admitting each such person separately.
- (2) The stamp or stamps to be affixed to a ticket entitling the purchaser to the exclusive use of a box or similar accommodation shall be of the value of the tax that would be payable upon a ticket of the same price admitting one person to the entertainment.
- 11. Transfer of seat.— When the purchaser of any ticket admitting him to one part of an entertainment wishes to transfer to another part of the entertainment for which the price of admission is higher and taxable, the proprietor shall issue him a second ticket stamped with a stamp of the value of the difference between the tax leviable on the second ticket and that leviable on the first. In case no tax was levied on the first ticket on

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Substituted by (Amendment) Rules, 1988 (O. G., Series I No. 24 dated 11-10-88). The original sub-clause (a) reads as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(a) the price of admission, the stamp duty if leviable thereon, and the total amount recoverable from the purchaser".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> These words have been inserted *Ibid*.

account of the price of admission of the same ticket being not subject to tax, it will be calculated on the total amount of the price of admission recovered from the purchaser of both the tickets and the same tax will be paid by affixing on the second ticket the stamps corresponding to the full value of tax due. The purchaser shall retain the portion of the first ticket returned to him under sub-rule (2) of rule 13.

- 12. Season ticket.— Every season ticket, or ticket available for more than one entertainment, shall have marked thereon the name of the purchaser and the period for which it is available and the stamp to be affixed to such ticket shall be of the value of the tax that would be payable upon ticket of the same price admitting the purchaser to one entertainment.
- 13. Defacement and destruction of stamps and disposal of parts of ticket.— (1) The two parts of the ticket detached under rule 9 shall be so detached that the stamp is defaced thereby in such a way that the portion of the stamp which bears the words 'Goa, Daman and Diu' shall remain on the ticket book, and the remaining portion of the stamp shall remain on one of the parts of the ticket issued to the purchaser.
- (2) On admission of the purchaser or holder of a ticket, the proprietor shall cause one part of the ticket, issued for admission to the entertainment (not being a season ticket or a ticket available for more than one entertainment), to be collected, and the other part bearing one half of the stamp to be returned to the purchaser.
- (3) The purchaser or holder of a ticket shall retain his part of the ticket until he leaves the place of entertainment; and the proprietor shall retain the other part until 3 p. m. of the day following the day of the entertainment.
- (4) The proprietor shall submit the counterfoils with the portion of the stamp bearing the words 'Goa, Daman and Diu' within ten days after the date of the entertainment along with the returns to be submitted under rule 15, in the office of the prescribed officer for checking and destruction by that officer thereafter.
- 14. Torn, etc. stamps.— Save as otherwise provided in these rules, no ticket bearing a stamp that has been torn, defaced or otherwise marked or mutilated shall be issued by the proprietor of an entertainment; and the proprietor shall, within ten days after the date of the entertainment; submit all such tickets along with counterfoils, submitted under sub-rule (4) of rule 13 to the prescribed officer.
- 15. Return of stamps.— Every proprietor of an entertainment shall, within ten days of the date of an entertainment, submit to the prescribed officer a return in Form 'A' showing the number of stamps purchased and issued by him.

## Payment of tax otherwise than by stamp

- **16. Security.** (1) Every proprietor allowed to avail himself of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Act shall furnish such security to the prescribed officer as that officer may require.
- (2) If a proprietor fails to submit any returns as required by rule 18 or rule 24 or to pay within ten days after the date of the entertainment, or such extended period not exceeding one month as the prescribed officer may allow, the entertainment tax under rule 21, the

prescribed officer may, after giving the proprietor a week's notice, direct that the security shall be forfeited to the Government:

Provided that nothing in this Rule shall affect the liability of the proprietor for the payment of the full entertainment tax.

- (3) The proprietor may, within fifteen days of the date of the order of the prescribed officer forfeiting his security under this Rule, appeal to the Commissioner concerned.
- <sup>5</sup>[16A. Approval of tickets.— Every proprietor who has been allowed to pay the tax under the provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Act, shall get the tickets approved by the specified officer on submitting to him the form of indent for approval of tickets in form 'L'.]
- 17. Unstamped tickets issued under section 4(2)(a) and (b).— Every ticket not being a complimentary ticket, issued by a proprietor who has been allowed to pay the tax under the provisions of clause (a) or clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 4, shall consist of three parts. One part shall remain on the ticket book and the remaining two parts shall be detached there from and issued to the purchaser and shall bear on each part of such ticket the price of admission, the amount of tax payable if any, and the total amount recoverable from the purchaser, the book number and the serial number of the ticket, the date on which and the show for which it is issued.
- (2) On admission of the holder of the ticket on the proprietor shall cause to be collected one of the two parts of the ticket and the other part to be returned to him.
- <sup>6</sup>[18. Returns required under section 4(2)(a) and (b).— Every proprietor making consolidated payment under clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Act, shall, within ten days of the date of entertainment, submit to the specified officer in his office a return in Form 'B' showing the number of tickets (not being complimentary tickets) issued at each rate, the serial number of tickets issued, the gross amount received from the sale of tickets, and the amount of tax payable to the Government and every proprietor making payment in accordance with returns of payments for admission under clause (b) of the said sub-section (2) of section 4 shall submit such return in Form 'B' for every week to the specified officer within three days of the end of the week along with the proof of payment of tax and surcharge payable thereof. He shall, if so required by the specified officer, also submit to the said officer, within ten days of the date of entertainment, a return in Form 'C' showing the price of programme or synopsis including tax, the number of programme of synopsis issued, the gross amount received from the sale thereof and the amount of tax payable to the Government.]

<sup>6</sup> Substituted by (Amendment) Rules, 1997 [O. G., Series I No. 41 (Extraordinary No. 3) dt. 9-1-97). The original rule 21 reads as follows:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by (Amendment) Rules, 1997 [O. G., Series I No. 41 (Extraordinary No. 3) dt. 9-1-97].

<sup>&</sup>quot;18. Returns required under section 4 (2), (a) and (b). — Every proprietor making consolidated payment under clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 4 or making payment in accordance with return of the payments for admission under clause (b) of the said sub-section (2) of section 4, shall, within ten days of the date of entertainment, submit to the prescribed officer in his office a return in Form 'B' showing the number of tickets (not being complimentary tickets) issued at each rate, the serial number of tickets issued, the gross amount received from the sale of tickets, and the amount of tax payable to the Government. He shall, if so required by the prescribed officer, also submit to the said officer, within ten days of the date of entertainment, a return in Form 'C' showing the price of programme or synopsis including tax, the number of programmes or synopsis issued, the gross amount received from the sale thereof and the amount of tax payable to the Government."

- <sup>7</sup>[18A.— Destruction of books containing counterfoils of tickets totally sold.— Every proprietor who has been allowed to pay the tax under the provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Act, shall maintain the weekly account of the destruction of the first counterfoils of tickets i.e. the part with the proprietor of the completely sold ticket books, in a register in Form 'M'].
- 19. Return required under section 4(2)(C).— When a proprietor is permitted to avail himself of the provisions of clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 4, he shall submit to the prescribed officer, within ten days of the date of entertainment, a return in Form 'D' showing the number of persons admitted through the mechanical contrivance, the gross amount paid for admission by such persons and the amount of tax payable to the Government.
- **20.** Admission by mechanical contrivance, notice.— Subject to the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 4, no person shall in any circumstances be admitted through a mechanical contrivance save on payment of the price of admission. Such price shall be shown in a conspicuous position on or near the mechanical contrivance.
- <sup>8</sup>[21. Payments under section 4 (2).— (1) All payments made in accordance with the provisions of clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Act, shall be made to the specified officer within ten days of the date of the entertainment, at such time and place and in such manner as he shall require.
- (2) All payments made in accordance with the provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Act, shall be made to the specified officer for every week within three days of the end of the week.]
- **22. Payment of tax on programmes or synopsis.** Where payment for a programme or synopsis is compulsory, the tax shall be levied on the total sum paid for admission to the entertainment including the sum paid for the programme or synopsis. Where payment for a programme or synopsis is voluntary, the tax shall be levied separately on the sum paid for admission and on the sum paid for the programme or synopsis.

### Miscellaneous

**23. Provision as to persons admitted to the entertainment.**— Every proprietor of an entertainment admitting a person free of payment or on payment of a reduced sum shall issue to such person a ticket showing clearly thereon the full charge for admission to the class to which the person is admitted. The tax shall be paid on such ticket in the same manner as if it were a ticket issued on payment of the full charge and the person admitted shall for the purpose of these rules be deemed to be the purchaser of the ticket:

Provided that when a child not exceeding five years in age is admitted free of payment, he shall be exempted from the payment of the tax.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by (Amendment) Rules, 1997 [Official Gazette, Series I No. 41 (Extraordinary 3). dt. 9-1-97].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Substituted *Ibid*. The original rule 21 reads as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;21. Payments under section 4 (2). — All payments made in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Act, shall be made to the prescribed officer within ten days of the date of the entertainment at such time and place and in such manner as he shall require."

- **24. Returns of complimentary tickets.** Every proprietor who is allowed to avail himself of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Act and who issues complimentary tickets shall submit to the prescribed officer in his office, within ten days of the date of the performance of the entertainment, a return of such tickets in Form "E" showing the rate of each class, the number of complimentary tickets issued for each class, the serial numbers of tickets issued and the amount of tax payable to the Government.
- <sup>9</sup>[24(A). Procedure for determining the question of game, sport or theatrical performance under section 3(A).— (1) If any question arises whether an entertainment is a game or sport or a theatrical performance other than a drama, the Commissioner may call upon the proprietor of such entertainment to furnish such particulars as he deems necessary for the purpose and shall cause a notice to be served on the proprietor asking him to be present on such date and such time and place as may be specified in the notice with all the papers relevant to the enquiry.
- (2) After notices are served in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (1) the Commissioner shall after a summary enquiry proceed to decide the question.
- (3) If the proprietor fails to appear on the date, time and place so fixed when the case is called for hearing the Commissioner may decide the question on such materials as is available to him.
- (4) Where the question is decided under sub-rule (3), the proprietor may apply, within 30 days from the date of the order communicated to him, for setting aside the order of the Commissioner, if he is satisfied that there was sufficient cause for non-appearance, when the case was called for hearing, shall make an order setting aside the earlier order and shall fix a date for proceeding with the enquiry and arriving at a decision.
- **24(B).** Procedure and manner of preferring an appeal under sub-section (2) of section 3A.— (1) An appeal under sub-section (2) of section 3A of the Act shall be preferred within 10 days from the date on which the order of the Commissioner under sub-section (1) of section 3A of the Act is communicated. The appeal shall be in the form of a memorandum and shall bear a Court fee stamp of fifteen rupees.
- (2) On receipt of the appeal under sub-rule (1), the Government shall cause a notice to be served on the appellant, asking him to be present on such date and such time and place as may be specified in the notice with all the papers relevant to the hearing of the appeal.
- (3) After notices are served in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (2) the Government shall, after the hearing, proceed to determine the appeal.
- (4) If the appellant fails to appear on the date fixed, time and place when the case is called for hearing, the Government may dismiss the application for default or proceed to decide the appeal in the absence of the party with material before him.
- (5) Where the appeal is dismissed under sub-rule (4) the appellant shall be precluded for making a fresh appeal on the same facts with respect to the same performance. But the appellant may apply within 30 days from the date of the order of dismissal communicated to him for setting aside the dismissal and the Government, if it is satisfied that there was

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Rules 24-A, 24-B & 24-C, inserted by (Amendment) Rules, 1968 (Govt. Gazette, Series I No. 26 dt. 25-9-69).

sufficient cause for non-appearance when the case was called for hearing, shall make an order setting aside the order of dismissal upon such term as it thinks fit and shall fix a date for hearing of the appeal.

(6) In any decision given in appeal, whatever may be its grounds, the Government shall always decide whether the entertainment in dispute is a game or sport or a theatrical performance other than a drama and may, to decide it, require further information or particulars from the appellant or any other person:

Provided that the provisions of sub-rule (6) shall not be applicable in case where the appeal is rejected on any preliminary objection.

- **24(C). Refund of Entertainment Tax.** If as the result of the decision under rule 24(A) or rule 24(B) or exemption granted on application for any entertainment the proprietor of such entertainment is entitled to refund of any amount of entertainment tax already paid or part thereof, he may apply to the Commissioner within three months from the date of communication of such decision or order, as the case may be, for refund of such amount and the Commissioner, after proper scrutiny, shall refund the amount due.]
- <sup>10</sup>[25. Exemptions under section 5(1).— Any person claiming exemption under sub-section (1) of section 5 from payment of entertainment tax shall present an application in Form "K" for such exemption to the Commissioner fifteen clear days before the date of the entertainment. An application for exemption not presented before such period may, unless sufficient cause is shown for not making the application before fifteen days as aforesaid, be rejected.]
- **26.** Form of exemption under section 5(1).— Where exemption is given under clause (a), (b) or (c) of sub-section (1) of section 5 the Commissioner shall issue to the proprietor of the entertainment a certificate in Form "F" or, as the case may be, in Form "G" and the proprietor shall comply with the conditions stated therein.
- <sup>11</sup>[27. Classes of Cinema Films qualified for exemption under section 5(3).—<sup>12</sup>[(1)] A. Cinema film which has been awarded the President's Gold Medal or which the Government on a recommendation made by the Advisory Committee appointed by the Government for the purpose, considers as fulfilling an educational or social purpose of high order or as promoting the interests of the national integration campaign shall be qualified for exemption under section 5(3)."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Substituted by (Amendment) Notification No. Fin(Rev)/2-4/part/11/75 dated 6-11-1975. The original rule 25 reads as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot; 25. Exemptions under section 5(1).— Any person claiming exemption, under sub-section (1) of section 5 from payment of the entertainment tax shall present an application for such exemption to the Commissioner ten clear days before the date of the entertainment. An application for exemption not presented before such period may, unless sufficient cause is shown for not making the application before ten days as aforesaid, be rejected".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Substituted by (Second Amendment) Rules, 1971 (O. G., Series I No. 19 dt. 19-8-1971). The original rule 27 reads as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot; 27. Classes of cinema films qualified for exemption under section 5(3).— A cinema film which has been awarded President's Gold Medal, or which the Government on a recommendation made by the Advisory Committee appointed by the Government for the purpose, considers as fulfilling an educational or social purpose, of a high order, shall be qualified for exemption under section 5(3)".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12-13</sup>Renumbered and inserted by (Amendment) Rules, 1975 (O. G., Series I No. 44 dt. 29-1-1976).

**Entertainment Tax Act and Rules** 

- <sup>13</sup>[(2) The Advisory Committee constituted for the purpose of sub-rule (1) shall consist of not more than five members. The term of the Committee shall be two years.]
- <sup>14</sup>[28. Applications for exemption under section 5(3).— All applications for exemption under sub-section (3) of section 5 of the Act shall be made to the Government in Form 'K' and delivered in the office of the Commissioner not later than fifteen days before the date of the entertainment. An application, for exemption not presented before such period may, unless sufficient cause is shown for not making the application before fifteen days as aforesaid, be rejected.
- 29. Indian soldiers (including airman) & sailors in uniform.— (1) In the case of entertainments given by naval, military and air forces and other armed forces of the Union, the price of tickets sold to the Indian soldiers (including airmen) and sailors in uniform shall be the price of admission only, exclusive of tax.
- (2) Such tickets shall be special unstamped tickets marked with the price of admission only and shall be issued through a service authority not below the rank of a commissioned officer and the proprietor shall submit to the prescribed officer a weekly return of such tickets in Form "H".
- (3) Where a mechanical contrivance under clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 4 is used, soldiers (including airmen) and sailors shall be admitted by another entrance.
- **30. Exemption under section 5(2) of the Act.** <sup>15</sup>[(1) All soldiers, sailors and airmen serving in the defence forces of India, shall be exempt from Entertainment Tax, in the manner and to the extent as specified below, provided that a person claiming exemption under this Rule if he is in Mufti shall produce his Identity Card and a certificate in Form "J" annexed to these rules duly signed by an officer of his unit and not below the rank of a Junior Commissioned Officer:
  - (a) When they visit a military cinema full exemption.
  - (b) When they visit any other cinema.
    - (1) Full exemption, where the payment for admission does not exceed Rs. 2/-.

(i) full exemption, where the payment for admission thereto does not exceed Rs. 2/-.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Substituted by (Amendment) Notification No. Fin (Rev.)/2-41/part/11/1975 dated 6-11-1975 (O. G., Series I No. 34 dt. 10-11-1975). The original rule 28 reads as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;28. Applications for exemption under section 5(3).— All applications for exemption under sub-section (3) of section 5 of the Act shall be made to the Government and entered in the office of the Commissioner not later than ten days before the date of the entertainment. An application for exemption not presented before such period may, unless sufficient cause is shown for not making the application before fifteen days as aforesaid, be rejected".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Substituted by (Amendment) Rules, 1968 (Govt. . G., Series I No. 26 dt. 25-9-69). The original rule 30 reads as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;30. Exemption under section 5(2) of the Act.— (1) Soldiers, sailors and other members of the Defence Forces of India in uniform shall be exempted from entertainment tax:

<sup>(</sup>a) when they visit a military cinema,—full exemption;

<sup>(</sup>b) when they visit any other cinema—

<sup>(</sup>ii) exemption to the extent of 50 per cent of the entertainment tax, where the payment for admission exceeds Rs. 2/-".

- (2) Exemption to the extent of 50 percent of the Entertainment Tax where the payment for admission exceeds Rs. 2/-.]
- (2) Tickets issued to the members of the Defence Forces of India in uniform, in the case of a cinema referred to in clause (b) of sub-rule (1) shall be special tickets in three parts and shall have shown upon each part the price of admission, the amount of tax payable, if any, and the total amount recoverable from the purchaser.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of sub-rule (2), the provisions of rule 9 and 17 shall, so far as may be, apply to tickets issued under this rule.
- **Exemption.** A military cinema means a cinema which has been opened by the military or by military contractors or other persons at the requests of the military for the use of the Defence Forces of India.
- **31. Stamped complimentary tickets.** Every complimentary ticket issued by a proprietor of an entertainment, paying the amount of tax due, in the manner specified in sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Act, shall have shown thereon the price of admission which corresponds to the class to which the holder is to be admitted, the date and show for which it is available and shall have securely affixed to it a stamp of the value of the tax payable under section 3 and the provisions of rules 9 and 13 shall, as far as may be, apply to such tickets.
- **32.** Unstamped complimentary tickets.— Every complimentary ticket issued by a proprietor of an entertainment, who has been permitted to avail himself of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Act, shall have shown thereon the Book No. and Serial No. of the ticket, the price of admission which corresponds to the class which the holder is to be admitted, the tax payable under section 3 and the date and show for which the ticket is available and the provision of rule 17 shall, as far as may be, apply to such tickets.
- **33. Admission against complimentary tickets.** Not more than one person shall be admitted against each complimentary ticket issued by the proprietor of an entertainment.
- **34. Production of tickets.** A person who has been admitted to an entertainment shall, upon demand made during the course of, or immediately before or after, the entertainment, produce to any officer authorized under section 10 of the Act the ticket, badge, card of membership, voucher or documents by means of which he was admitted, or a portion of the ticket by means of which he was admitted, or the cover of the book or the principal part of the sheet from which the ticket, by means of which he was admitted, was taken.
- **35.** Transfer to different parts of place of entertainment.— Any reference in these rules to admission to a place of entertainment or to a person admitted to a place of entertainment shall, so far as may be, be deemed to include a reference to the admission to another part of entertainment for admission to which part a payment involving tax or more tax is required of a person who has been admitted to one part of that place of entertainment and to such a person admitted to such another part of the place of entertainment and these rules shall have effect accordingly.
- **36. Power to enter place of entertainment.** (1) The Commissioner, or the prescribed officer and any other officer duly authorized by the Commissioner or by the

prescribed officer, in this behalf, may enter any place of entertainment while the entertainment is proceeding and any place ordinarily used as a place of entertainment, at any reasonable time, with a view to see whether the provisions of the Act or these rules are being complied with. Every such officer authorized by the Commissioner or by the prescribed officer shall have in his possession a permit signed by the Commissioner or the prescribed officer authorizing him in this behalf.

- (2) An Entertainment Tax Officer not below the rank of Tax Inspector will be authorized to lodge complaint to the court for any irregularity noticed in any place of entertainment.
- **37. Inspection of books, issue of passes, etc.** The Commissioner or the prescribed officer may require the proprietor of an entertainment to produce for inspection all his books and records and all tickets or portion of tickets in his possession relating to the entertainment and to issue passes in favour of person who have to perform any duty in connection with the entertainment or any other duty imposed upon them by law whenever an occasion arises.
- **38.** Communication of the date of entertainment.— The proprietor of any entertainment for which admission is to be made on payment, shall intimate to the prescribed officer at least one day before the date marked for its performance the name and the nature of the entertainment, the place where, and the date and time when, the same entertainment is to take place. For this purpose the proprietor shall file the necessary declaration in the office of the prescribed officer.

The declaration above referred may be dispensed with, in respect of entertainment which are ordinarily performed in a fixed place.

<sup>16</sup>["39. Officers subordinate to the Commissioner.— The Sales Tax Officers, the Assistant Sales Tax Officers, the Sales Tax Superintendent and Sales Tax Inspectors appointed under section 3 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Sales Tax Act, 1964 (4 of 1964) and the Inspectors appointed under section 3 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Excise Duty Act, 1964 (5 of 1964) shall be for the purpose of sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964 (2 of 1964) deemed to be officers subordinate to the Commissioner."]

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

V. S. Srinivasagopalan, Dy. Secretary (Finance).

Panaji, 11th June, 1965.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup>Inserted by (Amendment) Notification No. Fin (Rev)/2-41/Part/3/1238/69 dated 5-12-1970 (Govt. G. Series I No. 37 dt. 10-12-1970).

## FORM 'A'

(See Rule 15)

## Name of Proprietor: ... Return of stamps of an entertainment

Denomination of stamps	Opening balance	Date of purchase of fresh stamps	Number purchased	Total of No. 2 and No. 5	Number used on tickets other than complimentary tickets
1	2	3	4	5	6

Number used on Complimentary tickets	Total of No. 6 and No. 7	Closing balance (5 minus 8)	Seria numbe tickets	r of	Remarks
			From	То	
7	8	9	10	11	12

Date	Signature of the Proprietor

FORM 'B'

(See Rule 18)

# Statement of tickets not being complimentary tickets issued when duty is payable under clause (a) or (b) of sub-section (2) of section 4

Name and place of ente	Date of Performance:		
Number and time of show	Price of tickets including duty	Number of tickets issued subject to tax	Serial numbers of tickets issued
			From To

Gross r	receipts	Amount of Tax payable to Government	nt	Remarks
R	s.	Rs.		
Date			Signature of	the Proprietor
		FORM 'C'		
		(See Rule 18)		
St	tatement of prog	rammes or synopsis issued	l when tax is pay	yable under
	clause	es (a) or (b) of sub-section	(2) of section 4	
Name and pla	ace of entertainme	nt:	Date	e of performance:
Number and time of show	Price of programme or synopsis including tax	Number issued of programmes or synopsis subject to tax the purchase whereof is  Compulsory Voluntary		Amount of Remarks duty payable o Government
			Rs.	Rs.
Date:			Signature of the	e Proprietor
		FORM 'D'		
		(See Rule 10)		
	Return of pe	rsons admitted through m	echanical contri	ivance
Name and pla	ace of entertainme	nt:	Da	te of performance:
Price of admission	Number of persons admitted	Gross receipts	Amount of tax payable to Government	Remarks
		Rs.	Rs.	
Date:			Signature of th	e Proprietor

Name and place of entertainment: .....

Date of performance: .......

# FORM 'E' (See Rule 24)

## Return of complimentary tickets

Class of Ticket	Rate of ticket	Number of complimentary tickets issued	Serial number of tickets issued		Amount of tax payable to Government	
		110110110 110011011	From	To		
1	2	3	4		5	
					Rs.	
Date :			Sign	nature of the P	roprietor	
			Off Ent Pan (	vernment of Gree of the Consertainment Tanaji, Saka 190		
To,						
1.				} *		
2.				**		
		"F	ORM F"			
		(See	Rule 26)			

## Certificate of exemption under section 5(1) (a) of the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964

This is to certify that the Commissioner of Entertainment Tax authorises the entertainment specified below is to be given FREE OF ENTERTAINMENT TAX under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964; provided that the conditions specified below are fulfilled:—

Description :-Date :-Place :-

The conditions are as follows:—

- (1) The whole of the takings of the entertainment, without any deduction for expenses, however small, is to be utilised exclusively.
- (2) The person responsible for the management of the entertainment shall furnish to the Commissioner of Entertainment Tax a full and true account of the whole of the takings of the entertainment(s) within one month from the date of the entertainment(s).
- (3) This certificate shall not be used for any other entertainment than that specified above, and it shall be exhibited in a prominent position at the public entrance to the place of entertainment at the time the public are admitted and during the entertainment. No correction or erasure of any kind shall be made in the certificate.
- (4) If the entertainment is not given on the date or at the place specified above, the person responsible for the management of the entertainment shall give notice in writing to that effect within one week after the date fixed for holding it.

If the Commissioner of Entertainment Tax is satisfied that the whole of the takings of the entertainment(s) without deduction for expenses have not been utilised exclusively for the purpose specified in condition (1) above or any of the conditions as aforesaid have not been complied with, the person responsible for the management of entertainment will be liable for the payment of proper tax or fine, which may extend to five hundred rupees or both.

Commissioner of Entertainment Tax

- \* for special instructions
- \*\* to be observed please see page 2.

Special instructions to be observed by the exemptee and by the Mamlatdar & Head of Taluka Revenue Office

- \* All the admission tickets proposed to be sold should bear the seal of the "Prescribed Officer" (Mamlatdar and Head of Taluka Revenue Office) prior to their sale.
- \*\* He is requested to intimate to this office the number of admission tickets Rs. 36 stamped with his seal, class-wise, before the date of entertainment.

FORM 'G'

(See Rule 26)

## Certificate of exemption under section 5(1) (b) of the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964

This is to certify that the Commissioner of Entertainment Tax authorises the entertainment specified below to be given FREE OF ENTERTAINMENT TAX under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964; provided that the conditions specified below are fulfilled:—

Description :-Date :-Place :-

The conditions are as follows:—

- (1) This certificate shall not be used for any other entertainment than that specified above, and it shall be exhibited in a prominent position at the public entrance to the place of entertainment at the time the public are admitted and during the entertainment. No correction or erasure of any kind shall be made in the certificate.
- (2) If the entertainment is not given on the date or at the place specified above, the persons responsible for the management of the entertainment shall give notice in writing to that effect within a week after the date fixed for holding it.

If the Commissioner of Entertainment Tax is satisfied that any of the conditions as aforesaid have not been complied with, the persons responsible for the management of the entertainment will be liable to fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

## **Commissioner of Entertainment Tax**

- **5. Amendment of Form 'K'** After clause 13 of Form 'K' appended to the principal Rules, the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—
- "14. The sources from which the expenses in connection with the entertainment(s) are proposed to be met".

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

A. P. Panvelkar, Under Secretary (Finance).

Panaji, 27th January, 1981.

(Published in O. G., Series I No. 45 dated 5-2-1981).

#### FORM 'H'

(See sub-rule (2) of Rule 29)

## Return of tickets sold under rule 29 to Indian soldiers (including airmen) and sailors in uniform

Name and place of entertainment: ...

Week ending: ...

Rate of tickets sold	Number of tickets sold	Remarks
	at each rate	
1	2	3

Date : ... Signature of the Proprietor ...

# FORM 'I' (See Rule 8)

## Register of refund and renewals of damaged or spoiled entertainment stamps

Serial No.	Date of application for refund or renewal	Whether the application is for refund or renewal	Name and address of the applicant	purchase	Number of stamps tendered for refund or renewal	Description of stamps (different rates)	Face value of stamps of each rate	Total value of stamps (of all rates)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Value	Face value	Amount	Net amount	Value	How the	Signature	Attestation	Remarks
of stamps	of stamps	deducted	of refund	of stamps	refund or	of recipient	by the	
returned	admitted	from the	allowed	allowed	renewal	of refund	Officer	
in respect	for refund	face value	or amount	to be	is made with	or renewal	concerned	
of which	or renewal	of stamps	in lieu of	renewed	reference	of stamps		
refund or		as per	renewal	Н	to its			
renewal		Rule 6 or	of stamps		date			
is refused		Rule 7(c)						
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

[Published in Government Gazette Series I, No. 21 (Supplement) dated 21-8-1965].

<sup>17</sup>[ FORM 'J'

(See Rule 30)

## Form of certificate prescribed under Rule 30(1) for claiming exemption from Entertainment Tax

No.				

Certified that the holder of this Shri ... Rank ... No. ... is a member of the regular Indian Armed Forces. He may be exempted from the Payment of Entertainment Tax leviable under the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964.

(Signature of the issuing Officer with designation)

Station ...

Dated ...

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Inserted by (Amendment) Rules, 1968.

After checking the Identity Card of the holder and on the authority of this certificate this soldier was issued ticket No. ... dated ...

(Signature of the Proprietor or Manager)

Dated:...

Name and place of the Entertainment House ...

Note.- (1) The certificate is valid only for the date and place specified therein.

- (2) The certificate must be signed by an Officer not below the rank of a Junior Commissioned Officer of the Unit in which the holder is working.
- (3) The holder of this certificate must be in possession of his identity card, which shall be shown to the Manager of the entertainment house before purchasing the ticket and shall also be produced, on demand, before the checking officer duly authorised under section 6 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964.
- (4) It shall be collected and kept for inspection by the Manager of the Entertainment House.]

18 FORM 'K'

(See Rule 25 and 28)

## Application for the grant of exemption from entertainment tax under section 5(1)/5(3) of the Goa, Daman and Diu Entertainment Tax Act, 1964

- 1. Name and address of the Institution/Club on behalf of which the application is made.
- 2. Whether the Institution/Organisation/Club is registered under Societies Registration Act, 1860. If so, give number and date of registration.
- 3. Whether grant in aid is received from the Directorate of Sports and Cultural Affairs. If so, how much.
- 4. Aims and objects of the Institution/Organisation Club.
- 5. Name and address of the President, Secretary of the Institution/Organisation//Club.
- 6. Have you been granted exemption from entertainment tax in the past? If so, give details
- 7. Have you rendered accounts to the Commissioner of Entertainment Tax in respect of the above exemptions? If so, when and if not, why?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Inserted by Notification No. Fin. (Rev.)/2-41/part/4/75 dated 6-4-1975.

- 8. Particulars of the entertainment proposed to be performed:
  - (a) nature of entertainment.
  - (b) date on which and place where it is proposed to be performed as well as time.
- 9. Rates of admission proposed.
- 10. Approximate amount expected to be raised by sale of tickets thereof.
- 11. Specific purpose for which the sale proceeds are proposed to be utilised.
- 12. Name of the bank in which the sale proceeds are proposed to be deposited.
- 13. Whether there is written/printed/typed script for the performance? If so, pleased attach a copy.
- 14. The sources from which the expenses in connection with the entertainment are proposed to be met.

Date: Signature of the Applicant

(Name in block letters)
Designation

## **DECLARATION**

I,		
President/Se	ecretary of	hereby affirm
that the facts	ts stated above are correct and that nothing has	s been concealed. I hereby undertake to
produce befo	fore the Commissioner of Entertainment Tax	the accounts of the above mentioned
performance	es within one month of the last date given in col	lumn 8(b).

I have understood that if the accounts are not produced within the time limit mentioned above or the conditions subject to which exemption is granted are not fulfilled, I will be required to pay the entertainment tax on the abovementioned performances.

Signature: ]

Signature of

## <sup>19</sup>["FORM 'L' (See Rule 16A)

(Name and address of the theatre)

## Form of indents for approval of tickets

#### CLASS OF STALL Rate of tickets SHOW - 10.30 a. m./12.00 a. m./2.30 p. m./ Details of tickets Rate of admission/Ent. tax/Surcharge /6.30 p. m./9.30 p. m. Day/Date No. of tickets Colour Book Serial No. of tickets approved & series From ..... to ..... Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Signature of Manager Date of approval Signature of Specified Officer FORM "M" (See Rule 18A) Register for destruction of books totally sold for the week ending from ...... to .............. to Ist Show/2nd Show/4th Show/5th Show Day & date Series Book Closing Total No. Date of Page Period for Opening No. No. No. of tickets approval No. book used Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Date of payment of Ent. Tax Receipt No.

Signature of Specified Officer\_\_\_\_

Manager\_

Date of destruction

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Inserted by (Amendment) Rules, 1997 O. G., Series I No. 41 Extraordinary No. 3, dated 9-1-1997).